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2. If a person orders his paper discontinued, he must pay all arrearages, or the publisher may continue to send it until payment is made, and collect the whole amount, whether the paper is taken from the office or not.
3. The courts have decided that refusing to take Newspapers or periodicals from the Postoffice, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.
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FIRST EDITION.

EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

The London Press on Greeley's Nomination.

LONDON, July 12.—London journals comment as follows on the nomination of Greeley by the Baltimore Convention:

The *Advertiser* confesses its sympathies are entirely with Greeley as a newspaper man.

The *Post* declares that such flagrant *reductio ad absurdum* will largely tend to bring about the abandonment of a system whereby the people of America have so long been deprived of all real choice for their Presidents.

The *Telegraph* styles Greeley a political weathercock, and says as a Democrat supported by the South he is endeavoring to unseat the General who saved the Union.

The *Standard* thinks "Greeley would not be an eligible candidate were it not for his electioneering strength. He is as honest as a partisan can be, and he shows occasional glimpses of rough good sense, but he is violent in disposition, without regular education, and devoid of experience in administration of public affairs. In fact, he is a respectable yeoman of the last generation. Although Greeley is inferior to Adams, he is not inferior to Grant. We do not believe, if he is elected, his subordinates will be appointed from the *Tribune* office."

Exciting Debate in the French Assembly—A Crisis at Hand.

VERSAILLES, July 12.—There was an intensely exciting debate in the Assembly this evening on the proposal made by Gaslonde to increase the taxes by licenses on doors, windows and household furniture. Thiers accepted the measure, and maintained that if it was not adopted he would be under the necessity of reverting to a tax on raw materials, from which ninety-three millions could be realized of the 200,000,000 of francs required. "The cup," he said, "is bitter, but it must be drained, without flinching, to the dregs." Members of the Right insisted on a more conservative policy. Thiers replied: "The government are repairers, not authors, of the revolution. You intrusted us with the republic." The Right, with one voice, shouted vociferously, "No," "no," and the Left gave three rounds of cheers for the President. After prolonged disorder and interruption of the proceedings, Thiers again made himself heard, and promised to explain his policy at a later day. Quiet was then restored, and the sitting closed in good order. A governmental crisis is apprehended in consequence of these manifestations.

Miscellaneous Dispatches.

LONDON, July 12.—O'Brien recovered £25 in his suit against the Chief Secretary for Ireland, at Dublin yesterday, for damages caused by an attack of the police during the Phœnix Park riot in that city.

LIVERPOOL, July 12.—Lieutenant Grant sailed yesterday for America.

LONDON, July 12.—The vote in the French Assembly, by which the amendment to the bill taxing raw materials was rejected, stood 310 yeas to 361 nays, instead of 10 to 361, as incorrectly reported last night.

Marine News.

LONDON, July 12.—The steamship Russia has arrived out.

MOVILLE, July 12.—Arrived, steamer India, from New York.

The Markets.

LONDON, July 12, 5 P. M.—Consols for money 92⅞ a93; for account 92⅞. United States bonds—Coupons 5-20s of '62, 91¼; 5-20's of '65, 92¾; 5-20s of '67, 92⅞; 10-40s, 89½. Linseed oil, 36a36s 10d. Turpentine 36s.

PARIS, July 12.—Rentes 54 francs 25 centimes. The decrease of specie in the Bank of France is 2,500,000 francs.

LIVERPOOL, July 12.—Cotton strong; middling uplands, 10½d; midd'ing Orleans, 11⅛a11¼d; sales, 12,000 bales; speculation and export, 3,000 bales; sales for the week 51,000 bales; exports 5,000 bales; speculation 4,000 bales; stock 992,000; American 300,000 bales. Red winter wheat, 12s 2d. Receipts of wheat for the past three days 53,000 bushels, of which 37,000 bushels were American. Flour, 27s 6d. Corn, 26s 6d. Peas 35s 6d. Cheese, 53s 6d. Cumberland middles, 25s 6d; short rib middles 31s 9d.

ANTWERP, July 12.—Petroleum—Refined, 44 francs.

POLITICAL.

Strange Bed Fellows in Conference.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—The Democratic Congressional Executive Committee were in conference to-day at the Capitol, with Senator Fenton and others of the Greeley and Brown campaign committee, with a view to concerted action in the Presidential canvass, including the distribution of documents. Hon. Samuel P. Randall, being chairman of the Pennsylvania Democratic Committee, resigned the chairmanship of the Democratic Congressional Executive Committee, when Gen. Slocum was elected to fill the vacancy.

The committee was visited during its session by Casserly, Beck, Marshall and other prominent Democrats. Preparations were made for the immediate publication of documents for distribution, and a resolution was passed asking the Chairman of the Democratic Central Committee of each State and of each county in all the States to forward at once the names and postoffice address of members of their respective committees, for the purpose of enabling the Congressional Committee to forward documents to them for distribution.

Coalition Bargain and Sale Ratified.

NEW YORK, July 12.—The committee appointed at Baltimore to notify Greeley of his nomination waited upon him to-day, shortly after twelve o'clock, at the Lincoln Club rooms.

Mr. Doolittle, the chairman, said: Mr. Greeley—The National Democratic Convention, recently held at Baltimore, charged us with the pleasing duty of waiting on you in person to notify you of its unanimous nomination of yourself as a candidate for the Presidency. We were informed it would be agreeable to you to meet us here at this time, and we have come in a body to place in your hands this official notification. The published proceedings of our convention show great unanimity, but those only who took part in them can realize the cordiality and enthusiasm with which it resolved to sustain the Liberal Republican movement to co-operate with all patriotic citizens to support the principles declared at Cincinnati, and resolved also, as the best and surest mode of giving effect to those great principles, to nominate and to elect the same candidates. We both witnessed and felt that cordiality and enthusiasm.

Mr. Doolittle then introduced the members of the committee individually to Mr. Greeley.

When the ceremony of introduction was over Mr. Greeley spoke as follows: I should need time were I to attempt to reply fitly and fully to the important, and I need not say gratifying, communication. It may be that I should reply in writing, but as I have lately addressed a letter, which has been pretty widely considered, to the Liberal Republican Committee, it may not be necessary. I can only say now that I accept your nomination—accept it gratefully, in the same spirit in which it was offered. [Cheers.] I am at present in a position which doubtless many would regard as a proud one, but which is still an embarrassing one, because it involves the temporary, and I trust only temporary, annoyance of a misconstruction of my motives on the part of some life long friends. I am confident time alone is necessary to vindicate my motives to all candid observers, and to convince all, indeed, of the disinterestedness and patriotism of the course I am pursuing, and intended to pursue long before I was assured of so much co-operation and sympathy. [Cheers.] The time will come, and I trust in God the opportunity, too, when the world will see that you are no less Democrats because you have pursued the course you have, and that I am no less a Republican because I accept your nomination. [Here Mr. Greeley's voice faltered with emotion.] I am not much in the habit of receiving nominations for the Presidency, [great laughter,] and I am consequently unable to reply as readily and fluently as others might. [Renewed laughter.] I can only say I shall be happy to see all of you, or at least as many of you as can come, at my humble farmer home, where I shall be to-morrow, and where we shall be able to converse and confer more freely than here. If you will come I shall be happy to make you welcome to the best the farm affords. [More laughter and cheers.] And so I simply wish your farewell.

Declines to Serve.

NASHVILLE, TENN., July 12.—Judge Wilson, in a letter to the *Banner*, received to-day, declines the nomination of Presidential elector for the State at large, tendered him by the Liberal and Conservative Convention in May last.

Mass Convention Called in Vermont.

BURLINGTON, VT., July 12.—The Liberal Republicans of Vermont have called a mass convention to meet here July 24 to nominate a State ticket and Presidential electors.

The Campaign in North Carolina.

WELDON, N. C. July, 12.—A Greeley and Brown ratification meeting was held here to-day under the auspices of Senator Ransom. Several thousand people were present. Senators Tipton and Stockton, Governor Walker, of Virginia, ex-Governor Vance, ex-Senator Clingman and Col. Hinton, of Norfolk. The State campaign is fairly inaugurated and will be pushed on both sides with the greatest enthusiasm. Senator Tipton and Carl Schurz will speak in Raleigh on Tuesday.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

On Wednesday, near Urbana, Ohio, while three men were riding in an open wagon during a thunder storm, one of them, named Halterman, was struck by lightning and expired instantly. The other two received serious injuries.

Richard Somerville, aged eighteen, son of Colonel Richard Somerville, candidate for Congress in the Memphis, Tennessee, District, shot himself in the hand on Thursday, and bled to death.

Pat. Maloney was shot and fatally wounded in Memphis on Thursday night by John Dolan, who fired at another party.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, July 12, 1872.

THE STOKES CASE.

Mr. Tremaine concluded his argument for the defense in the Stokes case at 3:15 P. M., when District Attorney Garvin began his address for the people, which consumed the rest of the day, and will be continued to-morrow.

SOMEBODY TO BLAME.

The Coroner's jury in the case of the deaths from the recent accident on the South Side Railroad returned a verdict to the effect that the deaths were due to the culpable carelessness and violation of the time table on the part of John Rathbone, conductor, and James Scott, engineerr. Both have been imprisoned, and the papers in the case handed to the District Attorney.

SMALL-POX PANIC.

The public schools in Paterson, N. J., have been closed in consequence of the alarming progress of small-pox in that city.

COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT.

	Bales.
Receipts at all ports for the week	3,140
Same time last year	15,493
Total for year	2,690,285
Last year	3,741,748
Exports for week	3,913
Same time last year	7,372
Total for year	1,921,198
Last year	2,999,869
Stock at all United States ports	135,992
Last year	203,036
At interior towns	10,495
Last year	17,112
At Liverpool	992,000
Last year	660,000
American afloat for Great Britain	39,000
Last year	93,000

Safety of the Crew of the Filibuster Fannie.

NEW YORK, July 12.—A letter from Nassau confirms the intelligence of the arrival of the crew of the steamer Fannie, and says: When the men and cargo landed at Cuba, Ryan sent out scouts and captured only a Spanish picket post within nine miles. Nine men were taken and executed on reaching Ryan's camp. President Cespedes and staff arrived at the landing on the night of the 23d, and gave a very flattering account of the progress and prosperity of the revolution.

Little Girl Killed by Lightning.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

KOKOMO, IND., July 12, 1872.

During the storm here yesterday evening the lightning struck a small dwelling house, killing a girl of about ten years of age, and severely shocking her mother.

Serious Illness of B. Gratz Brown.

NEW YORK, July 12.—The *Evening Telegram* announces that Gratz Brown was suddenly taken with cholera morbus at one o'clock, and now lies dangerously ill at the Fifth Avenue Hotel. Doctors Steele and Henry are in attendance. Carl Schurz was refused admittance to the room.

LATER.—The illness of Mr. Brown, though severe for a time, was merely temporary. It was caused by eating cherries and exposure to the sun. He is rapidly recovering and was visited this evening by several friends. In consequence of his illness the committee of the Baltimore Convention postponed their call upon him.

12:50 A. M.—Gov. Brown is now out of danger. He had a very violent attack of cholera morbus.

Hanged for Rape.

NEW CASTLE, DEL., July 12.—Andrew C. Clark, convicted of rape, was hanged here to-day. He expressed his willingness to die, but declared his innocence.

POLITICAL NOTES.

A New York paper, under the head of "Honest Men to the Front," among other accessions to the Greeley ranks, mentioned the reception at the headquarters of "Hon. Reuben Haul, of St. Paul, Minnesota." Whereat the St. Paul *Press* says: "Lest the joke of this should not be appreciated outside of St. Paul, it is only necessary to say that 'Hon. Reuben Haul, of St. Paul, Minn.,' is a professional gambler and capper for gamblers, having risen to this dignity by a long course of education as the keeper of a variety of low whisky saloons in this city." As this Minnesota recruit finds among the "honest men" "at the front" Ben Wood and John Morrissey, the society there is perfectly congenial.

In a speech delivered at Cleveland, Ohio, a few evenings since, Hon. R. C. Kirk, late minister to the Argentine Republic, mentioned an act of kindness performed by President Grant toward certain ex-rebels, which is not generally known. After the war a few hundred southern men, feeling that they could not live under the United States government, went to Brazil with their families. In a short time many of them became reduced to a condition of absolute starvation, and were eager to get back to the United States, but were unable to do so. In this situation President Grant ordered that all who wished to return should be transported on government steamers, free of expense, and nearly all of them thus found their way back.

"He means well," is thus touched off in the last number of *Harper's Weekly*: "Our friends think also that Mr. Greeley means well. Perhaps he meant well when he encouraged and justified secession; when he 'nagged' President Lincoln to buy peace; when he promoted foreign intervention; when he gravely perplexed Mr. Lincoln by his Niagara performances; when he complained to Mr. Seward long ago that he had not been rewarded with an office; when he half apologized for Sweeney and Tweed; wherever he has done anything which showed his fatal want of judgment. Had he been President instead of Lincoln, he might have meant well in surrendering the rebellion. Do our friends think it enough to mean well, if you have no judgment?"

Mr. Buckalew and the Fishing Creek Democracy.

[From the Bloomsburg Republican.]

In order that our readers may know that we do not misrepresent Mr. Buckalew, we quote from a book giving the proceedings of the "Nob Mountain Camp Meeting," which was a three days, political camp meeting, called for the purpose of galvanizing into respectability the Fishing Creek Confederacy. The idea was original with Mr. Buckalew, and for three days, near the banks of the Fishing Creek, he and his compatriots glorified themselves, and the men cheered for Jeff. Davis. We have heard the cheers inspired by this "liberal patriot," and seen the Copperhead badges worn by those, who, during the dark days, were inspired by his sublime teaching. At this very meeting they were *proudly* worn, and Mr. Buckalew, the presiding genius, asks that doubtful patriot, Victor E. Piolet, of Bradford, to introduce the victims of his treason, which he did in the following words, which we quote from the book revised and indorsed by Charles R. Buckalew:

FORT MIFFLIN PRISONERS.

"Col. Victor E. Piolet came forward and said: "I am requested by Senator Buckalew to ask any of the gentlemen who were imprisoned in Fort Mifflin, and who are now present, to come forward and take seats upon the stand, so that we may see and have prominently before us the men who have been the victims of the fanaticism and the persecution of the last year. [Applause.] It is peculiarly appropriate that they should take this position now, because the speech with which you will be entertained this morning is to have special reference to last year's expedition against the Democrats of old Columbia. Let those men, who were imprisoned in Fort Mifflin come up here and show themselves."

In response to the invitation, some thirty or more of those who were arrested last summer and taken to Fort Mifflin came forward and took seats upon the platform. As they were recognized by the vast audience, they were repeatedly cheered. Among them were men venerable with years, many in the prime of manhood, and others in the first blush of maturity. They occupied seats on the platform during the residue of the meeting.

Remarkable Restoration to Reason.

A California girl, eighteen years of age, the daughter of industrious, hard-working parents, has been of unsound mind all her life until last week, sometimes becoming excessively violent; at others quiet but irresponsible. One morning she fell into a deep sleep, from which she did not arouse until seventy-two hours had passed. From this long sleep she awakened free from the thraldom of idiocy, and blessed with the heavenly boon of intelligence. She recognizes none of the persons whom she knew before, with the exception of the members of her own family, and naturally feels and acts in many respects like a new being, which it may well be said she is in fact.

A NUMBER of prizes are offered by the Prussian Society for Industrial Advancement, at Berlin, for discoveries to be realized in practical science. Among these is the gold medal of the Society, or its value in specie, and the sum of 3,750 francs, to the inventor of an exact and rapid method of separating the several ingredients of the aniline of commerce, both as to quantity and quality, and the conditions under which aniline will furnish the greatest proportion of coloring material.

IN consequence of the pressing nature of the difficulty which has arisen at Berlin of providing house accommodation for workingmen, the Empress Augusta has taken the matter in hand, and has sent to the chief burgomaster documents and plans relative to the workingmen's dwellings established in London by Baroness Burdett Coutts and the Peabody lodging houses, together with the observations on the subject made by the Empress during her recent visit to England.

PARNASSUS, PA.

Academy—Literary Society—Odd Fellowship—Bank, &c.

Special Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Commercial.

PARNASSUS, PA., July 12, 1872.

The first session of "Parnassus Academy" closed with a public examination on the 2d instant. The pupils numbered thirty. They were mostly of a high order; their deportment good, no case of discipline, and their progress commendable. The vacation continues till the second Tuesday of September. In the meantime there will be a normal class open.

The "Parnassus Literary Society" gave a public entertainment on the evening of the 10th instant. The following was the programme: Select reading, "Why the Rooster Wouldn't Die," Mr. H. T. Watson; essay, "Ruins of Time," Miss Melissa Eckels; select reading, "The Absent-minded Man," Miss Mary Ludwig; tableau, "Past, Present and Future;" oration, "Risks of Venture," S. B. McBride; essay, "Happiness," Miss Melissa McKain; tableau, "Ancient Courtship;" select reading, "Love, Honor and Obey," Miss Mollie Hawk; select reading, "Darius Green and his Flying Machine," Mr. Garroway; dialogue, "The Amazon," the Misses Emma Rowan, Blanch Johnston and assistants; declamation, "Lochinvar," Mr. K. C. Hill. Vocal and instrumental music gave zest to the exercises. Several of the performers were students of the academy.

On Saturday the "Parnassus Lodge I. O. O. F." was dedicated with a membership of thirty. Addresses were delivered by the Revs. Messrs. McIlyar and Coyle. The occasion drew like county fair. On Thursday evening, the 11th inst., addresses were made on the same subject in the R. P. Church. Revs. Messrs. Pugh and J. T. Riley spoke in favor, and Mr. Blanchard, a late college graduate of Illinois, and Rev. J. R. W. Sloan, D. D., of Pittsburgh, against. The church was full, the discussions exceedingly interesting, gentlemanly, and prolonged till near midnight, when the weary audience quietly dispersed.

Our village has been improving rapidly this summer. The "Model Mills," with a capacity of forty barrels a day, are doing a good business; the "Parnassus Bank" is prospering; the lately finished brick residence of Mr. W. R. Logan is a model for comfort and neatness, and that of David Alter, M. D., now in construction, promises to be one of the best private improvements. The latest, and it is fondly hoped the *sweetest*, improvement on foot is the "Parnassus Brass Band."

S. B. M.

Harvest and Politics in Stark County, Ohio.

Special Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Commercial.

CANTON, O., July 12, 1872.

Farmers in this county are in the midst of the wheat harvest. The crop is better than was anticipated several weeks ago. On the 10th we had a good rain, which was greatly needed.

The nomination of Greeley scarcely produced a ripple on the surface; a few Democrats felt indignant—none felt enthusiastic. Stark county is good for 800 majority for Grant and Wilson.

H.

The Measurment of Manhood.

It is painful to think how much the grave strains out, of that which men do and earn in this life. It is the work of man's hands that they are proud of, mostly. They have organized and built, and that is well; but no man shall take his house with him out of this world. They have supplied their dwellings with things comfortable to every sense, and there is no harm in that; but no man shall take book or picture or furniture with him when he dies. They have heaped up treasures around about them, and in the economy of God that is a method of civilization; but none of these things shall go beyond the grave. No man shall go through that portal taking with him houses, or lands, or raiment, or money, or honors, or earthly force of any kind. You shall take through the shadowy door nothing but that which is spiritual, and how much of that have you to take through? If you were to efface from many men that which makes them great in influence in the day in which they live; if you were to take from them all which depends purely upon physical qualities, and all that relates to the malign passions; if you were to send them out of life with no capital except truth, and honesty, and equity, and generosity, and affection, then millionaires might come out bankrupts and paupers. For the grave lets nothing through but that which is ineffable—that which is of a high moral texture. And only he can measure himself aright who knows how much of himself he can carry through and beyond. When a man comes to die, then all that there is in him of manhood goes with him, and all the rest is baggage. The things which he has been thinking of, and for which he has given the time of life, and almost his life itself, are often no more than the chaff of the wheat after the wheat is ripe and gone.—*H. W. Beecher.*

Progress in Japan.

The various rumors of conspiracies against the Mikado, and for the extermination of foreigners in Japan, which gained belief among foreign nations three or four months ago, have been effectually refuted by that progressive empire with the simple fact that commerce, art and science are still on the onward march, and the government is gaining every day more stability and strength.

The month of April was chiefly noted for the large number of industrial exhibitions held in different places. Besides the State Exhibition, held in the ancient capital Kioto, every large city has had one or more expositions of industrial art etc. Yeddo, for instance, had a double fair. According to account, the articles exhibited were generally displayed with much ingenuity and taste. In the Yeddo fair the process of stereotyping newspapers was illustrated with moulds and machinery. Several of these exhibitions were visited by the Mikado, who seems very eager not only to encourage the development of industrial art and science by his presence, but to gain all the knowledge he can for himself. Hence he makes ordinary visits to all public istitutions, particularly schools and colleges of every description.

A school for young ladies has been established in Yeddo, and the superintendency of it has been entrusted to a lady of rank. This is a new institution in Japan, and the appointment of a lady by the government to preside over it causes great wonder, this being the first instance in that country in which a woman has been elected to a poition of public trust by the government.

Turning Men Into Fishes.

A French inventor has patented an apparatus for swimmers. For the hands he has a large membranous fin, which is held in its place by loops passing over the fingers and a strap around the waist. The surface presented to the water by these fins is so large as to add greatly to the effectiveness of the strokes of the arm, but not so large as to exhaust the muscular power. Their effect is to reduce very much the effort required to swim without them. But the greatest ingenuity is displayed in the form and fitness of the fins for the legs, which are attached to the ankles, and are so formed that they act upon the water, both in the movement of bringing the legs together and throwing them back. They act so finely in "treading water," as swimmers call it, that one can really walk, if not on the water, at least in it. The difference between swimming with this apparatus and without it is very much like the difference between rowing a boat with the handle and the blade of the oar. The old swimmer has no trouble in using the fins at first trial, and is surprssed to find with what ease he can swim without exhaustion. He easily swims twice as fast with the apparatus as without it, and he can sustain himself for hours upon the water, or swim miles with it.

THE tables of occupations, as compiled at the census office, contain much interesting information, and exhibit facts deserving of especial consideration at this time, when the labor question is assuming so much importance. According to them a little more than one-third our entire population are engaged in gainful occupations of some kind, or about 12,5 0,000. In early life, as between the ages of ten and fifteen the number of female workers is about one-third that of the male; between sixteen and sixty it is about one-sixth, and above that age it is only one-twelfth. The number of persons engaged in trade and transportation was estimated by the superintendent of the census to have been 550,000 in 1860. It is now reported to be 1,100,000, or an increase of a hundred per cent.

ORDERS have just been issued from the War Department, directing that in future no issue of rations or supplies will be made from the army stores to Indians, except as allowed and restricted in the following paragraphs of the revised regulations for the army of 1863: "When subsistence can be spared from the military supplies, the commanding officer is authorized to allow its issue, in small quantities, to Indians visiting military posts on the frontiers or in their respective nations. The return for this issue shall be signed by the Indian agent (when there is one present), and approved by the commanding officer of the post or station. Regularly daily or periodical issues in bulk to Indian agents for the use of Indians, are forbidden."

IT has long been questioned whether the bite of human teeth is ever poisonous. A case has lately occurred at the Schenectady county (New York) poor house, which favors the affirmative. About three months ago an inmate was bitten in the hand by a maniac confined there, and although no bad symptoms exhibited themselves at first, the wound did not heal up rapidly, and in a short time the hand began to swell, evidences of poison becoming manifest. After suffering intense pain for nearly three months with the disease, which gradually extended up the arm, it was at last decided to perform an amputation, which was done a few days ago, and the patient is now in a fair way of recovery.

SECOND EDITION.

WASHINGTON.

Senator Sumner Still Hesitates.

HAS NO CONFIDENCE IN THE NEW PARTY.

Butler and the Massachusetts Governorship.

Preparing for the Campaign.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 12, 1872.

Mr. Sumner and the Liberals.

Ex-Senator James A. Shields, of Missouri, has been trying to persuade Mr. Sumner to adopt the course which the leading Liberals have urged upon him, namely, to speak upon the issues of the hour in Boston and then go through the West and South. After hearing the various arguments which Shields presented, Mr. Sumner replied that while he had a strong sympathy with the Greeley movement, there was one thing which caused him to hesitate, and that was the probable treatment of his colored wards by the Democracy. For these he had nothing to hope for at the hands of that party, and for himself he had no intention of deserting them. He could not see his way clear to co-operate actively with the party that would never accept the principles of his civil rights bill last winter. When he and some of his associates were battling with the administration, and his civil rights bill was pending, he went over to the Democratic side of the Senate Chamber, and appealed to them to vote with him, so as to give him a chance to go with the new movement, so that he could support it, confidently feeling that the rights of the colored race would be safe with the new party. But in spite of his appeals and his reasons not one of the Democratic Senators could vote with him. Now his only difficulty in joining actively in the effort to elect Greeley was this refusal of his Democratic friends to give him the least assurance that the rights of colored men would be respected. Mr. Shields, in reply, argued that these Senators belonged to the dead past, and did not represent the Democracy of the present. But Mr. Sumner ended as he began, by asserting his doubts whether he could depend upon the new party to do justice to the negroe.

Butler and the Massachusetts Governorship

Politicians arriving from New England bring information that the report of Butler's active intriguing for the Governorship is true. Loring is to be quieted by Butler leaving the Essex Congressional district open. The contest for Wilson's place, Butler thinks, will engage the attention of most of the other prominent competitors, but his friends say if he succeeds in securing the Governorship, he may enter the lists for the Senatorship also.

Plans Approved.

The plans of Mr. Mullett for the Chicago postoffice were approved to-day, with modifications.

Preparing for the Campaign.

The Democratic Congressional Committee met to-day to organize for the opening of the work of the campaign. One of the first moves was to write to Fenton and his associates to merge themselves in the Democratic committee, as they had done in the Democratic party. Hereafter these two committees will be united, and the only campaign committees in the capital will be the Grant Republican and Greeley Democratic.

Father and Son Perish in a Well.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

CADIZ, O., July 12, 1872.

Yesterday morning, near Laydville, Belmont county, a man named Thos. Guynn and his son lost their lives in a horrible manner. They were engaged in sinking a well. After blasting the father descended to examine the bottom; he instantly felt the effect of poisonous gas and called for help; his son descended, tied a rope around him, while those above pulled him out, but too late as life was extinct. When he reached the surface the rope was instantly lowered for the son, who made it fast around his body and was drawn out, but in the same condition as his father.

The Law of the Winds.

The statement, "Thou canst not tell whence it cometh or whither it goeth," has ceased to be true of the wind since the discovery of "Ballot's law." The simple announcement of it threw a flood of light upon the wind-maps and gave the clue to their labyrinths. "The winds always blow nearly parallel to the isobarics" (lines connecting places where the atmosphere weighs alike, as measured by the barometer—a word analogous to isothermal)—"with the highest pressure on their right hand in the northern hemisphere" (but on their left in the southern). To illustrate: Suppose a nucleus of lowest pressure (say 29.3) to be central over Long Island, and stationary. Such was actually the case at midnight on the 4th ultimo, per weather report. A circle connecting Portland, Burlington and Cape May would represent the isobaric of 29.60. Now, if the wind has the higher pressure at its right, it must blow around Long Island "backing"—*i. e.*, in a direction the reverse of watch-hands. Thus at Portland and Boston it blew from the east; at Burlington, northeast; Cincinnati, north; Cape May, Washington, Lynchburg, etc., northwest; and at New London, southeast. Three facts contribute to confuse the simplicity of this law as applied to the interpretation of our weather-maps, exclusive of mistakes: First, the observers divide the campass into only eight points, making but one between each pair of cardinals; hence winds from the north-northeast and north-northwest might both appear in one region recorded as north, and in another on the same map as northeast and northwest respectively. Secondly, the words "*nearly* parallel to the isobarics," explained more at length, mean that the wind blows across these parallels at a small angle from the higher to the lower pressure, thus producing an immense spiral whorl (which also ascends around its core). Thus, at the time of our illustration, the wind was reported northwest at several places due west of Long Island, indicating a centripetal as well as circular impulse. Thirdly, it is only when the area of low barometer is stationary that the wind blows around it with uniform velocity, and that the calm is at its center. If the whole area moves, the *apparent* directions alter, though still uniform *relative to the moving center*. Thus, if the nucleus is moving eastward, the wind to the south of it has double work to do; its velocity eastward equals its motion round the center plus the speed of the center. Conversely, the wind northward of the nucleus has its apparent westward velocity lessened by the amount of motion of the center eastward. If the storm moves very rapidly, the wind may appear west under its whole extent, being lightest at the north and heaviest at the south. (In the tropics, storms moves to the west, and hence it is the east winds there which have their speed supplemented by that of the centers, while the west windsare almost neutralized, "trade winds.") Where the pressure is lowest the air always moves in the same direction as the storm, thus preserving its position beneath the core, while the apparent calm is in the region where the opposing directions and velocities balance each other. (Hence the equatorial belt of calms and variable winds.) With these facts in mind, the wind records become a soluble enigma.—*The Nation.*

Maxims for the Farmer.

[From the Boston Journal of Chemistry.]

1. *Only good farming pays.* He who sows or plants, without reasonable assurance of good crops annually, had better earn wages of some capable neighbor than work for so poor a paymaster as he is certain to prove himself.

2. *The good farmer is proved by the steady appreciation of his crops.* Any one may reap an ample harvest from a fertile virgin style; the farmer alone grows good crops at first, and better and better ever afterward.

3. *It is far easier to maintain the productive capacity of a farm than to restore it.* To exhaust its fecundity, and then attempt its restoration by buying costly commercial fertilizers, is wasteful and irrational.

4. *The good farmer sells mainly such products as are at least exhaustive.* Necessity may constrain him, for the first year or two, to sell grain, or even hay; but he will soon send off his surplus mainly in the form of cotton, or wool, or meat, or butter and cheese, or something else that returns to the soil nearly all that is taken from it. A bank account daily drawn upon, while nothing is deposited to its credit, must soon respond, "No funds;" so with a farm similarly treated.

5. *Rotation is at least negative fertilization.* It may not positively enrich a farm; it will at least retard and postpone its impoverishment. He who grows wheat after wheat, corn after corn, for twenty years, will need to emigrate before the term is fulfilled. The same farm cannot support (nor endure) him longer than that. All our great wheat-growing sections of fifty years ago, are wheat-growing no longer, while England grows large crops thereof on the very fields that fed the armies of Saxon Harold and William the Conqueror. Rotation has preserved these, as the lack of it ruined those.

THOSE persons who are already pensioned at either the rates of fifteen, twenty or twenty-five dollars, and are, therefore, entitled to the increased rates provided by the late act of Congress, should understand that no attorneyship is necessary in the matter. A letter from the pensioner, addressed to the Commissioner of Pensions, Washington, inclosing his pension certificate and giving his postoffice address, will be sufficient presentation of his claim for the increase. The certificate will then receive such indorsement as will authorize the payment of the increased rate, and then be forwarded to the Pension Agent, and the pensioner will be notified of such transmission. This is all that is requisite.

A Cat Story.

The Nashville *Union and American* tells this story: A young lady friend of ours, who is not an old maid nor will ever be, provided our feelings are—well—respected, has three educated cats, whose trained instincts render them interesting animals. One of these cats will, when she hears the door-bell ring, run to the room of the young lady, and indulge in various gymnastics, such as arching its back and turning somersaults, apparently expressing a knowledge of the enjoyment she must feel upon "receiving a call." Upon one occasion the young lady went driving, when the cat followed the buggy as far as the outskirts of the city, when it was invited to and given a seat in the vehicle. One of the other cats, a William Varden, awakes his mistress at a certain hour—before ten o'clock—every morning, and it is dangerous for a servant or any member of the family to enter the room before this time. When a lady calls and William sees her, he immediately goes in search of his mistress, bouncing up stairs and through every room till he finds her, when he seizes her with his teeth. Should a gentleman call, this cat finds his mistress and makes such known by mewing only. The third cat, which is much younger than the rest, takes great interest in music, and goes into various antics when any one plays on the piano. When there is vocal music this cat very often prances about the floor, and occasionally joins in the chorus. Being rather hypochondriac, this cat likes mourning music, the sad strains of which usually cause the animal to crouch on the floor, where it remains as if in deep sympathy with the melody. The principal and certainly the most useful, if not beautiful, habit of these cats is catching mice and chasing rats. It is said the cats came from Spain.

THE navy department will send out another Darien ship canal expedition under Commander Selfridge, who expects to find a still shorter route than the one he discovered last year. The Department has $8,000 at its command for this purpose.

THE "TWELFTH OF JULY."

The Parade of the Orangemen.

Yesterday the Orangemen of the city and vicinity celebrated the anniversary of the battle of the Boyne by a parade. The threatening character of the weather, which developed into a heavy rain, did not deter the several organizations from turning out. Ten o'clock had been fixed as the hour for the procession to move, but at that time the point where the line of march was to be taken up was deserted. A little later several delegations made their appearance, and by noon all the lodges which had signified their intention to take part in the procession were on hand. The column, preceded by a portion of the Great Western Band, was under the Chief Marshal, Wm. T Armstrong, and his aids, W. J. Hicks, George Johnston, Wm. Carson and John Murray. The Marshal and his aids were on horseback. Five Lodges of the Institution followed, each turning out in considerable force. They were No. 12, Apprentice Boy Lodge, No. 13, Sons of Joshua Lodge, No. 20, Pittsburgh True Blue Lodge, No. 24, East Liberty True Blue Lodge. Each lodge was headed by a band of music, and carried in its ranks a flag or banner. The men in the ranks each wore an orange sash while many added to their decorations an orange cockade. The rear of the procession was brought up by orangemen and their families in carriages and buggies. The route composed many of the principal streets of this city and Allegheny, and but once was there any attempt made to interfere with the participants of the parade. The instance referred to was at the corner of Penn and Eleventh streets where a man named John Laughlin attempted to tear down a banner carried in the procession with a picture of King William on it. Laughlin was promptly arrested and taken before the Mayor who gave him a wholesome lecture and fined him fifty dollars.

Large crowds were gathered on the route of the procession but to the credit of the participants and observers, no other attempt than that named was made to interfere with the harmony of the affair.

THE LYNCH MURDER CASE.

Reasons Filed for a New Trial.

Messrs. Mackrell and Bredin, counsel for Ambrose E. Lynch, convicted of murder in the first degree, yesterday filed the following reasons for a new trial:

1. Because the jury were seperated during the trial of the cause.

2. Because the point in substance as follows: "That even if defendant did find his sister in bed with deceased, that fact would not amount in law to a sufficient provocation to justify the jury in finding a verdict of less than murder in the first degree" submitted and argued by the prosecution to the jury, was not answered, affirmed or denied by the court.

3. Because the instructions of the court to the jury upon what constituted legal provocation, are considered inconsistent with the affirmance of defendant's first point.

4. Because the court erred in refusing to affirm defendant's second point.

5. Because the answer of the court to defendant's second point is not responsive to the point.

6. Because the tenor and effect of the court's instructions to the jury, although eminently just and sound as abstract principles of law, were that a verdict of murder in the first degree ought to be found.

The reasons were filed, and the motion will be argued some time after the jury trials are disposed of.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Criminal Court—Judge Sterrett.

John Myers entered a plea of *nolo contendere* to a charge of selling liquor on Sunday. Sentence deferred.

Jacob Heyer was tried on an indictment for embezzlement. The defendant was charged with having obtained paints, etc., on the credit of August Struch, alleging that he intended to use them on a building owned by the prosecuting witness. The jury found a verdict of not guilty.

In the case of the Commonwealth vs. Daniel Falvey, indicted for secreting goods, a *nolle pros.* was allowed on the payment of costs by the defendant and prosecutor.

Patrick Kenney was tried on a charge of felonious assault and battery, William Moore prosecutor. The defendant was charged with striking Moore with a heavy piece of iron. Jury out.

Nicholas Miller, a prosecutor in a case, failed to make his appearance yesterday and an attachment was issued for him. He was brought into Court and Judge Sterrett imposed a fine of ten dollars and costs. Prosecutors and others interested in cases would do well to make a note of this case and govern themselves accordingly.

John McRoberts was convicted of a charge of larceny by bailee, in refusing to give up a watch, valued at forty dollars, the property of Charles H. Snyder.

Reuben Poles was arraigned on a charge of assault and battery, with felonious intent, upon the person of Mrs. Fred. L. Lee. On trial.

TRIAL LIST FOR SATURDAY.

Commonwealth vs.

J. H. Jones.	Rush Morgan.
John Rankin.	Patrick Burke.
Patrick Enright.	Wm. Cooliss.
Gertrude Bucking.	Wm. C. Smith.
Thomas Powers.	Mrs. G. Davis.
Pat. Conway.	

United States District Court—Judge McCandless.

Three judgments, amounting in the aggregate to $2,000, were entered yesterday against the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railway Company for violation of the revenue laws, in omitting to use the necessary amount of stamps upon bonds, etc., bearing interest.

An order was made for the removal of Charles A. Johnson, charged with stealing letters, postage stamps, etc., from the jail of Allegheny to that of Erie county for trial.

Death from Natural Causes.

Yesterday morning, the Coroner held an inquest over the remains of Kate Knox, the young girl who died suddenly on Thursday night at the California House, Allegheny, where she was employed as a domestic. From the testimony, it appeared that the deceased complained of feeling unwell on Thursday morning, but she did not retire to her room until late in the afternoon. She was down stairs several times during the afternoon, but about six o'clock she said she felt so sick that she would go to bed. About half-past ten o'clock some of the servants went to her room and found her lying dead on the floor. A broken vial was found by her side, and the supposition was that she had taken poison. The evidence adduced, however, showed that death resulted from natural causes. Witnesses who were examined testified that the deceased had eaten a large quantity of cherries on the Fourth of July, and that for two or three days afterward she was quite ill. On Wednesday she again partook freely of cherries, and on Thursday afternoon she drank a considerable quantity of ice water. Dr. John Kirker, who made an examination of the contents remaining in the broken vial or bottle, stated that he could detect nothing but camphor, and testified that in his opinion death resulted from cholera morbus. A verdict to that effect was accordingly rendered. The father of the young girl resides at Perryville, and after the inquest took charge of the remains for the purpose of having them interred.

Orchard Meetings.

There has been unusual interest manifested by the citizens of the Fourteenth ward in the out-door preaching, in Miller's orchard, by the Rev. J. D. Herr, pastor of the Third Methodist Church, Fifth avenue. The membership and choir of the church are always in attendance, and thousands of people are thus brought under the sound of the Gospel who are not in the habit of attending any church. So interesting and profitable have these meetings become that the pastors of the various Methodist churches of the cities have concluded to unite with the Third Church, and its pastor in holding a series of meetings during next week, commencing on Monday evening at 7½ o'clock. The grounds will be seated, and reflecting lamps will be hung upon the trees, so as to light up the orchard and accommodate the people. This is the first experiment of the kind ever tried in this populous city, and we wish it abundant success. This is the third summer Mr. Herr has closed his church and preached in the open air, and the results thus far have been very profitable.

Try White River Flour.

Best flour for the money in the country, at the Checkered Front.

Combinations Against the People.

The unnecessary high price of white lead is caused by a combination of the principal manufacturers in the country who establish an arbitrary price, and the people must pay it. "*Williamsburg White Lead*" is not in the ring, and consequently is sold for less money. There is none better. Satisfaction guaranteed. Try it and no longer pay fancy prices. Call and get price at

McCLARREN & McKENNAN'S,
Drug store, 85 market street, and dealers in paints, varnishes, colors, brushes, &c.

Try White River Flour.

Best flour for the money in the country.

THE COMMERCIAL is printed with the ink manufactured by the Diamond Ink Company of Pittsburgh. tf

LEADING bakers are now using the Banner Baking Powder in making biscuit, rolls and fancy cakes. Their reason for doing it is simply because they save time and material. The Banner Baking Powder is put up in ten pound boxes expressly for bakers' use. Can be obtained at the manufactory, corner Smithfield street and Second avenue. s

BLESSED are they who seek relief from "Liver Complaint," "Billiousness," Bad Blood, Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, Rough Skin, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas and Scrofulous diseases by the use of Dr. Pierce's Alt. Ext. or Golden Medical Discovery, for they shall be happy in knowing that that the cure is complete. Sold by all druggists. 594

Advertisements on this page under the several heads of WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, *&c., will be inserted at transient rates only*—TEN CENTS *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* THIRTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—GIRLS—FOR CITY AND country; Men wanting Farm work, Gardening, Driving, &c. Employment Office, No. 1 Sixth st.

WANTED—PARTNER—A GOOD BUSINESS Man with $8,000 cash to invest, may learn of a rare business opportunity by addressing Lock Box 376.

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT—A MAN well posted in Builders and Building Surveyors' work wishes to get employed. Address Foreman, Commercial office.

WANTED—PARTNER—WITH A small capital to manufacture a new article in the hardware trade—200 per cent. profit. Address S. L. D., Commercial office.

WANTED—SALESMAN—FOR WHOLESALE Grocery Business. Must be well acquainted in city and country. Address Merchant, one week, Commercial office, with salary.

WANTED—EVERYBODY—ANNOYED with Rats, Mice or Roaches to try Abel's Vermin Exterminator. Prepared and sold by CHAS. ABEL & CO., Druggists, 172 Wylie avenue.

WANTED—MORTGAGES—SEVERAL first-class Mortgages. Principals only need apply. Call at or address Penn Mutual Life Insurance Co. Office 106 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh. tf

WANTED—ROOM MATE—A GENTLEMAN occupying large second story front Room, well furnished, in first-class boarding house on Third avenue, would like a room mate. Address Postoffice Lock Box 450.

WANTED—BOOKKEEPER—IN A Wholesale Grocery House; good, rapid penman and calculator. Name salary expected with references, age, married or single. Communications confidential. Address Postoffice Box 14. SMW

WANTED—PARTNER—AN ACTIVE Partner in a respectable business—an agency for an article of established reputation. A rare opening for one inclined to travel, with some knowledge of Mechanics and cash capital of $3,000 to $5,000. Address Agency, this office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—PURCHASER—A DENTIST to purchase an Office already furnished. A rare opportunity is offered; the location is good. For particulars address WM. CAMPBELL, Canonsburg, Pa.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—BELTING AND HOSE—Pure Oak Tanned Leather Belting and Hose, at HARTLEY, McKEE & CO.'S, 58 Smithfield street. s

FOR SALE—FIFTY SECOND-HAND Boilers of all sizes, Flue, Cylinder and Tubular. JAMES HILL & CO., corner Marion avenue and Railroad, Allegheny city, Pa. MTHSF

FOR SALE—PLOW FACTORY, MACHINERY, Patterns, Stock and Good Will. Extensive and profitable business already established. Address DODGE, RHORER & CO., Louisville, Ky. tf

FOR SALE—ENGINES AND BOILERS—New and Second-hand, of all sizes, Stationary and Portable, from 2 to 60 horse power, now on hand. JAMES HILL & CO., corner Marion avenue and P., Ft. W. & C. R. R., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE—A FIRST-CLASS Drug and Prescription Store, doing a good business. Fixtures the best in the city. Apply for further information to CHAS. ABEL & CO., 172 Wylie avenue.

FOR SALE—IN THE BOROUGH OF ST. Clair, a large and new Frame House, and some Lots covered with choice Fruit Trees, and in ten minutes' walk from Freedom Station. Inquire of Mr. RIDER, on the premises.

FOR SALE—IN EAST LIBERTY, A new Double Frame House, each contains 8 Rooms and Hall, built in modern style, convenient to Station, with a Lot 60 feet front, or more if wanted, by 140 feet deep. Price $15,000. Apply at 174 Grant street. MWF

FOR SALE—A. S. CAMERON & CO.'S Steam Pumps, suitable for every purpose to which Steam Pumps can be applied. Having been largely improved, we offer them as the best and cheapest in the market. ATWOOD & McCAFFREY, corner Third avenue and Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa. TTHS

FOR SALE—TWO VERY DESIRABLE Building Lots for business stands, having a front of 24 feet each on Penn avenue and running back 131 feet to a 20 foot alley having a two-story Frame Dwelling House on rear of Lots, being situate between Thirty-seventh and Thirty-eighth streets and Penn avenue. Will be sold on easy terms. Apply to G. W. RANKIN, Real Estate Agent, No. 104 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A LARGE ROOM IN SECOND story of New Masonic Bank Building. Inquire of GEO. C. McLEAN, Cashier.

FOR RENT—BRICK TWO STORY Dwelling House, with Stable, Carriage House and large Lot, corner Bluff and Marion streets Possession given immediately. Apply to D. W. C. BIDWELL & CO., corner Water street and Cherry alley.

DIVIDENDS.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS of the COLUMBIA OIL COMPANY have this day declared a Dividend, No. 44, of THREE (3) PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, payable Monday, the 15th inst.
A. P. McGREW, Secretary.
Pittsburgh, July 10, 1872.

EAGLE COTTON MILLS CO.—The President and Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of FOUR ($4) DOLLARS per share, out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith.
O. M. HARPER, Treasurer.
Pittsburgh, July 9, 1872.

DIVIDEND NO. 14—OFFICE OF THE PEOPLES' INSURANCE CO.—The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a Dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS per share, free of taxes, out of the earnings of the last six months, payable in cash on and after the 15th inst.
WM. F. GARDNER, Secretary.
Pittsburgh, July 8, 1872.

DIVIDEND NO. 53—THE DIRECTORS of the RALSTON OIL COMPANY have this day declared a Dividend of TWO (2) PER CENT., payable forthwith, at the office of the Company, No. 2 Liberty street.
WILLIAM H. KIRKPATRICK, Treasurer.
Pittsburgh, July 8, 1872.

DIVIDEND—THE BOARD OF Managers of the MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION COMPANY have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT., or Two Dollars and Fifty Cents per share on the Capital Stock, payable at the office of the Company, No. 94 Diamond street, on and after Monday, the 15th inst.
W. BAKEWELL, Treasurer.
Pittsburgh, July 11, 1872.

OFFICE OF THE CASH INSURANCE COMPANY—DIVIDEND—The Board of Directors of this Company have declared a Dividend of FOUR DOLLARS per share out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after the 15th inst., free of Tax.
JOSEPH T. JOHNSTON, Secretary.
Pittsburgh, Pa., July 6th, 1872.

OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY—DIVIDEND—The Board of Directors of this Company have this day declared a semi-annual Dividend of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS (10 per cent.) per Share, payable in cash at the office of the Company, No. 43 South Diamond street, Allegheny, on and after the 8th inst.
JAS. E. STEVENSON, Secretary.
Allegheny, July 1, 1872.

DIVIDEND NO. 25—WARREN AND VENANGO OIL CO.—The Board of Directors have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE ($5) DOLLARS per share, payable forthwith, at the Office of the Company, No. 89 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.
JNO. S. FERGUSON, Clerk.
July 9, 1872.

OFFICE OF IMPROVEMENT TRUST CO., No. 75 FOURTH AVENUE—DIVIDEND—The Board of Directors have declared a Dividend out of the net earnings for the six months ending the 30th ult., of TEN (10) PER CENT. on the amount of capital stock paid up. Dividend payable on and after the 15th inst., in cash on full paid shares, and credited to account on all others.
J. H. MILLER, Secretary.
Pittsburgh, July 1, 1872.

THE GREAT
FLOUR AND GROCERY HOUSE.
THE ONLY HOUSE THAT HANDLES THE GREAT
White River Flour
Best Flour for the Money in the Market.

IN BANKRUPTCY—WESTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA, SS: At Somerset, in the county of Somerset, Pa., the 12th day of July, A. D., 1872. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of LEWIS A. TURNER, of Turner's Station, in the county of Somerset and State of Pennsylvania, within said District, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on creditors' petition, by the District Court of said District.
s A. J. COLBORN, Assignee.

JOHN T. NICCOLLS,
BROKER AND REAL ESTATE AGENT, BLOOMINGTON, ILLINOIS. Office over McIlrush's Jewelry Store, east of the Court House. Loans negotiated. Special attention paid to the Buying and Selling of Real Estate, procuring Exchanges and Making Collections; Titles carefully investigated and Taxes Paid. If you want to buy a Farm in the best county of the great Farming State of Illinois, call in person or write to NICCOLLS, as above. References: McClun, Holder & Co., Bankers, Bloomington; National Bank, Bloomington, Illinois; Cyrus Clarke, Jr, Cashier Tradesmen's National Bank, Pittsburgh.

MONEY TO LOAN
ON MORTGAGE.
$2,000. $3,000. $3,500. $4,500. $5,000. $8,000. $10,000. $15,000.
Any of the above amounts will be loaned from one to three years on liberal terms.
W. E. TUSTIN,
1p 87 Grant street, opposite the Court House.

ROOFING SLATE.
THOMAS W. PARRY,
MANUFACTURER OF
Peach Hill Roofing Slate and Practical Slate Roofer.
Office and Yards—43 SEVENTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Particular attention given to laying Slate. wstf

REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE SINKING FUND.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE SINKING FUND, TREASURY DEPARTMENT OF PENNA., Harrisburg, July 1, 1872.

Balance in Treasury June 30th, 1872	$ 2,062,164 37
Applicable to the payment of Over-Due Loans, Relief Notes and Interest Certificates	606,858 06
	$ 1,455,306 31
Amount of Registered War Loan, Act of May 15th, 1861, on which interest ceases September 30, 1872, and payable on demand	$ 1,108,350 00

Loans Redeemed During Month of June, 1872.

Four and a half Per Cent. Loan, per Act of April 2, 1852, par dat.	$ 25,000 00
Five Per Cent. Loan, Act of June 11, 1840, par	600
Six Per Cent. Loan, Act of May 15, 1861	129 580 00
Total	$ 155 180 00

Debt Bearing Coin Interest.

Four and a half Per Cent. Bonds	$ 87,000 00
Five Per Cent. Bonds	3,956,500 00
Six Per Cent. Bonds	400,000 00
Total	$ 4,443,500 00

Debt Bearing Interest in U. S. Currency.

Five Per Cent. Bonds	$ 1,247,706 74
Six Per Cent. Bonds	22,049,300 00
Total	$23,297,006 74

Debt on which Interest Has Been Stopped.

Five Per Cent. Bonds	$ 126,641 26
Six Per Cent. Bonds	43,461 06
Total	$ 170,102 32

Debt Bearing No Interest.

Loan Relief, Act of May 4, 1841	$ 96,249 00
Interest Certificates Unclaimed	4,448 38
Domestic Creditors	44 67
Total	$ 100,742 05

Chambersburg Certificates, Act of May 27, 1871.

Six Per Cent. Certificates, amount issued	$ 299,200 76
Six Per Cent. Certificates, amount unclaimed	548 15
	$ 299,748 91

Recapitulation of Public Debt.

Debt Bearing Coin Interest	$14,443,500 00
Debt Bearing Interest in U. S. Currency	23,297,006 74
Debt on which Interest has been Stopped	170,102 32
Debt Bearing no Interest	100,742 05
Chambersburg Certificates	299,748 91
Total Debt February 20, 1872	$28,311,100 02

Published in compliance with Section 8 of the Act Approved April 13, 1870.

By order of the

COMMISSIONERS OF THE SINKING FUND.

TO THE PUBLIC.

The NORTHWESTERN (BABCOCK) FIRE EXTINGUISHER COMPANY having brought suit against the PHILADELPHIA (GARDNER) FIRE EXTINGUISHER COMPANY, for alleged infringement of the Carlier and Vignon Patent, (dated April 13th, 1869,) which the said Babcock Company professes to own, in the use of water impregnated with Carbonic Acid Gas as a means to extinguish fires, we desire to make the following statements, all of which we are prepared to fully substantiate by proofs:

First. The so-called Carlier and Vignon Patent is invalid for want of novelty, in that a patent was issued to W. H. Phillips in England in 1844, and in this country in 1850, for a Fire Extinguisher, in which water impregnated with Carbonic Acid Gas was used as the extinguishing agent.

Second. The said so-called Carlier and Vignon Patent has no legal existence, no legal application ever having been made for it to the Patent Office, and its issuance therefrom was accomplished by gross fraud.

Third. The lawyers conducting this suit against us, brought suit *for the same clients on the same Patent*, against one Duryea, in the United States Court in New York, 1870, and the answer of Duryea being filed, setting forth the facts herein alluded to, *said suit was dismissed at the cost of the plaintiffs.*

The Babcock Company expects to destroy the sale of the Gardner Extinguisher, which has so seriously interfered with their long-enjoyed monopoly, by extensively advertising this suit, *and thus intimidating the public.* It is our purpose to defeat their fraudulent design, and to this end, we will shortly publish a history of the matter, which will undeceive the public and expose the worthlessness of that sham, called the Carlier and Vignon Patent.

Copies will be mailed to any address on application. This Company will give guarantees against all loss, damage and costs to the purchaser, user or manufacturer of, and will, *at its sole expense*, defend all suits that may be brought against it.

D. R. WAGGENER, Secretary,
Philadelphia Fire Extinguisher Co.,
1,306 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

A DESIRABLE INVESTMENT
PITTSBURGH AND BIRMINGHAM PASSENGER RAILWAY BONDS.
We offer for sale $25,000 Bonds of the Pittsburgh and Birmingham Passenger Railway Company, secured by Mortgage on the Property, Road, Franchises, &c., of the Company, and bearing 7 3-10 Per Cent. interest, free of taxation.
N. HOLMES & SONS,
57 MARKET STREET.

THE
Evans Revolving Sand Screen
Will screen wet and perfectly. It is used by Plasterers, Foundrymen, Paint Companies, Nurserymen, and for Roofing and Paving. Retail price, $12 00. Agents wanted. County and State Rights for sale. Address all communications to
JOHN G. EVANS & CO.,
Orrville, Ohio.

NEW SHERMAN HOUSE
FOR SALE,
CHICAGO, ILL.

The owners of this property, Messrs. GAGE BROTHERS & RICE, having leased the Pacific Hotel, now under process of erection, offer the above property for sale, with immediate possession, or with possession any time between now and March 1, 1873. If purchased within a reasonable time, $100,000 can be realized in net earnings before any first-class house now erecting can be completed.

The location of this property, corner of Madison and Clinton streets, is an unusually favorable one for hotel purposes, not only for the next year, but for all future time, being located only one (1) block from the depot of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, Chicago, Alton and St. Louis Railroad, and (early the coming fall) the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad, and very considerably nearer to the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad and all its branches than any first-class hotel in the city, and, with one exception, nearer the old business centers—such as Court House, Board of Trade, etc., and it is several blocks nearer than any first-class house now open (or contemplated) to the new and permanent business center created by the location of such concerns as J. V. Farwell & Co., Field, Leiter & Co., Hamlin, Hale & Co., C. P. Kellogg & Co., H. W. King & Co., and others, composing the largest firms in our city. The building was completed the past season, and is a very substantial and imposing structure, built in modern style, of pressed brick, with stone trimmings, covering the entire lot, 152 feet front on Madison street, by 90 feet in depth on Clinton street.

Five (5) stories in height, with 2 half stories additional on either end; 125 rooms in hotel portion. In business portion, eleven (11) stores, 3 of which are double. To any person contemplating or familiar with hotel-keeping, the purchase of this property offers an inducement to step into a permanent and paying investment that seldom occurs. Terms of sale favorable. For further particulars, address,

C. R. FIELD & CO.,
WS Room 1, Kent's Block, Chicago, Ill.

North Atlantic
EXPRESS COMPANY.
Incorporated Under Special Act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania.
GENERAL OFFICES:
71 Broadway, New York.
104 South Twelfth Street, Philadelphia.
Offices and Agencies in All Parts of Europe.
Merchandise, Packages, Baggage, Money, Bonds, Stocks, Jewelry and other Valuables forwarded to and from all parts of Europe
AT FIXED TARIFF RATES,
As per Company's published Tariff, Covering all transportation and delivery charges whatsoever.
SMALL PREPAID PARCELS
Forwarded from Pittsburgh to all towns having Railroad connections with the seaboard in Great Britain, North and South Germany, including Austria and Hungary, France, Belgium, Holland and Denmark, at the following rates, covering all charges as above:
Parcels not over 1 pound weight, 3 inches cube, and $10 in value, 85 cents.
Parcels not over 2 pounds weight, 4 inches cube and $15 in value, $1 05.
Parcels not over 3 pounds weight, 6 inches cube and $20 value, $1 40.
Parcels not over 4 pounds weight, 6 inches cube and $25 value, $1 65.
Parcels of same class forwarded and delivered in Italy, Norway, Sweden and Russia, at similarly low rates. Commissions and purchases executed in every part of Europe. Circulars giving full information and tariffs of rates sent free on application by post or otherwise, to
JOHN J. McCORMICK,
AGENT FOR PITTSBURGH,
Corner Fourth avenue and Smithfield Street, under McVay's Banking House. WS

OLD TEA HOUSE.
TEAS,
A SPECIALTY.
RECEIVED TO-DAY,
NEW FRESH TEA,
VIA. THE NEW ROUTE.
No Tea in the Store that has been several months on an ocean voyage.
D. M. Jenkins,
20 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WE MAKE ONLY STRICTLY PURE GOODS
White Lead,
Red Lead,
Litharge,
Potters' Lead,
Putty,
Colors.
DAVIS, CHAMBERS & CO. STRICTLY PURE WHITE LEAD PITTSBURGH, PA.
Every keg of our White Lead bears the following warrant, and we guarantee a degree of fineness and whiteness unsurpassed:
THIS PACKAGE CONTAINS
Pure White Lead 91 parts
" Linseed Oil 9 "
100
$25 IN GOLD will be paid to any one finding the contents of this keg different from the above analysis. DAVIS, CHAMBERS & CO.
SOLD BY DEALERS EVERYWHERE.

ESTABLISHED IN 1815.
The Largest Bakery in the West!
S. S. MARVIN & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
SUPERIOR CRACKERS,
BAKERY, NOS. 91 AND 93 LIBERTY STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Packed in Barrels and Boxes.

ÆRATED CRACKERS,
ALMOND SNAPS,
BOSTON CRACKERS, extra,
BOSTON TOAST CRACKERS,
BUTTER CRACKERS,
CROQUET,
CRACKER MEAL,
CRACKER MEAL, per dozen, in Boxes of 2 and 4 dozen.
CREAM CRACKERS,
DERBY,
FRUIT BISCUIT,
FARINA CRACKERS,
GINGER SNAPS,
GINGER CAKES,
GRAHAM WINE BUISCUIT.
GRAHAM BOSTON,
HONEY BISCUIT,
HONEY FINGERS,
LADY FINGERS,
LEMON BISCUIT,
LEMON SNAPS,
MILK BISCUIT, extra,
NIC NAC, (same as imported),
ORANGE CAKES,
NEW YORK WATER CRACKERS,
OYSTER CRACKERS,
OAT MEAL CRACKERS,
PRESIDENTS,
SODA CRACKERS, extra,
SODA CRACKERS,
SUGAR CRACKERS,
SUGAR CRACKERS, square,
SPICED JUMBLES,
SUGAR JUMBLES,
SCOTCH BISCUIT,
STRAWBERRY CAKES,
WATER CRACKERS,
WINE CRACKERS.

Packed in Air-tight Caddies, Fancy Wrappers, or As containing 4 to 5 pounds each, 12 in a Case, sorted.

ALMOND SNAPS,
CROQUET BISCUIT,
DERBY CAKES,
EXTRA BOSTON CRACKERS,
EXTRA SODA CRACKERS,
FANCY ASSORTED CRACKERS,
FRUIT BISCUIT,
GINGER SNAPS,
HONEY BISCUIT,
HONEY FINGERS,
LADY FINGERS,
LEMON BISCUIT,
MILK BISCUIT,
OAT MEAL CAKES,
ORANGE CAKES,
PLAIN ASSORTED,
PRESIDENTS,
SPICED JUMBLES,
SUGAR JUMBLES,
STRAWBERRY CAKES,
WINE BISCUIT.

Packed in 6 or 8 Pound Paper Boxes, 6 Boxes in a Case, or Assorted to Order.

ALMOND NUTS,
CREAM OR EGG BISCUIT,
CROQUET,
DERBY,
EXTRA BOSTON CRACKERS,
FRUIT BISCUIT,
GINGER CAKES, GINGER SNAPS,
HONEY BISCUIT,
HONEY FINGERS,
LADY FINGERS,
LEMON BISCUIT,
LEMON SNAPS,
MILK BISCUIT, EXTRA,
NIC NAC (same as imported),
OAT MEAL CAKES,
ORANGE,
PRESIDENTS,
SODA, extra,
SCOTCH BISCUIT,
SPICED JUMBLES,
STRAWBERRY CAKE,
SUGAR JUMBLES,
SUGAR CRACKERS,
WINE CRACKERS.

Any other Crackers or Cakes in the list will be put up in the 6 pound Paper Box, at One-half Cent per pound in addition to List Price.

STRAWBERRY ASSORTED CAKES, packed in Seven pound Boxes, 6 Boxes in a Case.
STRAWBERRY,
LADY FINGERS,
GINGER SNAPS,
SPICED JUMBLES,
HONEY FINGERS,
WINE BISCUIT.

Our Crackers have been before the public for years, and as yet have found no successful rival. We have kept ahead of every competitor, both in excellence of quality and variety of kinds. Our Goods are so attractive that many persons use them in place of Confectionery, finding them more wholesome and quite as entertaining to both old and young.

S. S. MARVIN.

NOTICE.

The Cincinnati and Terre Haute Railway Company,

Desirous of enlisting the attention of Manufacturers to the advantage of locating Manufacturing Establishments upon line of their Railway, will give to any Rolling Mill or Blast Furnace Company so locating, forty (40) Acres of Ground for Works, and the Coal in one hundred (100) Acres of Clay or Owen county, Indiana block coal field; the Ore from one hundred (100) Acres of the Hardin, Pope or Massac county, Illinois, brown hematite beds, and agree to furnish them with all orders for Merchant Iron required for the Railway's use for a period of two years.

To any Railway Car Manufactory located upon its line, they will give twenty (20) Acres of ground required for Works, the timber from one hundred (100) Acres of the best Oak Timbered Land in Owen county, and an order for one thousand cars to commence work upon.

To any Car Wheel Foundery or Axle Forge, the necessary grounds for Works, and liberal orders for their products in kind.

To all other Manufacturing Establishments ample facilities in the locating and successful prosecuting of their Works.

Circulars descriptive of the manufacturing points upon the line of the Railway will be mailed to any address upon application to

MATT. P. WOOD,
Genl. Supt. C. and T. H. R. R.,
TThs Terre Haute, Ind.

APPLICATIONS WILL BE RECEIVED until MONDAY, AUGUST 5th,
For the positions of Principal and Nine Assistant Teachers for the McKeesport Public School. Term, eight months. Wages good. Address
R. L. RIGGS, Secretary School Board,
s McKeesport, Pa.

OFFICE OF THE CENTRAL BOARD OF EDUCATION, Pittsburgh, July 10, 1872.
APPLICATIONS WILL BE RECEIVED FROM TEACHERS for the following positions in the High School:
Professor of Belles Lettres.
Professor of Applied Mathematics.
Teacher of Elocution.
Teacher for the Normal Department.
Preceptress.
An examination of the applicants will take place in the Office of the City Superintendent on WEDNESDAY, August 7th prox.
JOHN A. SERGEANT, Secretary.

NOTICE.

The firm of NIMICK & CO. was this day dissolved by mutual consent, JAMES FRAZIER retiring.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL CONTINUE the Commission Business for the sale of PIG IRON AND BLOOMS under the firm of
NIMICK & CO.
ALEXANDER NIMICK,
WILLIAM K. NIMICK,
GEORGE P. McBRIDE,
JOHN S. SLAGLE.
Pittsburgh, July 1, 1872.

Lace Curtains,
DRAPERIES,
CORNICES,
Turkish Folding Spring Beds
AND MATTRESSES OF ALL KINDS,
AT
E. EDMUNDSON & SON'S,
55 MARKET STREET.

PRINTERS'
MATERIAL
WAREHOUSE.
EVERYTHING NEEDED BY FIRST-CLASS OFFICES ON HAND, AT
A. C. BAKEWELL & CO.'S,
WOOD 75 STREET.

SPEER, CLARKE & CO.,
Manufacturers and Dealers in
Pure White Rock Glass Sand,
SUITABLE FOR
GLASS HOUSES, IRON MILLS, PLASTERERS, BRICKLAYERS, PAINTERS, DRUGGISTS, POTTERIES, BAR ROOM PURPOSES, &c.
Depot and Office at PITTSBURGH, WASHINGTON AND BALTIMORE RAILWAY, foot of Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
We are prepared to deliver our Sand to any part of Pittsburgh, Allegheny or Birmingham. Orders left at our Office, or by mail will receive prompt attention.

LIBERTY
Loan and Building Association.
This Association elected their officers on Saturday, June 8th, according to charter.
The Association will meet EVERY SATURDAY, from 8 to 10 P. M., in Tomer's Hall, for receiving payments and transacting other business. Shares can be had of any of the officers.
ALEXANDER BATES, President.
DR. A. G. DAVIS, Vice President.
THOMAS D. PATTERSON, Secretary.
DR. F. BESE, Treasurer.
DIRECTORS:
Thomas Mooreland, G. G. Negley,
Dr. D. W. Lewis, W. H. Denniston,
Chas. Wormcasel, John Beecher,
R. H. Tomer, G. F. Bahauser,
W. W. Borcus.

CITY TAXES, 1872.

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE, PITTSBURGH, June 25, 1872.

Notice is hereby given that the several Assessors have placed in this office the duplicates of

CITY, CITY BUILDING, FIRE, SPECIAL, POOR, CITY SCHOOL, WARD SCHOOL AND CITY BUSINESS TAXES AND CITY WATER RENTS FOR THE YEAR 1872,

And that said Taxes and Water Rents will now be received in pursuance of the several acts of Assembly relating thereto, subject to the following regulations:

DEDUCTIONS.

FIVE PER CENT. deduction allowed if paid on or before the 1st day of August, 1872.

TWO PER CENT. deduction allowed if paid between the 1st day of August, 1872, and the 15th day of September, 1872.

If paid after the 15th of September, 1872, and on or before the 1st day of October, 1872, no deduction will be allowed.

ADDITIONS.

FIVE PER CENT. will be added if paid after the 1st day of October, 1872, and on or before the 1st day of November, 1872.

TEN PER CENT. will be added to all Taxes and Water Rents remaining unpaid after the 1st day of November, 1872.

For the accommodation of the Tax Payers, this Office will be KEPT OPEN UNTIL SEPTEMBER 15TH, 1872, on SATURDAYS until 8 O'CLOCK P. M.

C. L. MAGEE, City Treasurer.

Herron & Bates,
DEALERS IN
REAL ESTATE, STOCKS,
BONDS,
Mortgages and Other Securities.
The undersigned have formed a partnership under the firm name of HERRON & BATES, for the purchase and sale of Real Estate, Stocks, Commercial Paper, Bonds, Mortgages and other Securities on COMMISSION ONLY.
All classes of Property, City, Suburban, Improved and Unimproved, bought and sold on favorable terms. Property Leased, Rents Collected, Taxes Paid, &c. Parties absenting themselves from the city will find it to their advantage to leave their Property in our hands for attention. As our business is transacted SOLELY ON COMMISSION our patrons can rely on receiving at all times our undivided efforts in their behalf.
OFFICE, NO. 38 WOOD STREET,
UNDER ST. CHARLES HOTEL.
WM. A. HERRON,
F. A. BATES.

STENCILS
STEEL STAMPS,
BURNING BRANDS,
SEAL PRESSES,
CANCELLING and RIBBON STAMPS,
STENCIL COLORS.
BRUSHES and ALL STENCIL MATERIALS, WHOLESALE AT
W. A. BUNTING'S
STENCIL ROOMS,
1p 184 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh.

Mrs. M. CHRISTY
HAS REMOVED FROM 48 FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY, TO
45 NINTH STREET, PITTSBURGH.
MILLINERY AND DRESS MAKING done in all the Latest Styles.

The Daily Commercial.

SATURDAY, JULY 13, 1872.

ATTENTION is directed to the statistics of the iron trade of Pittsburgh, published herewith. The increase in this branch of trade is exceedingly gratifying, and indicates a high degree of prosperity.

THE principal reliance of Greeleyism in the South is the old rebel leaders. The fact that, as a general thing, from JEFF. DAVIS down, they are for GREELEY, is paraded as something to be proud over. Perhaps it is; but it is a point that admits of a division of sentiment, especially taken in connection with the significant boast that, with GREELEY in the White House, they will have achieved a great gain. The understanding which evidently exists is, to say the least, suspicious, particularly when Mr. GREELEY's peculiar character for unsteadiness is taken into the account.

COMMENTING on the Baltimore nominations a Western Republican newspaper thinks GREELEY and the Democracy are not the lion and the lamb lying down together, but the condor and the whale sharing the same nest. That the whole preposterous affair will ultimately rank in history as one of those strange insanities for which there is no accounting, is beyond question—still we think the illustration of the lion and the lamb holds good in the case. Only, perhaps, ought to be added that the Liberal lamb was inside the Democratic lion in the shape of mutton chops.

DEMOCRATS will probably recognize that the Hon. WM. A. WALLACE gave utterance to considerable truth when, in the Baltimore Convention, he said:

"The men we have sought thus to represent, from their characteristics of race, of teaching, and thought, are slow to change; they are cautious of movement, and steady of purpose, and they regard with distrust and suspicion any departure from the doctrines of their fathers. They have seen no reason why they should reverse their traditions or choose for their leader one who has heretofore been the embodiment of antagonism to every thought and purpose of their minds."

It is true that Mr. WALLACE, under instruction, moved the unanimous nomination of GREELEY, and feebly expressed belief that Democrats might yield to "discipline;" but his personal convictions are known to be that GREELEY's nomination is one totally unfit to be made, and not binding on Democrats, "because," as he says, "they have seen no reasons why they should reserve their traditions or choose for their leader one who has heretofore been the embodiment of antagonism to every thought and purpose of their minds." And the great body of Pennsylvania Democrats will indorse Senator WALLACE, and to the end refuse to support GREELEY.

THE gathering of the "isms" under the GREELEY banner progresses finely. Mormonism, Fourierism, Phalansterianism, Communityism, Lost Cause-ism, and other vagabond idealisms of the time, are rallying to the support of their chief with wonderful unanimity. The latest illustration of this fact comes from Georgia, near Augusta in, which State a colony of fanatics have recently settled, under the leadership of a man named CURRY, who is Secretary and Treasurer, judge and jury, bishop and pope, rolled into one. According to the Augusta *Constitutionalist*—which flies the GREELEY flag at its mast-head—these people believe "that FANNY WRIGHT and HORACE GREELEY are to be reversed as the typical sexual representatives of Communistic doctrines," CURRY, however, being the great APOLLO of their immediate circle. It is respectfully suggested that the services of such a valuable auxiliary ought not to be lost to Mr. GREELEY during the campaign. He should be put into the field at once. Indeed, it might be a good plan to engage the whole colony for the campaign. Who can tell what converts they might make? And then there are the Oneida folks—besides the Mormons. It will be a ruinous oversight on the part of the Democratic National and State Committees if some portion this oratorical talent is not utilized.

THERE is an interesting chapter connected with the selection of ex-Senator DOOLITTLE, of Wisconsin, as permanent President of the Baltimore Convention, which is not generally known except by those who were behind the scenes and manipulated the wires that set the puppetry in motion. The candidate's extreme anxiety to redeem himself at a stroke, in the opinion of the leaders whom he had spent his life in denouncing, was freely discussed among the managers of the Convention, and it is understood that it was at first proposed to confer the chairmanship on HORATIO SEYMOUR, whom Mr. GREELEY had for so many years pursued with unrelenting upbraiding, derision and hate. This, it was urged, would be accepted as a satisfactory amende honorable alike in a personal and represeentative sense. On fuller consideration, however, and in view of the fact that Messrs. SEYMOUR and GREELEY were already reconciled, it was thought best to select some one else from the multitude of the affronted, and after a thorough canvass of the situation and its requirements, the choice of the members fell on Judge DOOLITTLE, of whom, on the occasion of his defeat last year for Governor of Wisconsin, the Liberal candidate said:

"The Republican majority has been increased over 4,000 by the popular detestation of James R. Doolittle, his words and ways."

This gentleman, therefore, owes the distinction of the honor conferred upon him solely to the fact that he had previously fallen under Mr. GREELEY's ban. Had he escaped flagellation, the choice of the convention would have fallen on some other person who had felt the weight of the *Tribune's* blows. Mr. DOOLITTLE is now understood to be perfectly satisfied, and through him the wounded *amor patriæ* of the whole party to be healed.

AN INDORSEMENT THAT KILLS.

The New York *World* indorses Mr. GREELEY's nomination, but that it is an indorsement that kills—an assent in words to an act which the heart loathes and the judgment repudiates—is clear as sunlight. Like one put to the rack for heresy, the *World* confesses GREELEY; but its utterances, extorted under the pain of the thumb-screws, too plainly show that its mind is wholly unchanged, its convictions remain the same, and that it is simply impossible for Democrats to believe in and vote for HORACE GREELEY. Its first declaration is:

"We bow to the decision of the Democratic National Convention, and loyally accept Mr. Greeley as the Democratic candidate for President."

Immediately it adds:

"Had Mr. Adams, instead of Mr. Greeley, been nominated at Cincinnati, we should have zealously advocated his adoption by the Democratic party, believing him to be a statesman of the highest type, and the fittest of all our public men for the responsible trust of chief magistrate of this great country."

In this declaration the friends of GREELEY are reminded that he is not a statesman of the highest type, and not the fittest man for the office. The *World* does not give its opinion of Mr. GREELEY at all, except in this negative manner. That it regards him as no statesman at all—not even of the lowest type—and wholly unfit for the Presidency, and that it will not advocate him, is plainly inferable. Again:

"We have not objected to Mr. Greeley because he was a Republican, but because *his fierce invectives against the Democratic party*, in the heated controversies of the last twelve years, *make it difficult for Democrats to turn a short corner and support their most vehement assailant.*"

The above remarkable sentence might be paraphrased thus: Any other Republican in the whole land, would have been more acceptable to Democrats than this man. It is easier for a camel to go through the eye of a needle, than for an honest and sincere Democrat to vote for GREELEY.

The *World* then claims some credit for its pioneer efforts to induce its party to accept the issues of the war, throw off its hide-bound Bourbonism, and show a liberal and conciliatory spirit, and complains bitterly that new converts to Greeleyism, who had so often spurned its advice, had gone, all of a sudden, so far beyond as

—"to lash and abuse us because we hesitated to accept *the arch-opponent of the Democracy as its chief standard bearer.*"

In other words, ironically: The *World* is for you, HORACE; but—you are the "arch-opponent of Democracy!"

"Having contended, with but moderate success, against the Bourbonism of the party for the last seven years, we were qualified to appreciate the *stiffness and obstinacy of this element*, and were justified in thinking it wiser *not to shock its prejudices by a double dose* in asking it *to take an offensive candidate* as well as a new departure."

There is a stiff and obstinate Bourbon element in the Democratic party whose prejudices have been shocked by asking them to support their "most vehement assailant," their "arch-opponent," in the person of that most "offensive candidate," HORACE GREELEY. And the natural conclusion from all this is, that the Bourbon element will not support GREELEY at all.

"We believed, and still believe, that the party has *no chance of success* unless it can *carry this element along with it*, and we have accordingly desired that no needless stumbling block" [such as Mr. Greeley] "should be put in its way. Mr. Adams would not have been 'a stone of stumbling and a rock of offense.'" [Greeley is.] * * * "Moreover, Mr. Adams is, by general consent, the ablest and most accomplished statesman of the country." [Greeley is not.] "He would have made, in all respects, a most admirable President." [Greeley will not.] "He would have organized an administration fitted to command confidence at home and respect abroad." [Greeley cannot.]

"Without attempting to conceal its *doubts and misgivings*, the *World* subordinates its views to those of the party, and loyally abides by the decision of the National Convention. *We trust* the action at Baltimore may be indorsed by the people; and if it receives the *full approbation of the Democratic masses*, Mr. Greeley will be the next President of the United States."

That is to say—if the Democratic masses, to a man, can be made to support "their most vehement assailant," their "arch-opponent," their "offensive candidate," their "needless stumbling block and rock of offense," their intensely partisan candidate, without statesmanship and without ability to administer the office, he can be elected President! But the *World* does not believe this possible, for it says:

"*We will not attempt to conceal our doubts.* Mr. Greeley's election or defeat depends on *his receiving the support of that part of the Democratic party which never would have proposed him as a Democratic candidate.* Organized bolt, there will be none; *but if hundreds of thousands of dissatisfied Democrats should stay away from the polls, the re-election of Grant would be a foregone certainty.* The critical point in the canvass lies in the ability of the Democratic party to *bring* ALL ITS VOTERS *to the polls in support of Mr. Greeley.* If the Democrats who *dislike such a candidate* SHOULD SULKILY STAY AT HOME, the *re-election of Grant is as certain as anything in the future.* Everything depends on the action of that *large portion* of the Democratic party *which has* AN INSTINCTIVE REPUGNANCE *to Mr. Greeley*, and who hold in their hands the balance of power as between Greeley and Grant. If these Democrats can be persuaded to vote for Greeley, he will be triumphantly elected; but if, on the contrary, *their disgust at so unfit a nomination keeps them away from the polls*, Grant will have another four years' lease of power."

How plain and unmistakable the import of this language! GREELEY's election depends upon his receiving the entire vote of that large portion of the Democratic party which has an instinctive repugnance to the man, which it is not in human nature—especially in stiff and obstinate Bourbonism—to overcome. The *World* proves that it is not possible to elect Mr. GREELEY.

Let us add one or two sentences more from this extraordinary indorsement:

"The Democrats *who dislike the nomination of Greeley hold the balance of power.* On them it depends whether Grant or Greeley shall be the next President." * * * "*Unless these recalcitrant Democrats can be won over, the campaign against Grant is utterly hopeless; and it is too evident that they cannot be gained by browbeating and reviling them, but only by treating them as honest, sincere men, who have serious misgivings as to the effect of nominating Mr. Greeley.*"

Mark the import of this language. GREELEY must depend for his election upon the united support of those whom he has made his bitterest enemies—those who are disgusted with him as a candidate—those who have no confidence in him as a man or a politician—those who hate him with a most cordial and consistent hatred! GREELEY must win over these Bourbons of strong prejudices; these disgusted ones, who instinctively shrink from contact or affiliation with him, and look upon his nomination as an insult, a mockery, and a snare! Can it be done? Does the *World* believe it? No. It does not desire the success of Mr. GREELEY, and adopts this anamolous but unmistakable way of proving that his election is an utter impossibility even from the most favorable GREELEY stand-point. The *World's* indorsement is malicious, poisonous, fatal. It is an indorsement that kills.

THE efforts of Great Britain to obtain cotton supplies from other sources, besides the United States, are not meeting with the success anticipated. The celebrated Manchester Cotton Supply Association is now winding up its business, preparatory to a final dissolution. The objects of the Association, organized during the rebellion, were to stimulate the cultivation of cotton in India on a large scale, with the view of rendering England independent of the cotton supply of the United States. The movement has been attended only with partial success, notwithstanding that the East India cotton planter commands an almost unlimited supply of the cheapest, most patient and easily controlled labor in the world. The average yield to the acre is far less than in this country, while imperfect and ignorant cultivation renders the cotton hard to manufacture and difficult to sell. The functions of the Association are, it is understood, to be transferred to the government, which proposes to push the enterprise on a larger and more comprehensive scale than has yet been done. Some ten thousand miles of narrow-gauge railway have been projected in the cotton districts, and in addition to this some of the broad-gauge lines are being changed to narrow-gauge, in order to reduce the cost of transportation on the staple. It will be many years, however, before our supremacy in this important branch of industry will be materially affected.

AN important life insurance decision, of considerable interest to the public, has just been determined against a passenger railway accident company. The person assured, holding two accident assurance policies, each for three thousand dollars, good for two days, received injuries from which he died while endeavoring to get on board the train while in motion, he having temporarily alighted while the train stopped for the engine to take water. The argument of the defense was that the accident did not come within the provisions of the policies, because it did not actually occur in a public conveyance, but the court instructed the jury that the phrase, "traveling in a public conveyance," could not be literally construed, and that an accident which occurred while the insured was either getting on or off the train, or endeavoring to do so, for any reasonable purpose incident to railroad travel, fell within the meaning of the policies. Verdict for the full amount of both policies was returned. The case was the first of its kind, and the ruling of the court will probably serve as a precedent in future cases of similar character.

THE criminal folly of sportingly pointing firearms at a fellow-being, sometimes under the impression that the weapon is unloaded, and again with no idea that its contents will be discharged, brings hundreds of people to their graves every year. Notwithstanding the plain dictates of common sense, the reiterated warning of the press, and the constantly augmenting list of those thus slain, the reprehensible practice, instead of diminishing seems to be on the increase, and it would seem to be fully time that the aid of legislation was everywhere called into requisition against it. Michigan, indeed, has just taken such a step, having passed a law by which the leveling of a firearm, loaded or unloaded, at a fellow-being, is adjudged a misdemeanor, punishable by fine and imprisonment; while if injury comes of the deed, the perpetrator is held pecuniarily and criminally responsible. Every other State in the Union would do well to imitate the example thus set. If rigorous pains and penalties were provided and enforced in every such instance, there would soon be a marked and gratifying falling off in these frightful cases of accidental murder.

ONE of the Assyrian tablets in the British Museum contains the following account of the birth and infancy of Sargina, who was a legislator, conqueror and king of Babylon, fourteen or fifteen centuries B. C.: "In a secret place my mother brought me forth. She placed me in an ark of bulrushes; with bitumen she closed the door. She threw me into the river, which did not enter into the ark. The river bore me up and brought me to the dwelling of a kindhearted fisherman. He saved my life and brought me up as his own son." The similarity to the account of the infancy of Moses is very curious and suggestive.

THE California orange trees are something more than ornaments. San Francisco received last year from Los Angeles orchards 1,783,000 oranges. This year the receipts were 4,000,000 up to the 20th of June, and the supply pretty well exhausted. Besides these there were 5,000,000 recived from South Sea Islands and coast ports south of the Gulf of California. The total receipts for the year to date were about 9,000,000, and the average price $10 per thousand, or four cents per orange. That gives $360,000 for the crop marketed in San Francisco, and $160,000 is for the Los Angeles share of it.

A lady correspondent of the Missouri *Democrat* who recently saw ex-President Johnson in Washington, draws this sypathetic picture his appearance: He moves about with noiseless tread, and his voice is soft and low. His face is not at all aged by the years of seclusion since he was in office, but it was marked by a settled expression of melancholy painful to dwell upon.

A late number of the *Elsass-Lothringer* says that the young men of these two districts are rapidly abandoning their French predilections and becoming thoroughly reconciled to the German rule, many of them voluntarily joining tne Germany army. If this be the case, the change of sentiment has been unprecedentedly rapid.

It has lately been found that carbon absorbs phosphorus so readily that when taken in the form of pills by those working in the match factories, the sufferers are at once secured from the disastrous consequences of contact with phosphorus. This is a very beneficial discovery.

ADVICES from Paris allege that the great loan, intended to be introduced in order to accelerate the departure of the German troops from the occupied departments, will probably be launched in the first or second week of August, and in London as well as in France.

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

A memorial has been presented to the Attorney General of England, signed by twenty-one thousand bankers, merchants and tradesmen, against the proposed abolition of imprisonment for debt. It was stated that last year only six thousand persons were actually imprisoned by county judges, and many of them as soon as they reached the jail paid their debts.

A daily paper is about to be started at Vienna, which is to devote itself solely to the interests of workingmen. The capital for the enterprise is to be furnished by voluntary subscriptions from Austrian workmen, which will be regarded as subscription fees, after the appearance of the paper.

An Illinois farmer has just forwarded to Mr. Greeley, as a present, a poker with a head and tail at each end, and two sets of legs between them. The pig is not a success as a racer, as his feet run in opposite directions. What could the farmer have meant?

California papers want the next Congress to authorize marriages on American ships at sea. It seems that the young folks of that State, when the marriage consent of parents cannot be had, are in the habit of going out to sea beyond the shore boundary, and having the ceremony performed. This is claimed to be void, because no law authorizes the performance of a marriage ceremony at sea in American vessels, and no law recognizes the official character of the clergyman or justice of the peace there.

If love, why not despair also? An Iowa cow committed suicide the other day, out of grief over the loss of her calf. After following the butcher's wagon to the slaughter house and giving vent to a series of agonizing moans, she deliberately made her way to the river, waded in beyond her depth, and was drowned.

The prevalent idea that the zebra is untameable is erroneous. Six splendid animals, just received in Paris from Abyssinia, were recently harnessed to a coach by their trainer and driven triumphantly through the principal avenues of the city. Here is a hint for Barnum.

It is a common mistake that the Ku-Klux law is repealed or has expired. Neither is true. The law is still in force. A single feature of it, that authorizing the suspension of the writ of habeas corpus, expired by its own limitation with the late session of Congress. But the Ku-Klux law remains a law.

A sensation is shortly expected at the Naval Academy at Annapolis. All the Southern Congressmen are said to have selected boys of their own race for appointment as cadet midshipmen.

A good thing for the managers of the great industrial exhibitions, to be held at Cincinnati, Louisville, St. Louis, and other cities, this fall, to do, would be to offer prizes for articles regarding the health of workingmen, how it is damaged and how these dangerous results can be avoided without serious loss to employers. The subject is of vast importance, and the essays would naturally call forth new and good ideas of social and political economy and the laws of hygiene.

A flighty Michigander claims to have invented a telegraphic railway, by means of which persons and parcels aggregating fifteen hundred pounds in weight can be transmitted in a car suspended from a telegraph wire at the rate of a mile a minute.

The custom of utilizing one part of the human body to repair another is becoming quite common. A man whose foot was recently mangled by a car, and a space of several inches on the upper part sloughed off, caused a number of pieces of flesh to be taken from his arm and grafted on the wound. All have taken root and are growing finely.

No means have yet been introduced which can thoroughly prevent the escape of foul emanations from sinks and sewers. In Glasgow they are about to try the effect of using the large chimneys of chemical and other works for this purpose, and we may expect soon to have a report of the practical working of the plan.

It is said that the reason why beeches and sycamores are not liable to be struck by lightning, is that they contain but little iron in them, while many of the oaks and other dark-wooded trees contain considerable; and that it is the presence of iron which makes the intense heat that is given off when red or black oaks are burned, or other dark-wooded trees.

The small saloon keepers of Illinois have hit upon the plan of organizing a "mutual Bonding Society," whereby they are enabled to give the bonds required under the new law without difficulty. Smith and Brown sign the bond of Jones, Jones and Smith that of Brown, and Brown and Jones that of Smith.

Of some four hundred students at the University of Zurich, there are eighty ladies in attendance, most of them students of medicine. A large proportion of those ladies belong to Russia, where the movement in favor of female education has taken a very distinct shape, though they have not been able yet to establish a model college of their own.

This is one of the ways in which the effectiveness of the German army is explained. Sixty young officers have just been dismissed, who obtained their commissions during the war for bravery in the field, and without having passed the ordinary examinations, are now cashiered for not having succeeded since in acquiring the necessary qualifications for passing.

Virginia exchanges are filled with accounts of cases of hydrophobia. The State swarms with dogs, roaming everywhere, killing children and sheep at will.

A Tennesseean killed a rattlesnake the other day that he had been hunting for during sixteen years. He estimates that he had consumed three months of his time, and had walked twelve hundred miles in pursuit of the reptile.

Georgia is swinging forward in the rank of States. Her latest mark of progress is the establishment of a State College of Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts, in connection with which is an Industrial Museum, containing models of improved agricultural implements and machines, products of agriculture, products of manufacture, and the mechanic arts generally, representing as far as possible all industrial interests.

An acrimonious Bourbon savagely declares that he would rather be a hog in the South than a white man in the North. He has his wish.

The violent perturbations of nature, which have taken form in tremendous freshets in India, Italy, and elsewhere, in typhoons in the China seas, and in heavy gales in the usually gentle Pacific, are having correspondent outbreaks in the Southern Hemisphere. It may not be impossible, as yet, to connect these manifestations by any certain physical laws; but that there is a connection, which science will some day determine, seems beyond question.

The Supreme Court of the United States has just decided that the act of June, 1864, exempting Treasury notes from taxation by State or municipal authority, refers to greenbacks as well as bonds. It is therefore not necessary for persons to list their Federal currency for taxation.

A "phosphated candy" has just been invented, prepared by combining the acids or salts of phosphorus with sugar, thus ingeniously presenting an acceptable form of assimilable phosphorus to those who need some repair of the nervous and brain forces. It is a pleasant way of taking phosphorus as a medicine, and has been deemed worthy of a patent.

The late Franco-German war has produced quite a library. There are 293 works treating of the war itself, 130 political works, 210 volumes of poems and songs, 251 sermons and and lectures, and 231 miscellaneous works, such as novels, pamphlets and humorous works relating to the conflict.

A party of Costa Ricans, with a former President of that country at their head, have purchased a tract of land in Lower California, with the design of raising coffee. Coming from Central America, where the berry is raised with success, these Costa Ricans ought to know the requisites of a country for the business.

Some of the large employers of New York are organizing a counter-movement against the trades-union "strikers." The Employers' Central Executive Committee are about to send circulars to the leading manufacturers of the country asking them to unite in a pledge to employ only those who are willing to work ten hours, and to pay them by the hour.

A new style of barometer, composed of two slender strips of cedar and whitewood glued together, and attached by a pivot to a cross-bow shaped frame, is in use on lake vessels. Atmospheric variations cause the whitewood to expand or contract, thereby moving an indicator in directions corresponding. It is said to be unerring.

PEOPLE generally have an aversion to the details of statistics; but it is fortunate for the world that there are those who takes an interest in statistical matters; otherwise little would be known in reference to the resources and progress of the various nations of the earth. The International Statistical Congress will hold its eighth session in St. Petersburg, Russia, on the 22d of August next. The congress will be divided into four sections, which will treat of the following subjects, respectively: 1. Statistics of population and methodology of statistics; 2. Industrial statistics; 3. Commercial and postal statistics; 4. Judical and criminal statistics. Invitations have been extended to all foreign governments to take part in this congress, and it is hoped by the Committee of Organization that every country will send enough official delegates to allow one to attend the meetings of each section.

PERSONAL.

An old gentleman named Lewton, of Winona, Minnesota, thinks he has played a good joke on the people of that town. On the Fourth of July there was a wagon in the procession, of course, and a prominent place on the platform for the patriotic veterans of 1812. In this wagon, and on the platform in question, Mr. Lewton succeeded in gaining a position of honor; and it was not until the 5th that he quietly informed the Winonians that he fought on the wrong side in 1812, and did his level best for John Bull during that memorable disturbance!

It was observed that the grave of Charles Dickens, in Westminster abbey, began to be decked with flowers on the anniversary of his death, and during the week, crosses and wreaths were profusely laid upon his tomb. It is also noticed that a great many bunches of the more common flowers are still scattered, day after day, over the stone slab that covers the remains of the great author, suggestive of the fact that the poor, as well as the rich hold in grateful memory the man who did so much to alleviate their sorrows, and who never ceased to plead their cause in the high tribunals of literature and genius.

In a speech delivered at Cleveland, Ohio, a few evenings since, Hon. R. C. Kirk, late minister to the Argentine Republic, mentioned an act of kindness performed by President Grant toward certain ex-rebels, which is not generally known. After the war, a few hundred Southern men, feeling that they could not live under the United States government, went to Brazil with their families. In a short time many of them became reduced to a condition of absolute starvation, and were eager to get back to the United States, but were unable to do so. In this situation President Grant ordered that all who wished to return should be transported on government steamers, free of expense, and nearly all of them found their way back.

The brother of Miss Vinnie Ream, the sculptress and pet of Congress, has just been sentenced by the United States Court, now in session at Fort Smith, Arkansas, to serve six months in the penitentiary at Little Rock, and pay a fine of one thousand dollars, for selling liquor in the Indian nation.

Mr. Ludlow Ap-Jones, an adventurous Cincinnatian, who went to Barneo some six or eight months since to become a Rajah to some native tribes there, has returned to his home. He brings with him a gold mounted cimetar the hilt of which is set with diamonds, which he carried as an emblem of his office while there.

A rogue, who has been masquerading under various names, took that of Bancroft, and "palmed himself off," several years ago, to Madame Muehlbach, the novelist, as the American historian, saying that he intended to be married to a Mlle. Meyerbeer. Hence various idle small-talk about a famous personage.

Notwithstanding the conspicuous position which President Thiers occupies at the present time, it is said that less copies of his works are now sold in France than at any time during the past twenty-five years.

The Strauss family appears always to have been fruitful of prodigies. Josef, once so famous, is dead; Johann is at present in New York; and Edouard, the youngest, is hof-kappelmeister, or court leader, in Vienna. Edouard Strauss is a dapper, foppish little fellow, straighter than straight. He is immensely popular, and has a strong preference for the compositions of Edouard Strass, for when he leads at the Volksgarten, the placards announce the names of the composers of his selections successively, as Edouard Strauss, Ed. Strauss, E. Strauss, and Strauss, E. His leading is peculiar and unapproachable, consisting of a *pas de seul*, performed with his rear to the audience, in which legs, arms, baton, coat-tails, head, neck and moustache vie with each other. He is full of music.

Greeley's Alliance with Tammany.

[From the New York Evening Post, July 10.]

If Mr. Greeley never made, or nobody ever made for him, a corrupt bargain with Tammany Democrats, he is, nevertheless, the candidate of that party. If his nomination at Cincinnati was not a preconcerted thing, it nevertheless was hailed with delight by the worst rebel element that had gathered there from the South, and which will accept anything that promises disorder and disorganization; it was accepted with loathing and disgust by the very few mistaken Reformers who could bring themselves to tolerate it; and it was rejected with scorn by nearly all those who meant what they said when they asked for reform. If Mr. Greeley's unfitness for the position he covets cannot be proved by showing what he promised to pay for it, his unfitness is nevertheless manifest and is not denied, that we know of, by a single respectable journal, and hardly by a single sensible man in the country. After all that can be said, or cannot be said, this fact remains—this damning, unmistakable, and, so far as there is any danger of Mr. Greeley's election, this alarming fact, that he is the candidate of that party which in the administration of local governments, and the administration of the General Government, has reached, within the last quarter of a century, to an assumption of despotic power, and to its corrupt use, which has cost us already one war of four years; which is a constant menace of civil anarchy; is a constant threat of financial ruin; is a constant reproach to the cause of popular government, and is a uniform, if not an unanswerable, argument all over the world against republics and in favor of monarchy. Those who are willing to risk the return of such a party to power may vote for Greeley, because of some personal and selfish end they are to gain by his election; but, any man of common sense and common honesty who has nothing to gain by it, but yet advocates his election, seems to us to be under a delusion the most lamentable, or an infatuation little short of insanity.

Greeley the "Impossible" Candidate.

[From the Philadelphia Ledger.]

If Mr. Fillmore, who had been nearly all his life a Whig, was an "impossible" candidate for the Republican party, nine-tenths of whom had been Whigs—the Republican party being then less than two years old—how "impossible" a candidate for the Democratic party should Mr. Greeley be considered, who has, during his whole manhood of more than forty years, been "radically" and vehemently and virulently "hostile to their cardinal principles?" The Democrats ever since the time of Jefferson have been strenuous in their efforts to restrict the General Government to the powers specifically granted in the Constitution. Mr. Greeley, on the contrary, has always been in favor of exercising disputed and even dangerous powers. The Democrats are strict and conservative in their interpretation of the Constitution. Mr. Greeley is radical and aggressive. The Democrats, as a party, maintain that the principal object of a "tariff" is to raise revenue, and that protection is merely an "incident," while Mr. Greeley regards "protection" as the great point. The Democrats hold that the General Government should keep its hands off the internal affairs of the States; whilst Mr. Greeley has almost uniformly advocated such interference whenever proposed by any party in opposition to the Democracy. All these differences, and others which might be adduced, involve "cardinal principles" concerning which Mr. Greeley has always stood "radically hostile" to the Democratic party.

A New Theory.

Professor Gunning, of New York, has recently put forth an interesting theory in regard to the drainage of the lakes on the northern borders of the United States, which he believes was originally through the Missisippi into the Gulf of Mexico. The Niagara river, according to his statement, has an existence of not more than 200,000 years. Before that period a barrier more than thirty feet high across the Niagara plateau threw the waters of Lake Erie back upon Michigan, and farther west to the Mississippi. Western geologists have found an old river channel from the lakes to the Illinois river, and a great barrier one stretched across this plateau. The old river bed in Illinois and the broken bridge across the Niagara plateau account for the comparatively recent creation of the falls.

First Narrow Gauge for Ohio.

The Painesville and Youngstown (Ohio) Narrow Gauge Railroad Company has the honor of being the first to introduce the narrow gauge system east of the Mississippi. This road was formally opened for business on Friday last as far as Chardon, Geauga county. Its working is all that could be desired. One thousand passengers were carried over the road on the first day that it opened.—*Columbus Journal.*

CONCERNING the Hoosac Tunnel the Boston *Traveller* says that the constant increase of travel this year proves not only how deep an interest our own people feel in its progress and success, but the curiosity which induces strangers from all parts of the United States, and scientific men from abroad to witness this mammoth undertaking, second to but one in the world. The record of last month shows about one hundred and twenty feet from the east end toward the "central shaft," and proportionately the same from the opposite direction. There are now about fifteen hundred feet to be cut to make the two faces meet. When the two faces meet, the expensive machinery of the shaft can be usefully distributed. There can be no doubt from present appearances that the Shanlys will anticipate the time set for the completion, as there are but about 4,000 feet left on the west side. As to the future of the tunnel route there is a vast amount of speculation, both as to the return it will make, and as to the policy of the State, which owns the important link connecting Lake Ontario with Boston. As soon as the tunnel is an assured success, so far as its completion is concerned, contracts will be awarded for the construction of a road over one of the numerous surveys between Troy and Lake Ontario, so as to have this road ready to meet the opening of the tunnel for business.

AT THE northern extreme of New York city, a few years ago, the firm which afterward contracted to do the Hoosac tunnel, made an experimental hole with their machinery, forty feet deep, through solid rock, on an unoccupied lot. The great hole was afterward used as a play-house for the children of the neighborhood, when an enterprising German thought he might make it available as an excellent wine cellar, and leased it at a merely nominal rent of its willing owner. It has since become one of the most famous restaurants in New York, and is crowded by visitors during the hot season, attracted thither by the oddity of the place and its cool refuge from the heat.

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT, GEN. ULYSSES S. GRANT, of Illinois.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT, HON. HENRY WILSON, of Massachusetts.

PENNSYLVANIA REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For Governor. JOHN F. HARTRANFT

For Supreme Judge. ULYSSES MERCUR.

For Auditor General. HARRISON ALLEN.

For Congressmen at Large. HARRY WHITE, LEMUEL TODD.

For Presidential Electors at Large. ADOLPH E. BORIE, JOHN M. THOMPSON.

For Delegates at Large to the Constitutional Convention. William M. Meredith, Philadelphia; J. Gillingham Fell, Philadelphia; Harry White, Indiana; William Lilly, Carbon; Linn Bartholomew, Schuylkill; H. N. McCallister, Center; William H. Armstrong, Lycoming; William Davis, Luzerne; James L. Reynolds, Lancaster; Samuel E. Dimmock, Wayne; George V. Lawrence, Washington; David N. White, Allegheny; W. H. Ainey, Lehigh; John H. Walker, Erie.

COUNTY REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

TWENTY-SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT. JAMES S. NEGLEY.

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COUNTY DISTRICTS. JAMES W. BALLANTINE, HYDE K. SAMPLE, J. D. RAMSEY, A. B. YOUNG, JOHN C. NEWMEYER.

SHERIFF. JOHN H. HARE.

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Suggestions for Summer.

It is of the greatest importance that the system should be in a vigorous condition when the hot weather commences. The effects of a high temperature upon an enfeebled frame are always more or less disastrous. The loss of substance and the declensions of nervous power, occasioned by excessive heat, can only be compensated by the active, healthful, and regular exercise of all the bodily functions by which the waste of nature is replenished and the vital energies renewed. The great utility of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as a means of toning, invigorating and regulating the organs of the body, is universally acknowledged. As a tonic it stimulates the flagging appetite and accelerates digestion; as a corrective it neutralizes acidity of the stomach and relieves flatulency; as an alterative and mild aperient it regulates the liver and the bowels; as an anodyne it promotes tranquil sleep; as a wholesome stimulant it imparts firmness and elasticity to the relaxed and trembling nerves, and as a blood depurent it purifies the vital stream. The value of such a specific to the weak and debilitated is beyond all estimate. To invalids wilted down by the sultry heat of midsummer, it is as refreshing and vitalizing as the cool night dew to the sun-scorched flowers. Composed of vegetable elements only, with a basis of pure diffusive stimulant, it is safe and palatable as well as medicinal. In fever and ague districts, and wherever the natural conditions are conducive to epidemic disease, it is considered the best safeguard against malarious infection, and the speediest remedy for intermittent and remittent fevers.

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A choice assortment of Point Gauze, Applique and Duchesse COLLARS and HANDKERCHIEFS, BERTHAS, COIFFEURS, &c.
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PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Joint Resolution Proposing an Amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendment of the Constitution of this Commonwealth be proposed to the people for their adoption or rejection, pursuant to the provisions of the tenth article thereof, to wit:

AMENDMENT.

Strike out the sixth section of the sixth article of the Constitution and insert in lieu thereof the following:

"A State Treasurer shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, at such times and for such term of service as shall be prescribed by law."

WILLIAM ELLIOTT, Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JAS. S. RUTAN, Speaker of the Senate.

APPROVED—The twenty-second day of March, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.
JNO. W. GEARY.

Prepared and certified for publication pursuant to the Tenth article of the Constitution.
FRANCIS JORDAN, Secretary of the Commonwealth.
OFFICE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, HARRISBURGH, June 26, 1872.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT, 193 LIBERTY ST., FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF Marbleized Mantels, Of Various Designs, Sizes and Colors.

HOT AIR FURNACES, for Burning Anthracite or Bituminous Coal or Coke.
COOKING RANGES, New and Desirable Patterns.
CHEAPEST FIRE GRATE, saving 30 to 40 Per Cent. of Coal.
STOVES—Cooking, Parlor and Office Stoves, great assortment. HOT AIR REGISTERS AND VENTILATORS, FRONTS, GRATES AND FENDERS.
Wholesale and Retail Prices Low. Give us a call.
JAMES OLD.

DRY GOODS.

Real Bargains AT WILLIAM SEMPLE'S

BARGAINS IN ALL KINDS OF LADIES' SUITS.

LACE JACKETS, VERY CHEAP.

LACE SHAWLS, VERY CHEAP.

SHETLAND SHAWLS, IN WHITE AND COLORED, VERY CHEAP.

P. K.'s, P. K.'s, NAINSOOKS, JACONETS, SWISSES, TARLATANS, CHAMBRAYS, LINENS, ALL VERY CHEAP.

MOSQUITO NETTING, ALL COLORS, AT VERY LOW PRICES, *Wholesale and Retail,* AT WM. SEMPLE'S Nos. 165, 167 and 169 Federal Street, Allegheny.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES OF PARASOLS.

Buff Cotton Parasols.
Green Cotton Parasols.
Buff Gingham Parasols, lined and unlined.
Buff Ponges Parasols.
Gray Tussore Parasols.
Drab Tussore Parasols.
Colored Silk Parasols.

ALL AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

We are receiving daily new lines of LADIES' and MISSES' SUMMER SUITS.

White Linen Suits and Polonaises.
Percale Wrappers and Dusters.
Ladies' and Misses' Seersucker Suits.
Ladies' and Misses' Buff Linen Suits.
Children's Pique Dresses.
Boys' Linen Suits, &c.

F. H. EATON, 17 Fifth Avenue.

PHILADELPHIA.

CRETONNES, SATEENS, CASHMERES, LACE CURTAINS, AND OTHER NEW GOODS FOR DRAPERIES AND FURNITURE COVERINGS, THE CHOICEST STOCK YET OFFERED, AT WALRAVEN'S, MASONIC HALL, No. 719 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia.

B. K. JAMISON & CO. BANKERS, PHILADELPHIA,

Transact a general Banking and Exchange Business, including Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds, Gold, etc., on Commission.

B. HOOLEY & SON, MANUFACTURERS OF KEYSTONE MILL SPOOL SILK,

On 20, 50 and 100 yards Spools, to the wholesale trade only. Also, Tram, Organzine, Floss, Fringe Silks, &c., for manufacturers' use.

226 MARKET STREET, PHILADELPHIA

BALTIMORE.

CIDER "New York State Reserve." [Trade Mark.] VINEGAR.

GITTINGER, DERR & CO., MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS AND Commission Merchants

For the sale of Foreign and Domestic Liquors, Cigars, Breadstuffs and Country Produce.
Nos. 13 and 15 Cheapside, Baltimore.
Consignments Solicited.

LAZEAR BROTHERS, WHOLESALE GROCERS, No. 77 EXCHANGE PLACE, Baltimore.

RENNERT HOUSE, ON EUROPEAN PLAN. Fayette Street, near Monument Square, BALTIMORE.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

COPARTNERSHIP—THE UNDERSIGNED have this day formed a Copartnership, under the style of CAUGHEY & HAILMAN, for the purpose of conducting the Iron Commission Business, i all its branches, at 113 Water street, where they will be pleased to see their friends, as well as those of the old firms of Bryan & Caughey and Hailman & Hammett, with which they were heretofore connected.

JOHN A. CAUGHEY,
GEO. W. HAILMAN.

Pittsburgh, July 1, 1872.

JOHN A. CAUGHEY, formerly of Bryan & Caughey.
GEO. W. HAILMAN, formerly of Hailman & Hammett.

CAUGHEY & HAILMAN, COMMISSION MERCHANTS FOR THE SALE OF Pig Iron, Blooms and Iron Ores, 113 Water Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Advances Made on Consignments.

Refer to Graff, Bennett & Co., Jones & Laughlins, Spang, Chalfant & Co., Dilworth, Porter & Co., and City Banks generally.

COPARTNERSHIP—

I have this day associated with me in the business of the National Foundry and Pipe Works, my sons, Roland H. and Wm. H. Smith. The name and style of firm to be WM. SMITH & SONS.

WM. SMITH.

Pittsburgh, July 1, 1872.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP—The Partnership heretofore existing between the firm of PATTON BROTHERS & CO., has this day, June 20th, 1872, been dissolved by CHARLES YETTER and W. S. SCOTT having sold their interest to PATTON & BRO., who will continue the business and pay all demands.

PATTON & BRO.

July 3, 1872.

ARTIFICIAL STONE, PATENTED NOVEMBER 10, 1868.

MILLS & CO., Manufacturers of

STONE FOR SIDEWALKS, FIRE-PROOF FLOORS, BUILDING STONE, HOUSE FRONTS, BELT COURSE CORNERS, SILLS, LINTELS AND CEMETERY WORK.

Also, Dealers in Best Imported and Native CEMENTS, FIRE CLAY, PLASTER, WHITE LIME AND SAND, SEWER PIPE AND CHIMNEY TOPS.

Office and Warerooms: 258 LIBERTY ST.

DRY GOODS.

AT WILLIAM SEMPLE'S

BARGAINS IN HATS.

BARGAINS IN BONNETS, *Ribbons and Flowers.*

PARASOLS AND *SUN UMBRELLAS,* All sizes, qualities and styles, very cheap.

AT 75 CENTS, LADIES' WHITE SKIRTS, A GREAT BARGAIN.

AT $1 00. HONEY COMB QUILTS, AN EXTRA GOOD BARGAIN,

AT WM. SEMPLE'S Nos. 165, 167 and 169 Federal Street, Allegheny.

PRICES REDUCED.

SUMMER DRESS GOODS, FOR SALE AT VERY LOW PRICES BY WHITE, ORR & CO., 25 FIFTH AVENUE.

INSURANCE.

AMERICAN LIFE INSURANCE COMP'Y, OF PHILADELPHIA.

Incorporated 1850. Charter Perpetual.

TRUSTEES.

GEORGE W. HILL, ALEX'R. WHILLDIN, J. EDGAR THOMSON, JAMES POLLOCK, ALBERT C. ROBERTS, PHILIP B. MINGLE, GEORGE NUGENT, HON. ALEX. G. CATTELL, JOHN WANAMAKER, ISAAC HAZLEHURST, JAMES L. CLAGHORN, HENRY K. BENNETT, L. M. WHILLDIN.

GEORGE W. HILL, President.
GEORGE NUGENT, Vice President.
JOHN C. SIMS, Actuary.
JOHN S. WILSON, Secretary and Treas.

SAML. W. SPENCER, Gen'l Agent, No. 96½ FOURTH AVE., Pittsburgh, Pa.
L. T. PARK, Special Agent.

Western Insurance Company, OF PITTSBURGH.

INCORPORATED APRIL, 1849.

CAPITAL....................$225,000.

FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE

LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.

Office—First National Bank Building, corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street.

DIRECTORS:
Alex. Nimick, Alex. Speer, Wm. Morrison, Charles J. Clarke, Wm. S. Evans, Philip Reymer, Reuben Miller, Jr., Andrew Ackley, David M. Long, John R. McCune, D. Ihmsen, Joseph Kirkpatrick, H. Sellers McKee.
ALEXANDER NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
GEO. NEELD, Agent and Surveyor.

National Insurance Company.

Office in the Second National Bank Building, COR. FEDERAL ST. AND THE DIAMOND ALLEGHENY CITY.

W. W. MARTIN, President.
JNO. BROWN, Jr., Vice President.
JAS. E. STEVENSON, Secretary.

JNO. A. MYLER, JAS. L. GRAHAM, JACOB EISENBEIS, O. H. P. WILLIAMS, JAS. LOCKHART, ROBT. REA, GEO. GERST, JNO. THOMPSON, JOS. MYERS, C. C. BOYLE, JACOB KOPP, JOS. McNAUGHTER, CHARLES P. WHISTON.

People's Insurance Company OF PITTSBURGH.

Office, N. E. Corner Wood street and Fifth avenue.

Insures against Loss or Damage by Fire on Dwellings, Stores and other Buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise.
Insures Marine and Inland Risks on Steamboats and Freight at as liberal rates as are consistent with security. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

DIRECTORS.
John Watt, John E. Parke, Jared M. Brush, Wm. F. Lang, C. H. Love, Samuel McCrickart, William Phillips, Samuel P. Shriver, Capt. J. L. Rhodes, Wm. Vankirk, James D. Verner, Charles Arbuckle, James Herdman.

JOHN WATT............President.
JOHN E. PARKE............Vice President.
WM. F. GARDNER............Secretary.

Monongahela Insurance Co. OF PITTSBURGH,

INCORPORATED 1854.

CASH CAPITAL....................$175,000

Insures against Fire and Marine Losses.
Office—NORTHEAST CORNER WOOD STREET AND FOURTH AVENUE, Second Floor, entrance on Fourth avenue.

WM. A. CALDWELL............President.
JNO. McDEVITT............Vice President.
JNO. H. CLANEY............Secretary.
Captain F. A. DORRMAN, General Agent and Surveyor.

DIRECTORS:
W. A. Caldwell, John McDevitt, George A. Berry, Wm. H. Forsyth, James Woodburn, Charles Atwell, B. H. Palmer, David M. Smith, William Rea, Robert Dalzell, William Means, Geo. W. Dilworth, David McCandless, D. S. H. Gilmore, James McCandless.

Citizen's Insurance Company, OF PITTSBURGH.

Office—Corner Market and Water streets, Second Floor.

WM. BAGALEY............President.
JOHN REA............Secretary.

Insures Steamboats and Cargoes. Insures against loss and damage in the navigation of the Southern and Western Rivers, Lakes and Bayous, and the navigation of the Seas.
Insures against loss or damage by fire.

DIRECTORS:
Wm. Bagley, James Park, Jr., W. G. Johnston, B. F. Jones, Samuel Rea, Capt. Thos. Snowden, Barclay Preston, S. M. Kier, John Shipton, James M. Cooper, S. Harbaugh, J. Caldwell, Jr., John S. Dilworth, George Bingham, Alexander Moore.
Capt. J. ATKINSON, General Agent.

CHILDREN TEETHING.

Mothers! Mothers!! Mothers!!!

DON'T FAIL TO PROCURE Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP FOR CHILDREN TEETHING.

This valuable preparation has been used with NEVER FAILING SUCCESS IN THOUSANDS OF CASES.

It not only relieves the child from pain, but invigorates the stomach and bowels, corrects acidity, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. It will also instantly relieve

Griping in the Bowels and Wind Colic.

We believe it the BEST and SUREST REMEDY IN THE WORLD, in all cases of DYSENTERY AND DIARRHOEA IN CHILDREN, whether arising from teething or any other cause.
Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and

Relief and Health to Your Infants.

Be sure and call for

"Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup,"

Having the fac-simile of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper.
Sold by Druggists throughout the world.

J. & H. PHILLIPS, Manufacturers and Dealers in OIL CLOTH, WINDOW SHADES, &c. Green Shade Cloth a Specialty.

Also, Agents for the BOSTON BELTING CO.'S RUBBER BELTING HOSE, STEAM PACKING, &c. Dealers in LEATHER BELTING, LACE LEATHER and RUBBER GOODS GENERALLY.

PAINTING, GRAINING AND GLAZING.

Nos. 26 and 28 SIXTH STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

DRY GOODS.

BARGAINS FOR THIS WEEK, AT WILLIAM SEMPLE'S

AT 6¼ CENTS, FAST COLORED PRINTS, Best Quality, in Short Lengths.

AT 8-1-3 CENTS FAST COLORED PRINTS, A Large Assortment, Beautiful Styles, Best Quality.

AT 5, 10, AND 12½ CENTS, Black Hernanis. *JAPANESE CLOTHS.*

AT 55 CENTS, BLACK ALPACAS Very Fine, Double Faced—a Decided Bargain.

AT 22 AND 25 CENTS, DOLLY VARDEN CHINTZES, *Extra Good Bargains,* AT WM. SEMPLE'S Nos. 165, 167 and 169 Federal Street, Allegheny.

NEW STOCK DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

A FULL LINE, AT *EASTERN PRICES,* IN THE NEW STORE, 239 and 241 Liberty Street.

Arbuthnot, Shannon & Co.

Buyers are invited to call.

CARPETS.

MAY, 1872.

NEW CARPETS SECOND ARRIVAL.

Finest Styles of the Season.

All grades of INGRAIN and other CHEAP CARPETS at Very Low Prices.

Tapestry and Body Brussels

In the Finest Styles to be found in any Market.

Bovard, Rose & Co. 21 FIFTH AVENUE.

New Importations.

We are Daily Opening New Additions to our Spring Stock of

AXMINSTER, MOQUETTE, WILTON, VELVET, SOLID BRUSSELS, TAPESTRY BRUSSELS, INGRAIN, And COMMON CARPETS.

We import directly from the leading Factories of Europe, and have secured many New Styles and Patterns that are strictly private to our house.

OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO. 23 Fifth Avenue.

CARPETS.

I HAVE NOW IN STORE ALL NEW STYLES OF *WILTONS, AXMINSTERS, VELVETS, BRUSSELS, TAPESTRIES.*

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN OIL CLOTHS, *LINOLEUM,* MATTINGS AND MATS.

Henry McCallum, 51 FIFTH AVENUE, ABOVE WOOD STREET.

NEW YORK.

LOCKWOOD & CO., BANKERS, *94 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.*

Transact a General Banking business, including the purchase and sale of Government and State Bonds, Railroad Stocks and Bonds, and other Securities on COMMISSION.

THOS. J. POPE & BRO., 292 PEARL STREET, NEW YORK,

PIG IRONS, RAILS, COPPER, SPELTER, TIN, LEAD, ALUMINUM, NICKEL, BISMUTH, &c.

WIRE ROPE.

BRIGHT STEEL AND CHARCOAL IRON of Superior Quality, for Inclined Planes, Mining, Hoisting, Belting and Ferry Purposes.
Also, Galvanized Charcoal and B. B. for Ships' Rigging, Suspension Bridges, Guys, Derricks, &c.
A large stock constantly on hand, from which any desired lengths are cut, at

John W. Mason & Co.'s, 43 Broadway, New York.

PLANING MILL, Lumber Yard and Box Factory.

G. A. MUNDORFF. Manufacturer and Dealer in Sash, Doors, Frames, Mouldings, &c.,

Cor. Mary and Twenty-third sts., East Birmingham, Pa.
Every description of PINE AND HEMLOCK LUMBER on hand and delivered to order. Weatherboarding, Paling, Laths and Shingles constantly on hand. Sawing and Re-Sawing done with dispatch.

LOH & COOLEY, Produce Commission Merchants, 207 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Consignments solicited. Correspondence invited.

FRAZIER, METZGER & CO., Manufacturers and Dealers in Manilla, Coffee, Hardware, Glass, Carpet, Baling, Roofing, Rag, and Straw Papers. Office and Warehouse, No. 82 Third avenue.

James T. Brady & Co

Corner Wood and Fourth Avenue,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

Government Securities,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

Money Loaned on Government Bonds at Lowest Market Rates.

Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAS. T. BRADY & CO.

Commercial Banking Company,

ALLIANCE, OHIO.

The undersigned have formed a Copartnership under the above name to transact

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS,

AT ALLIANCE, OHIO, and will give careful and prompt attention to all business entrusted to them. Special attention will be given to Collections in ALLIANCE, CANTON, MASSILLON, SALEM, LEETONIA, COLUMBIANA, NEW LISBON, and all other points in this part of Ohio.

Remittances made at Lowest Rates of Exchange.

Reference—Tradesmen's National Bank.

DAVID MORGAN, W. D. REES,
C. C. MANFULL, H. P. McINTOSH,
R. W. TEETERS, Cashier.

W. W. Morrison,

BANKER,

WEST MIDDLESEX, PA.,

TRANSACTS A

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

BUYS AND SELLS

Government Securities,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.
Special attention paid to Collections in all parts of the country.
Remittances Made at Lowest Rates of Exchange.

REFERENCES:
Exchange National Bank, Pittsburgh.
Ira B. McVay & Co.
Central National Bank, Philadelphia. TThs

Security Trust Co.

Incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania,

NO. 64 WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL,

$1,000,000.

CHARTER PERPETUAL.

President..........DAVID GREGG

Directors.

WM. WILLS, PHILIP BENTEL,
J. V. McDONALD, BENJ. SINGERLY,
JAMES T. BRADY, HON. ROBT. McKNIGHT,
B. L. FAHNESTOCK, HARTLEY HOWARD,
DANIEL EUWER, L. J. BLANCHARD,
C. S. FETTERMAN, DAVID GREGG.

DEALERS IN GOVERNMENT BONDS.

Deposits Solicited and Interest Allowed on same. Dividends, Coupons, etc., Collected Without Charge.

ALL CLASSES OF SECURITIES

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

TThs

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,

BANKERS.

We offer for sale the following Local Securities at Par and Accrued Interest:

Pittsburgh City Water Bonds, 7 per cent. Interest;
Pittsburgh Penn Avenue Bonds, 7 per cent. Interest;
Ormsby Borough Bonds, 7 per cent. Interest;
Birmingham Market Bonds, 8 per cent. Interest.
Verona Borough, Allegheny County School Bonds, 8 per cent. Interest.

IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,

Corner Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Streets.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

FRIDAY EVENING, July 12, 1872.

The market for the day shows few changes, and is characterized by extreme dullness. The demand for money being light rather than the supply excessive, rates continue at 7 to 8 for bank customers, and bills in the hands of brokers are placed without much difficulty at rates varying from 8 to 10 per cent. per annum.

—In local stocks and bonds there is little doing, as they are held too high for permanent investors, who know that prices will range lower between this time and future dividends, when money becomes active in the fall. The mortgage bonds of old roads, such as the Connellsville and Allegheny Valley, are yearly appreciating in value, as their quoted price indicates, and fewer transactions are recorded, as the floating supply has been absorbed by investors, and it is now difficult to fill a large order without deranging current quotations. As a result of these high values on bonds that have acquired a character in the market, bonds of new railroads are more in demand, and the list of subscription securities is closely scanned by investors. In making a decision as to what road to select to buy from, the chief points to consider are economy of construction, the estimated cost per mile, probability of future traffic and general resources. Those roads having a land grant from the government are the favorites, and justly, as they have a real estate security for the bonds issued.

—Messrs. Ira B. McVay & Co. report the following quotations of Government bonds in New York to-day, as furnished them by Jay Cooke & Co., their correspondents:

	Morning.	Evening.
U. S. Bonds of 1881	117¾	117¾
U. S. Bonds of 1862	114⅞	115
U. S. Bonds of 1864	114⅞	115
U. S. Bonds of 1865	115⅛	115⅛
U. S. Bonds of 1865 (new)	113⅞	113⅞
U. S. Bonds of 1867	115	115⅛
U. S. Bonds of 1868	114⅝	114⅝
10-40s	112⅝	112⅝
New 5s	113⅜	113⅜
Gold	113⅞	114
Currency 6s	114⅞	114⅞

—James T. Brady & Co., corner of Fourth avenue and Wood street, quote United States securities in New York to-day as follows:

Gold	114
United States 6s of 1881	117¾
United States 5-20s of 1862	114⅞
United States 5-20s of 1864	114⅞
United States 5-20s of 1865	115⅛
United States 10-40s	112⅝
United States 5-20s, January and July, 1865	113⅞
United States 5-20s, January and July, 1867	115
United States 5-20s, January and July, 1868	114⅝
Union Pacific Railroad	
Central Pacific Railroad	
Currency Pacifics	114⅞

—Our remarks on country checks, a few days ago, has brought out the following incident from the experience of one of our National Bank cashiers: He sent a check for ten dollars, drawn on a bank located on the Pennsylvania Railroad, not a thousand miles out, to the bank for returns, and received by next day's mail a check on their city correspondent for nine dollars and fifty cents, with the remark from the cashier making the remittance that "Mr. Blank had instructed him to deduct *five per cent.* from all checks drawn by him." Why the generous Blank chose five instead of fifty or ninety-five per cent., as the degree of repudiation of his liabilities, we are unable to state, for he certainly had as much right to select one as the other. And the innocence with which the cashier followed the instructions of his depositor is refreshing.

—The following table shows the prices of railway stocks, gold, etc., at the various sessions of the New York Stock Exchange during the day:

July 12, 1872.	10:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	12:30 A. M.	1:30 P. M.	2:30 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
Gold	113⅞	113⅞	114	113⅞	114	114
Canton		[illegible]				
Western Union Tel	75	75⅞			75⅞	75⅞
Quicksilver		42				
Pacific Mail	74⅞	74⅞	74⅞	74⅞	75⅞	75⅞
Adams Express		98				
Wells Fargo Express		79				
American Express		[illegible]				
United States Express		76				
New York Central	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛		98⅛	98
New York Central Scrip						
Erie	54⅞	54⅞	53⅞	53⅞	53⅞	53⅞
Reading						
Michigan Central		115⅞				
Michigan Southern	93⅞	93⅞		93⅞	93⅞	
Illinois Central		136				
Cleveland and Pitts	91	91			91	
Chicago and Northwest	73⅞	73⅞	73⅞	73⅞	73⅞	73⅞
Do. preferred	90⅞	90⅞			91	
Rock Island	111⅞	111⅞	111⅞		111⅞	
St. Paul	53⅞	53⅞			54	54
Do. preferred	78	78			78	
Wabash		75				
Do. preferred		87				
Fort Wayne	96⅞	96			96⅞	
Ohio and Mississippi	45⅞	45⅞			45⅞	
Chicago and Alton		117				
Do. preferred		120				
Boston, Hartford & Erie		8				
Harlem		114⅞				
New Jersey Central		107				
Union Pacific	37⅞	37⅞		37⅞	37⅞	37⅞

—We would call attention to the advertisement of Messrs. N. Holmes & Sons. They offer for the consideration of investors bonds of the Pittsburgh and Birmingham Passenger Railroad Company, secured by a mortgage on the road and its franchises, and bearing 7-30 per cent interest. All particulars can be learned by applying at their office on Market street.

The twenty-five leading land grant railroads have thus far sold their lands at the average price of $7 04 per acre, the highest average of any grant being $13 98 and the lowest $3 07 per acre.

The land grant of the Northern Pacific Railroad, if sold at $3 07 per acre, would yield $178,060,000, which is more than twice the estimated cost of the road.

—Messrs. Bowen & Fox, brokers and members of the Philadelphia Stock Exchange, furnish the following quotations of the closing prices to-day of the most active stocks:

Penn'a Central	58⅜	Lehigh Valley R. R.	59⅞
Phila. and Erie	24⅜	North Penn'a R. R.	51
Lehigh Navigation	44	United Co's of N. J.	126⅜
Catawissa	45⅞	Schuylkill Navigat'n	15
Oil Creek & Alle'y R.	37	Reading	58

PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, FRIDAY, July 11, 1872.

REMARKS.—There was a heavy fall of rain this morning, which, added to that of the previous days, may have the effect of causing a rise in the rivers, which would be very acceptable. The market is rather dull, and prices of leading articles rule uniform, showing few changes. The vegetable market is well supplied with all articles in season. The account of the young crops from all parts of the country continue cheering, and an average harvest is consequently predicted. Think of that, you croakets.

Below we give the wholesale rates of the market unless otherwise noted. From store in a small way the usual advance is obtained:

ASHES—There is a fair demand at the following figures: Common soda ash, unsettled, 48 ₩ cent., 4c ₩ lb; refined 5c for 48 ₩ cent.; nitrate soda 4½c; arsenic 3½c; pots 10c; pearls 11c.

APPLES—The supply of really choice apples is light. The supply, however, is on the increase, and a fair article will fetch $3a4 ₩ bbl: extra choice $5. Receipts 27 bbls.

APPLE BUTTER—Demand light and market dull; sales at 60a70c ₩ gallon.

BUTTER—There is a fair inquiry for choice, which may be quoted at 15a17c; inferior not wanted. Receipts 25 packages.

BROOM CORN—Sales are made at 5a8c lb.

BEANS—There is a good local demand with sales at $2 75a3 00a3 25 ₩ bushel.

BROOMS—Fancy $4 00; No. 1, $3 50; No. 2 $3 00; No. 3, $2 25; common $1 75a2 25 ₩ doz.

BAKING POWDER—Banner Baking Powder ¼ lb cans per doz, $1 75; ½ lb do 1 lb do $6 00; 5 lb do $30 00; 10 lb boxes ₩ lb 40c.

BACON AND PROVISIONS—Receipts bacon 332 tierces. There is an active demand at unchanged prices. Following are the figures at which sales were made: Hams, sugar cured, 15c; shoulders, sugar cured, 10c; shoulders, plain, 6½c; rib sides 8c; clear rib sides 8½c; clear sides 9c; breakfast bacon 11½a12½c; dried beef 18½c; mess pork $14 50 per bbl; lard in tierces, 10c; half bbls 10½c; buckets 11½c. Receipts of bacon tierce 790.

CHEESE—Receipts 134 boxes. The market shows more animation, and prices are a shade lower; 10a10½c; Factory 11a11½c; 12a12½c.

COUNTRY CURED BACON—Hams 8a10c ₩ lb; clear sides 6a6½c ₩ lb; shoulders 4½a5c ₩ lb; country lard 7½a8c ₩ lb as per quality.

COAL—The following are the current rates for coal delivered per bushel: Lump, 9a10c; nut coal, 7a8c; slack, 4½c.

CARBON OIL—The demand continues active and we quote standard brands at 20a20½c for round lots. The usual advance from stores.

CEMENT—The market is dull. We quote Beeson's Hydraulic at $2 00a2 25 ₩ bbl; Louisville $2 50a2 75. Calcined plaster $4 00a4 50. Land plaster $3 25a3 50.

CORN MEAL—Sales regular at $3 25 ₩ barrel.

CANNED GOODS—Peaches, (3 lb cans) $6 00a6 50a7 00 ₩ case; tomatoes, $4 50a5 00; corn, $5 50a6 00a7 00 ₩ case as per quality and favor of the brand.

CANDLES—Stearine, 14 ounces, at 13½c; full weight, 16c; star, 14 ounces, 18c; full weight 19½c.

CONCENTRATED LYE—Sales Pennsylvania at $550

GROCERIES—Trade continues very active, and the orders for sugars are specially large. If any of our country friends find difficulty in getting their orders promptly filled, we wish to inform them through this column that it is entirely owing to the inability of our merchants to keep pace with their orders. Coffees have advanced ½c, and we think that another advance will soon be established. We quote as follows:

Coffee—Fancy Rio coffee 25, strictly pure 24c; prime 24c; good 22½c; fair 21½c; roasted in one pound papers 27c.

Refined Sugars—Granulated sugar 13c; Powdered sugar 12c½; A do 12c; B do 11½c; Chesapeake extra C 11½a11½c.

New Orleans Molasses—Prime 80c; good 75c; fair 70c.

Syrups—Union syrup 75c; H & E fancy 65c; H & E extra 60c; H & E No 1 55c.

Rice—Carolina, choice, 9½c; Rangoon, 8c.

Spices—Grain pepper, 23c; allspice 16; Cassia 56c; nutmegs $1 25.

EGGS—There is no change in prices and we continue to quote prime fresh at 20a21c per dozen. The market is fully supplied.

FEATHERS—Sales of No 1 at 78a80c; in round lots with the usual advance from stores. Mixed lots ranged from 40a60c ₩ lb.

FLOUR—Receipts 230 bbls. The stock on hand is becoming reduced, but is still sufficient for all ordinary purposes. Purchasers are shy and only take what will suffice to meet their immediate wants in the belief that ere long prices will rule lower. Old wheat flours are firm at quotations, but spring brands are a little "shaky" and concessions will be made to effect sales. Following are the ruling rates from stores: Snow Flake, bbl $9 50, bags $9 25; Dayton Snow Flake $9; Celebrated White River, bbls 8 50, bags $8 25; Cassetts XXX $8; fair to good spring wheat can be bought at $7 25a7 75. Full prices will be maintained for the year to to come on choice brands of winter wheat flour from all appearances. Mills—National—white wheat $10 50 Pan Handle—southern amber $9 80. Morning Glory—red winter $9 60.

GRAIN—Following are the receipts of wheat, corn and oats, since our last report:

Wheat, sacks	510	Oats, sacks	1,789
Corn, sacks	374	Barley, sacks	171

The market remains in a state of quietude, the sales being so limited that rates are difficult to establish. Sellers and buyers are alike indifferent—the former looking for better prices, and the latter hoping to buy at lower figures. It is useless to speculate upon the future of the grain market, at least not until the harvest has been gathered, and the amount and quality ascertained. We quote as follows: Red winter $1 60; white $1 65. Rye 70c. Oats—White 43c; mixed 41c. Corn—Yellow 62; mixed 61c. Barley nominal.

HAY—The receipts are light and prices are firm. We quote baled on the wharf and depot at $25, 28a30 as to quality.

HOPS—There is an active demand, with sales at 68a70c ₩ lb for '71s.

HUSKS—Demand fair at $100 for No. 1 per ton; No 2 $50 per ton.

LARD OIL—There is a better demand, and at prices a stronger, but not higher. We quote as follows: Extra No. 1 73a75c; No 2 60a62c ₩ gallon.

LIME—Cleveland white $2; Easton $1 75 ₩ bbl.

MILL FEED—There is a moderate demand. We quote middlings $1 80a2 00; seconds $1 45a1 60; shorts $1 15; chopped corn and oats $1 50; chopped corn $1 40; bolted corn meal 75c.

POULTRY—Sales by the coop at 75a85c ₩ pair.

POTATOES—Owing to light receipts prices are firmer, but not quotably higher. Sales are made at $2 25a2 50 per barrel.

PEA NUTS—Sales at 8½c, with the usual advance from store.

RAGS—There is an active demand with sales at 3½a4c.

SALT—By the car load at $1 85; store $2 00 ₩ bbl.

TALLOW—We quote sales of rendered 7½a8c.

WHISKY—Market firm. We quote high wines at 91a93 ₩ gallon.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, SATURDAY, July 13, 1872.

REMARKS—The crude market remains dull, dealers manifesting no inclination to take hold; the result was we have no sales to report here, whilst the nominal rates may be set down at about 9½c. Sales were reported at $3 52½a3 55 at Parkers. These are certainly low figures. For prices in other parts of the oil regions see dispatches.

REFINED.

The market is reported steady, but not very active. We quote: Spot or July 22c; August 22¼.

Sales 500 bbls July..........22c

OIL BARRELS

Prices unchanged, with sales city make $1 80; country $1 70.

[By Western Union Telegraph.]

TITUSVILLE, July 12.—The *Courier* says: The market to-day was dull and weak. We quote as follows:

1,000 bbls upper road, spot	$3 41½
500 bbls upper road, spot	3 50
1,000 bbls upper road, spot	3 45
1,500 bbls lower road, spot	3 52½
500 bbls lower road, spot	3 50
2,500 bbls Oil City, spot	3 65

NEW YORK, July 12, closing 11th.—Crude in bulk is offered freely at 12c, but there is very little demand at this figure; 11½c has been offered for full lots on spot without leading to business; sales in lots embrace 1,500 bbls at 12c; and for forward delivery 2,000 bbls for August 12c; refined neglected, and there is a very unsatisfactory market; we quote at 22a22½c; cases are offered at 27a27½c without sales. For Philadelphia delivery the market is depressed with scarcely any demand; refined 22c; sales 2,000 bbls for July, at 22c.

OIL CITY, July 12.—Market quiet; ordinary on lower road $3 50; 47 gravity at Oil City $3 65.

ROUSEVILLE, July 12.—Market very dull at $3 50.

PETROLEUM CENTER, July 12.—Market dull and unchanged.

TITUSVILLE, July 12.—Market very quiet; $3 47 bid for spot.

PHILADELPHIA, July 12.—Market quiet; S. W. 22c; crude 11½c; cases 26½c; August 22½c; September 22½c.

[By Pacific and Atlantic Line.]

PHILADELPHIA, July 12.—July 21½a22c; August 22½c; crude 11½c.

Crude Oil Received by A. V. R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Barrels.
Fisher Bros	Riverside Oil Works	80
Thomas King	Model Oil Works	388
Owner	Star Oil Works	930
B S Duncan	Standard Oil Works	160
J Bushnell	Lilly Oil Works	474
B S Duncan	American Oil Works	672
Wm Stephenson	Commercial Oil Works	160
H. McKelvey	Vesta Oil Works	80
Thomas King	Keystone Oil Works	160
Thomas King	Brilliant Oil Works	468
J Bushnell	Keystone Oil Works	382
J Bushnell	Brilliant Oil Works	998
Fisher Bros	Commercial Oil Works	450
J Bushnell	Standard Oil Works	308
Wm Stevenson	Peerless Oil Works	450
Wm Stevenson	Commercial Oil Works	234
Wm Stewart	Kier's Oil Works	74

Crude Oil Received by Rail and River.

	Bbls.		Bbls.
Riverside Oil Works	80	Model Oil Works	388
Star Oil Works	930	Standard Oil Works	468
Lilly Oil Works	474	American Oil Works	672
Commercial Oil W'ks	610	Vesta Oil Works	80
Keystone Oil Works	542	Brilliant Oil Works	1,466
Commercial Oil W'ks	450	Peerless Oil Works	450
Kier's Oil Works	74		
Total			6,684

Shipments of Refined Oil East via A. V. R. R., W. P. R. R. and P. R. R.

WEST PENN JUNCTION, July 11, 1872.

Standard Oil Co, 1,586 barrels to Warden, F & Co, Philadelphia.

Lockhart, Frew & Co., 261 bbls to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Braun & Wagner, 150 bbls to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.

Vesta Oil Works, 400 bbls to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

L. Irwin & Co, 415 bbls to Waring, King & Co, Philadelphia.

Central Refining Co, 354 barrels to Logan Bros & Co, Philadelphia.

Citizens Oil Company, 221 bbls to Tack Bros & Co, Philadelphia.

Total..........3,387

Refined Oil Shipped East by W. P. R. R.

A D Miller, 143 bbls to Waring, King & Co. Philadelphia.

COTTON MARKETS.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, July 12.—Cotton dull and unchanged; middling upland 23¼c.

Nashville.

NASHVILLE, July 12.—Cotton dull and unchanged; no sales.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, July 12.—Cotton quiet; good ordinary 20½c; low middling 21½c; middling 22½c.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, July 12.—Flour in improved demand; western superfine $4 50a5 50; extra $6 50a8 50. Wheat very firm; stock scarce; choice white $1 70a1 75; good to prime red $1 60a1 65. Corn dull; mixed western nominal at 60c. Oats active; white western 41c. Rye dull at 60a70c. Provisions strong; mess pork $14. Bacon firm, tending upward. Lard 9a9½c for western. Butter quiet and unchanged. Whisky dull and nominal at 91c.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, July 12.—Flour unchanged. Wheat steady and demand moderate; No. 1 Milwaukee $1 20½; No. 2 do $1 24. Corn—demand fair and market firm at 41½c. Oats—demand fair and prices advanced; No. 2 26½c. Rye steady and demand moderate; No. 1 57c. Barley steady and demand moderate; fall No. 2 58c.

WEEKLY REVIEW OF THE PIG IRON AND BLOOM MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, SATURDAY, July 13, 1872.

The sales for the week, as reported below, indicate an improved condition of the market for pig iron, and shows that consumers are willing to take any lots that are offered at prices below the rate at which makers of good brands of mill iron are holding. But few of the mills are ready to commence puddling, but nearly all are hurrying up their repairs so as to be ready to start as soon as the weather will permit, or the demand for manufactured iron and nails requires. As soon as the mills are ready to work again an active demand for raw irons may be expected.

We are reported the following sales:

Bituminous Coal Smelted from Lake Superior Ore.

1,000 tons gray forge red short	$50 00—4 mos
800 tons gray forge red short	50 00—4 mos
100 tons gray forge red short	50 00—4 mos
200 tons gray neutral	50 00—4 mos
900 tons cold short forge	50 00—6 mos
500 tons gray forge red short	50 00—4 mos

Anthracite.

650 tons gray forge	48 00—5 mos
400 tons red short forge	50 00—4 mos
150 tons gray forge	47 50—4 mos
100 tons white forge	45 00—5 mos
100 tons white mottled	46 00—5 mos
50 tons No. 1 foundry	$54 00—4 mos
500 tons neutral forge	48 00—4 mos

Eastern Coke.

200 tons mottled neutral	$46 00—4 mos
300 tons mottled neutral	46 00—5 mos

Connellsville Coke.

100 tons No 1 foundry, Dunbar, to arrive	52 00—4 mos
50 tons No 1 foundry, Dunbar, to arrive	51 00—4 mos
70 tons white iron, Dunbar, from yrrd.	46 00—4 mos
50 tons No 1 foundry, Dunbar from yard	53 00—4 mos

Ore.

2,000 tons Lake Superior ore	p. t.

Receipts of Blooms, Pig Metal, and Ore.

Following are the receipts of metal for the past twenty-four hours:

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, P. R. R. CO., LESSEE.

	Cars.		Cars
Nimick & Co, m	5	J Painter & Sons, m	1
Pittsburgh Forge Co, m	3	Shoenberger B & Co, o	11
Brown & Co, m	3	Harbaugh, M & O, m	3
Lewis, O & P, m	5	Isabella Furnace Co, o	16
Total			59

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
J W Porter	8	J Moorhead, m	4
J Painter & Sons, m	4		
Total			16

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

	Cars.		Cars.
Shoenberger, B & Co, o	16	Lucy Furnace, o	22
McKnight & Co. o	3		
Total			41

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS R. R.

	Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, m	2	Loomis & Co, m	1
Shoenberger B & Co, o	1		
Total			4

WEST PENN RAILROAD.

	Cars.
Isabella Furnace Co, o	18

PIG IRON, ORE AND BLOOM RECEIPTS.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL, SATURDAY, July 13, 1872.

The following abstract shows the relative amounts of raw irons received in this city by river and and rail, for the six months ending July 1st. It may be proper to remark that the low stage of water in the Ohio river during a portion of the time prevented a large amount from arriving that was purchased for this market. The receipts for previous years are also given. The increase, as will be perceived, is large. The net increase by rail, as compared with the first six months in 1871, was 80,590 tons, and as compared with 1870, was 141,780 tons.

Recapitulation.

From January to July	1870. Cars.	1871. Cars.	1872. Cars
P. F. W. and C. R. R.	4,550	8,872	9,233
P. C. R. R.	3,815	3,136	9,427
Cleveland & P'gh	2,446	3,881	4,078
Allegheny Valley R. R.	332	661	561
P'gh & Connellsville	155	382	1,125
P'gh, Cin. & St. L.	....	78	420
West Penn	....	409	632
Total cars	11,298	17,419	25,476
Total tons	112,980	174,190	254,760

Pig Iron, Ore and Bloom Receipts by the Ohio River from January to June, 1872, Also, Previous Years.

	Ore.	Pig Iron.	Blooms.	Total.
January, tons	1,700	1,143	....	2,843
February, tons	1,225	400	....	1,625
March, tons	600	257	....	857
April, tons	7,600	2,467	300	10,367
May, tons	5,340	1,644	26	7,010
June, tons	7,075	5,195	200	12,470
Total tons	23,540	11,106	526	35,172
Jan'y to July, 1871	17,250	17,081	820	35,151

Grand total.	1871, Tons.	1872, Tons.
River Receipts Jan'y to June 30	35,151	35,172
Rail Receipts Jan'y to June 30	174,190	254,760
Total	209,341	289,932

Pig Iron, Ore and Bloom Receipts by Rail.

PITTSBURGH FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD.

January to June 30, 1871.	Cars.	January to June 30, 1872.	Cars.
Nimick & Co	3,096	Nimick & Co	2,603
J. Wood, Sons & Co	55	J. Wood, Sons & Co	526
Bryan & Caughey	560	J. A. Caughey	192
J. W. Porter	110	J. W. Porter	214
Brown & Co	40	Brown & Co	127
John Moorhead	23	John Moorhead	48
Wm. Smith	26	Wm. Smith	191
Pittsburgh F. Works	161	Pittsburgh F. Works	9
Superior Mills	217	Superior Mills	127
Hallman & H.	1,257	Hallman & H.	685
Everson, P. & Co	73	Everson, G. & Co	57
Union Mills	276	Union Mills	11
Zug & Co	19	Zug & Co	374
Coleman, R. & Co	260	Coleman, R. & Co	184
Reese, Graff & Co	183	Reese, Graff & Co	112
Carnagie, K. & Co	20	Paul Jones	101
Lindsay & McC	34	Lindsay & McC	95
Robinson, Rea & Co	127	Robinson, R. & Co	22
Spang, C. & Co	129	Spang, C. & Co	277
Totten & Co	15	Meredith, F. & Co	64
Lewis, Bailey, Dalzell & Co	187	Lewis, Bailey, Dalzell Co	246
Jones & Laughlins	98	Jones & Laughlins	26
Rodgers & Burchfield	40	Rodgers & Burchfield	41
Byers, McCullough & Co	85	Byers, McCullough & Co	45
Wharton Bros	18	Wharton Bros	23
Shoenberger, Blair & Co	142	Shoenberger, B. & Co	419
Wm. Clark & Co	10	Wm. Clark & Co	52
Graff, Bennett & Co	200	Graff, Bennett & Co	468
Lewis, Oliver & P	211	Lewis, Oliver & P	31
J. Reamer	2	J. Reamer	135
Lloyd & Black	11	Lucy Furnace	6
Various consignees	137	Siberia Iron Works	9
		Isabella Furnace	483
		Harbaugh, M. & Co	236
		J. Painter & Sons	166
		Cambria Iron Works	123
		Chess, Smyth & Co	118
		Loomis & C	30
		Wilson, Graff & Co	22
		Dickson, M & C	19
		Hussey, Wells & Co	19
		Park Bros	30
		Various consignees	74
Total cars	8,872	Total cars	9,233

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

January to June 30, 1871.		January to June 30, 1872.	
John Moorhead	985	John Moorhead	1,511
Nimick & Co	294	Nimick & Co	546
Bryan & Caughey	161	J. A. Caughey	526
J. Reamer	496	J. Reamer	779
R. Wister	91	R. Wister	248
Lloyd & Black	21	Lloyd & Black	78
J. W. Porter	438	J. W. Porter	839
Hallman & H	318	Hallman & H	157
Lewis, Oliver & P	21	Lewis, Oliver & P	19
H. Critchlow	74	H. Critchlow	20
J. Wood, Sons & Co	159	J. Wood's Sons & Co	167
Brown & Co	2	Brown & Co	139
Jones & Laughlins	14	Jones & Laughlins	31
Various Consignees	72	Shoenberger, B. & Co	20
		J. Marshall	50
		Coleman, R. & Co	25
		Malin & B	84
		Byers, McC. & Co	10
		T. F. Smith	15
		Moorhead & Co	11
		Dilworth, Porter & Co	36
		Wm. Clark & Co	6
		Totten & Co	15
		Wharton Bros	24
		McIntosh, H. & Co	5
		Various	10
Total for 1871	3,136	Total for 1872	9,427

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

January to June 30, 1871.		January to June 30, 1872.	Cars.
Shoenberger, B. & Co	1,166	Shoenberger, B & Co	1,198
Nimick & Co	227	Nimick & Co	245
Wharton Bros	26	Wharton Bros	52
Loomis & Collard	4	Loomis & Collard	43
Hussey, Wells & Co	59	Hussey, Wells & Co	8
Wilson, Glass & Co	46	Wilson, Glass & Co	63
Reese, Graff & Co	54	Rees, Graff & Co	57
Carnagie, K. & Co	149	Carnagie, K. & Co	22
Bryan & Caughey	85	J. A. Caughey	41
Coleman, R. & Co	122	Coleman, R. & Co	55
Everson, P. & Co	43	Everson, G. & Co	19
Hallman & H	142	Hallman & H	74
Jones & Laughlins	33	Jones & Laughlins	71
Pittsburgh Bolt W	41	Pittsburgh Bolt W	90
Wm. Clark & Co	20	Wm. Clark & Co	26
Brown & Musgrave	14	J. W. Porter	4
Dilworth, P. & Co	22	Dilworth, P. & Co	28
Union Mills	42	Union Mills	53
McKnight, P. & Co	214	McKnight, P. & Co	236
J. Reamer	14	Pittsb'gh Forge W	4
John Moorhead	105	John Moorhead	151
Zug & Co	40	Zug & Co	93
J. Wood, Sons & Co	29	J. Wood, Sons & Co	20
Park Bros	6	Park Bros	9
Wm. Smith	37	Wm. Smith	25
Brown & Co	14	Brown & Co	35
Graff, B & Co	11	Graff, B. & Co	152
McKnight & Co	157	McKnight & Co	87
J Painter & Sons	43	Painter & Sons	9
Harbaugh, M. & Co	4	Isabella Furnace	178
Lewis, Oliver & P	6	Lewis, O. & P	105
Byers, McC. & Co	29	Byers, McC. & Co	6
Various Consignees	57	Lucy Furnace	240
		McIntosh, H. & Co	8
		Lewis, B., D. & Co	38
		Kloman, C. & Co	226
		Spang, C. & Co	44
		Wm. Clark & Co	21
		Moorhead & Co	67
		Various consignees	95
Total, 1871	3,881	Total, 1872	4,078

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

January to June 30, 1871.	Cars.	January to June 30, 1872.	Cars.
Lewis, O. & P	71	Lewis, O. & P	116
Shoenberger, B. & Co	10	Shoenberger, B. & Co	7
Wm. Smith	42	Wm. Smith	4
McKnight, P. & Co	37	McKnight, P. & Co	9
Reese, Graff & Co	13	Reese, Graff & Co	13
J. Moorhead	215	J. Moorhead	116
Brown & Co	22	Brown & Co	16
Graff, Bennett & Co	35	Graff, B. & Co	14
Byers, McC. & Co	19	Byers, McC. & Co	28
J. W. Porter	4	Lindsay & McC	12
Totten & Co	7	Wm. Clark & Co	12
H. Woodsides	8	H. Woodsides	23
McKnight & Co	51	McKnight & Co	96
Carnagie, K. & Co	86	Anderson & Woods	23
Coleman, R. Co	15	J. Marshall	29
J. Wood, Sons & Co	4	Zug & Co	16
Various consignees	16	Spang, C. & Co	8
		Jones & L	13
		Various consignees	12
Total	661	Total	561

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.

January to June 30, 1871.	Cars.	January to June 30, 1872.	Cars.
H. Childs	4	Childs & Bro	500
Lewis, Oliver & P	25	J. W. Porter	256
Lloyd & Black	25	Hallman & H	323
Lyon, Shorb & Co	55	Pittsburgh Bolt W'ks	43
John Moorhead	141	Various	3
Everson, P. & Co	10		
Robinson, Rea & Co	3		
Hallman & H	52		
W. J. Anderson	12		
Fort Pitt Works	8		
Painter & Sons	22		
Byers, McC. & Co	9		
Loomis & Co	2		
Various	14		
Total	382	Total	1,125

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD.

January to June 30, 1871.	Cars.	January to June 30, 1872.	Cars.
Nimick & Co	69	Nimick & Co	77
J. Moorhead	2	J. W. Porter	124
W. J. Anderson	1	Shoenberger, B. & Co	6
Hallman & H	4	Hallman & H	169
Louis, O. & P	2	Loomis & Co	10
		R. Wister	21
		Various	13
Total	78	Total	420

WEST PENN RAILROAD.

January to June 30, 1871.	Cars	January to June 30, 1872.	Cars.
John Moorhead	226	John Moorhead	169
Spang, C. & Co	95	Spang, C. & Co	78
Graff, B. & Co	64	Graff, B. & Co	91
Lewis, B., D. & Co	22	J Reamer	72
Lowrey & McK	2	J. W. Porter	36
		Isabella Furnace	184
		Marshall & Co	2
Total	409	Total	632

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, FRIDAY, July 12, 1872.

Cattle.

The receipts of cattle to-day are light, both of through stock and those intended for sale at this point. The number of buyers here now is not large, and the market rules rather inactive. Prime stock is in the best demand this week, and the prices on them rule better than on common and inferior grades of stock. At the present time it seems hard to sell such stock as common steers, bulls, cows, &c. Heifers, if very good, sell, but not for big prices. Following are the rates current on the different grades and kinds: Extra 1,400 to 1,500 lbs steers, $6 75 to $6 85; prime 1,300 steers, $6 50 to $6 62; good 1,200 steers, $6 00 to $6 25; fair 1,100 steers, $5 75 to $6 00; common 1,000 steers, $5 00 to $5 50; bulls, cows, &c., $2 50 to $4 00.

Hogs.

The arrivals of hogs to-day are not heavy. The market, however, under the influence of a diminished demand is not quite as good as yesterday, and though sales are made pretty soon after stock arrives, the figures are from 5 to 10c lower. Following are the rates which holders are asking and obtaining for the different kinds of hogs: Extra Philadelphia $4 50 to $4 55; prime Philadelphia $4 40 to $4 45; good Yorkers $4 25 to $4 30; common $4 10 to $4 15; roughs $4 00.

Sheep.

The receipts of sheep to-day amounted to six loads all sold. Buyers left for the East yesterday, and with no demand the market rules dull though prices are no lower.

Good sheep sell at better prices than last week, and as they are not offered as freely the prices are fully ½c better.

Following are the rates current: Extra, 90 lbs fine wool sheep, $5 25 to $5 30; prime, 85 lbs, fine wool, $4 75 to $5 15; good, 80 lbs, fine wool, $4 50 to $4 75; fair, 75 lbs, fine wool, $4 50 to $4 65; common, $3 50 to $4 00.

IRON MARKETS.

IRONTON.

July 10.—The demand is brisk and prices remain firm. Most of the best furnaces are "sold up" to their best stock, in some cases for several weeks ahead. We quote Mill at $45a47; foundry at $49a51; cold blast car wheel, $62a65.

During the six months ending July 1st, the Belfont Iron Works of our city, E. M. Norton, President, made net earnings of 24½ ₩ cent. on their capital stock of $500,000, with the prospect of better results in the ensuing six months. How is that for high?

The Ironton Mill has begun the erection of two of the eight new boiling furnaces that they propose erecting.—*Journal.*

Shipment of pig iron from Riverton, Kentucky, for the week ending June 20, 1872:
Pennsylvania, 10½ tons mill to Portsmouth.
Buffalo, 9 tons mill to Cincinnati.
Buffalo, 8 tons S. Grey, to Cincinnati.
Buffalo, 27½ tons foundry, to Cincinnati.
Laurel, 46 tons mill to Ironton.
Laurel, 11 tons S. Grey to Ironton.
Mt. Savage, 20 tons foundry to Cincinnati.
—*Greenup Independent.*

CLEVELAND.

July 10.—Pig—Business is reported dull, owing to the fact that mills are in the midst of their semi-annual work of taking inventory. A reduction of $1 is reported for Missouri charcoal. The other brands are quiet and steady, though there is a feeling that indicates a possible decline. Both pig and ore are being received in large quantities from Lake Superior. We quote: Scotch pig $55 (ninety days); Tuscarawas (soft foundry) $53; Massillon $53; Lake Superior charcoal No. 1 $56; do No. 2 $55; do Nos. 3, 4 and 5, $57; Anthracite foundry No. 1 $55; Lake Superior (bituminous coal) No. 1 $55; do No. 2 $54; Salisbury (for car wheels) Nos. 3 and 4 $65; Hanging Rock $58; Forge $541 the foregoing all 4 mos.; Missouri charcoal $ 56.

NEW YORK.

July 10.—The market for Scotch pig is dull and depressed, notwithstanding the recent advances in price of the several brands on the other side. Importers, however, still show no desire to sell to any extent, preferring to store, rather than sell at present rates. Sales are 150 tons Glengarnock at about $50; 300 do Eglinton, and 100 do Carnbroe, on private (the latter understood to be about $46 50), and a few lots of outside brands, supposed within our range. We quote as extremes, $47a52. Prime Lehigh brands of No 2 and gray forge are more plenty, and prices somewhat irregular and nominal; we quote No 1 $52a55, and No 2 $50a51, with sales of 200 tons of each on terms we did not learn. Gray forge is nominal at $48a49. Rails are quiet at $72a73 for new English, and $49a50 for old, both gold. Scrap iron is quiet at previous rates; we understand about 1,000 tons has changed hands on private terms. Our market for bar, &c., is steady and firm at previous figures, though one mill in Philadelphia (the Phœnix) has advanced refined bar to 4 8-10c, an advance of 2-10c. Russian sheet 18c, gold.

Import of iron into New York, from Jan. 1 to June 30, 1872:

	Bar. Tons.	Pig. Tons.	Sheet, &c. Bdls.
From foreign ports	7,976	49,431	167,135
Coastwise	30	196	388
Total	8,006	49,627	167,523
Same time, 1871	9,532	41,732	162,859

—*Commercial List.*

A Liverpool paper of a late date says: The Wolverhampton reports state that, pending the settlement of the wages question, the iron masters are reluctant to enter into fresh engagements, and the new business doing is of very limited extent. Quotations are, however, as might be expected, exceedingly well supported, both for pig and finished iron, and indications are not wanting that higher figures will shortly be realized.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, July 12, 1872.

FLOUR—Quiet; some inquiry for low grades; nominally unchanged.

GRAIN—Wheat steady for August at $1 17¼, cash; irregular $1 26a1 26½; No 1 $1 26½; No 3 $1 09a1 10. Corn easier at 41½c; fresh 40½a41c, seller July; 42c seller August; 43a43½c seller September; rejected 37½c. Oats firmer and higher at 26½a26½c, cash and seller July; 26½c seller August. Rye stronger; sales of No 2 at 60c; offerings light. Barley steady; No 2 58c; regular 55a56c, seller September.

PROVISIONS—Pork firmer and active; sales at $14 10, cash, seller July, closing at $14a14 05; $13 70a13 75 seller August. Lard inactive; winter 8½a9c. S. P. hams strong; reported sales of winter at 12½c. Meats firm; sales of shoulders at 5c; short ribs held at 5½a7c.

WHISKY—Strong; held at 88c; sales at 87½c.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, July 12.—Cotton higher; middling upland 24½c. Flour firmer; superfine western and State $5 10a5 65; common to good $5 85a6 30; good to choice $6 35a7 25; white wheat extra $7 20a8 75. Rye flour firmer at $4 00a5 00. Corn meal unchanged. Whiskey at 92½a93c. Wheat better; No 2 Chicago $1 43½; No 2, afloat, $1 52½a1 53; winter red western $1 55. Rye steady; western 77½a78c. Barley and malt unchanged. Corn a shade better and in light supply; steamer, mixed western 58a60c; sales at 62a63c; yellow western 63a64c. Oats firm and fairly active; western 43a44½c; Ohio 44a46c. Eggs, hay and hops unchanged. Coffee quiet; Rio 16½a19½c. Sugar firm; fair to good refining 8½a9c. Rice firm. Molasses firm; Cuba 32a36c. Petroleum—crude 11½a12c; refined 22a22½c. Turpentine quiet at 47½c. Provisions—pork firmer; mess $13 55a13 60; prime $16 65a17 25; prime mess $12 25a12 50. Beef and cut meats unchanged. Lard dull; No 1 to prime steam 8½a8½c; new 9½a9½c; old kettle 9½c. Butter dull; western 10a16c. Cheese heavy at 9a10½c.

New York Live Stock Market.

NEW YORK, July 12.—Beeves—Receipts to-day only 200, but enough for the market; there were 7,500 for the week, against 9,900 one week ago. Fair market for good stock at 12½c for a car of 8½ cwt Kentucky; 11½a12½c for four cars of 7½ cwt Ohio; 8c, 56 lbs per cwt, for three cars thin Ohio of 1,000 lbs gross.

Sheep—Receipts 3,600 to-day, making 15,500 for the week, against 20,000 last week; very strong market for fat lambs, or 13a13½c for Jerseys and 10a12½c for western and Canadas; car coarse, 85 lbs, Ohio sheep 5½c; car fair, 80 lbs, 5½c; lot, 90 lbs, State 6½c; deck Canada lambs, 60 lbs, 11½c; car Kentucky prime, 65 lbs, 12½c; lot extra Jerseys, 73 lbs, 13½c; lambs expected to decline.

Hogs—Receipts to-day only 15 cars, or 22,400 since Saturday, against 30,300 same time last week; this light run, with cooler weather, caused heavy dressed to advance to 5½c; light selling at 6c.

Buffalo Live Stock Market.

BUFFALO, July 12.—Cattle—Receipts to-day 187, making the total supply for the week 9,129, against 5,746 same time last week. Market lifeless, few dealers in attendance; sales not sufficient to make quotations, and an unusually large number of cattle in the yards for the last of the week; 16 Ohio, 1,044 lbs, $4 to $5 per head, premium; 88 Illinois, 1,064 to 1,243 lbs, at $4 30 to $5 50. Sheep—receipts to-day 5,800, against 15,200 same time last week. Market firm at $8 00a9 75 for Canada lambs; $5 00 for Canada sheep; western sheep heavy at $4 00a5 25, according to weight and quality; 335 Ohio, 84 lbs, at $4 50a4 60; 80 Ohio lambs at $6 50; all offerings disposed of, and the yards bare. Hogs—receipts to-day 400, making the supply for the week 10,600, against 14,300 last week. Market unsettled at $4 12½; 125 Michigan, 179 lbs, at $4 12½; 223 do, 190 lbs, at $4 12½.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, July 12.—Flour steady at $7a7 50. Wheat steady; demand moderate at $1 50; new red $1 40. Corn—demand fair and market firm at 51c. Oats dull and prices nominal at 30a36c. Barley dull and unchanged. Oil unchanged and steady. Pork dull and unchanged; held higher; no buyers; regular held at $13. Lard dull and nominal; summer 7½a7½c; steam 8½a8½c; kettle 8½a9c. Bulk meats—demand good at full prices; shoulders 5c; rib 6½c; clear rib large sales at 7c; clear 7½c. Bacon—demand good at full prices; shoulders 5½c; clear rib 7½c; clear sold at 8c. Hams, sugar cured in good demand at 13½a14c. Hogs steady and demand moderate at $4 10a4 50. Whisky in fair demand and prices have advanced to 87c.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, July 12.—Dry Goods—An increased movement of goods in first hands is noticeable today, buyers purchasing moderately. It is conceded there must be a decline in prices of cotton goods before any considerable quantity of them can be moved, and as the views of holders are not as strong, we may look for a more decided movement in cotton goods by the middle of the coming week. Some woolen houses report large sales of cloths, cassimeres and coatings; satinets are stagnant; flannels are moving slowly at a decline from April prices.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, July 12.—Flour steady and in moderate demand. Wheat opened active and closed higher; amber Michigan $1 53½; seller July $1 53; seller August $1 37½; buyer August $1 51½; No. 1 red winter, canal, $1 50, seller August. Corn firmer and a shade higher; mixed 51½c; buyer August 52c; seller September, low mixed, 46½c; yellow 47a48c; Michigan 46c. Oats firm; No 1 34c; No 2 31½c. Pork and lard—nothing doing.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, July 12.—Flour flat; Wisconsin and Minnesota $7 00a8 0; Indiana and Ohio $8 25a8 75. Wheat firmer; red $1 60a1 70. Rye dull. Corn dull; yellow, 62a66c; mixed western, 61½c. Oats steady; white 42a43c; mixed 39a40c. Petroleum—crude 15⅞a16c; refined 22c. Whisky 91a91½c.

Albany Live Stock Market.

ALBANY, N. Y., July 12.—The cattle market opened with a good supply of average good quality; there was a decline equal to from ¼a⅜c; range of prices at from $5 75a6 87½. The demand for milch

Cleveland Market.

CLEVELAND, July 12.—Wheat more active and 3c higher; No 1 red winter $1 53; No 2 $1 43. Corn firmer and higher; mixed 48c. Oats firmer at 35c. Petroleum—refined easy and prices unchanged.

New Orleans Grocery Market.

NEW ORLEANS, July 12.—Sugar quiet; good to fully fair 9½a10c. Molasses—No receipts. Coffee 17a19½c.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, July 12.—Tobacco unchanged. Cotton moderate; middling 23½c.

D. EINSTEIN..........E. FIATKOWSKI.

D. EINSTEIN & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO D. S. ERB & CO.,

Wholesale Jobbers of

Cigars, Tobaccos and Smokers' Articles.

348 LIBERTY ST., PITTSBURGH, PA.

ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

New York Finance and Trade.

Gold Closed at 113⅞@114.

NEW YORK, July 12—P. M.

MONEY.

Money easy at 3 to 5 per cent.

GOLD.

Gold steady at 113⅞a114. Loans 3 to 4 per cent. for carrying. Clearings $27,000,000. Treasury disbursements $626,000; engagements for export tomorrow $1,560,000.

GOVERNMENTS.

Governments quiet and strong at the following quotations:

U.S.6s 1881	115⅞a115⅞	5-20s, 1867	115⅛a115⅛
U.S.6s1881,cps	117⅝a117⅞	5-20s, 1868 cps	114⅝a115
5-20s, 1862	115 a115⅛	10-40s	113⅞a111⅞
5-20s, 1864	115 a115⅛	10-40s, cupons	112⅞a112⅞
5-20s, 1865	115⅛a115⅛	Currency 6s	114⅞a114⅞
5-20s,1865, new	113⅞a114	New 5s	113⅜

STATE BONDS.

State bonds ⅛ per cent. lower, closing steady at the following prices:

Tennessees, old	74⅞	S. Carolinas, July	28⅜
Tennessees, new	74⅞	S. Carolinas, April	26
Missouri 6s	94⅞		

THE STOCK EXCHANGE.

Stocks dull and steady, with great strength in Pacific Mail, New York Central, and Northwest. The following were the closing quotations:

N. Y. Central	98⅛	Union Pacific	37⅞
Erie	54⅜	Quicksilver	43
Mich. Southern	93	Illinois Central	138
N. W. Common	73⅞	Cleveland & Pittsbg.	91
do pref	90⅞	Rock Island	111⅞
Pacific Mail	75⅜	Toledo & Wabash	75
Western Union	75⅞	Fort Wayne	96⅜
St. Paul	53⅞	Chicago and Alton	117⅞
do pref	78	Ohio and Mississippi	45⅞

OCEAN STEAMERS.

Date of Departure from New York.

1872.

Batavia	July 13	Liverpool.
Ville de Paris	July 13	Liverpool.
Australia	July 13	Liverpool.
Baltic	July 13	Liverpool.
Scotia	July 17	Liverpool.
Britannia	July 17	Liverpool.
Algeria	July 20	Liverpool.
Columbia	July 20	Liverpool.
Assyria	July 24	Liverpool.
Saint Laurent	July 27	France.
Europa	July 27	Liverpool.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Greensboro, Pa.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

GREENSBORO, PA., July 12, 1872.

River stationary, with two feet of water in the channel. Weather clear; thermometer 82 at 6 P. M. F.

Brownsville, Pa.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

BROWNSVILLE, PA., July 12, 1872.

River stationary, with three feet water in the channel. Weather cloudy; thermometer 79 at 6 P. M. C.

Wheeling, W. Va.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WHEELING, W. VA., July 12, 1872.

Several showers to-day; weather cloudy and pleasant this evening, with indications of more rain. River three feet one inch and falling slowly. The Science left for Parkersburg at 3 P. M. M.

For Latest River Dispatches See Outside.

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

Arrived.

E. Bennett	Z. W. Carmack	Geneva.
Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.
Chieftain	Hendricks	Geneva.
Geneva	Phillips	Geneva.

Departed.

E. Bennett	Z. W. Carmack	Geneva.
Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.
Chieftain	Hendricks	Geneva.
West Virginia	Donaldson	Geneva.

Monongahela two feet two inches and rising.

Boats to Leave To-day.

Brownsville and Geneva, U. S. M.,	8 A. M. and 5 P. M.	
Elizabeth	Elizabeth	Houghton, 3 P. M.
Geneva	West Virginia	Donaldson 3 P. M.

THE marks last evening indicated two feet two inches and rising. There were steady rains during the forenoon; late in the day it was cloudy with indications of more rain; a coal boat rise would be acceptable.

CAPTAIN MARSH telegraphed that he can make a third trip to Benton this year.

THE old Liberty is on the ways at Mound City, being converted into a wharfboat for Bayou Sara. Her guards are being cut off, etc.

THE Active struck a snag in Kanawha a few days ago, breaking several timbers, rendering it necessary for her to go on the docks for repairs.

CAIRO, July 10.—The Tyrone was sold to-day for $6,025 to Thaddeus Davis. Diver Hill went to Louisville by rail this afternoon. The C. R. Church has laid up here.

THE Katie P. Kountz is in luck; arrived at Benton with a good load; left there last Sunday with sixty-five passengers—twice as many as the best preceeding trip of the season.

THE well known packet West Virginia, Captain Donaldson, takes her departure this day at 3 P. M. for Brownsville and Geneva. For any further information call on or address S. R. Patterson, on the wharfboat.

CAPTAIN JOHN COWDEN is still sanguine concerning the final resurrection of the old steamer Thomas Jefferson, sunk nearly forty years ago, at St. Francis Island, eighty miles below Memphis, and now buried forty feet under ground.

THE steamer Lucy Coker has been purchased at Chattanooga, Tennessee, by Allison and Smith Bros., who have had her thoroughly repaired. She will be ready to take her place as the United States mail packet about the 20th of this month.

THE U. S. Mail packets on the slackwater leave daily at 8 A. M. and 5 P. M. These boats are side-wheelers, and were built expressly for the trade, and are in charge of careful and attentive officers. For further information call on Captain A. S. Carlile on the wharfboat.

BURNING OF THE STEAMER ELLA MAY.—The steamer Ella May, which left Mobile on Monday of last week, took fire at Le Baron's wharf, at Pensacola, on the morning of the 3d inst., and was totally destroyed. She was owned by Captains Bates and Campbell, and was uninsured.

IT is probable that before long the usual notice to be seen on board steamboats, "No smoking abaft the funnel," will have to be discontinued, owing to the absence of any funnel abaft where smoking can be prohibited. Smokers will simply be requested to discharge their smoke into the water.

ST. LOUIS, July 10.—Fine shower this evening and weather cool. River falling. Business fair. The new wharfboat brought here by Capt. W. J. Kountz was placed in position to-day at the foot of Myrtle street. There are now four distinct lines operating between this city and New Orleans. Rates to points South will be advanced soon.

THE Davenport *Gazette* says: One morning last week, the steamer S. S. Merrill, of the N. W. U. Line, on her arrival at Keokuk from above, was levied upon by an execution from the Supreme Court of Iowa, to satisfy a judgment against the company in favor of the National Bank of Keokuk. The suit was brought to recover damages for the loss of a barge load of grain, which was sunk at the Quincy bridge. She was subsequently released on an injunction, and proceeded on her trip.

THURSDAY'S Cincinnati *Enquirer* says: The old steamers of the Memphis Packet Company were sold at public auction yesterday. The Alice Dean was purchased by Captain C. G. Pearce for $7,700; the Robert Burns by Captain H. A. Jones for $6,900; and the Silver Moon by Captain C. G. Pearce for $3,775. The Edinburgh was sold Tuesday to Captain Albert Thomas, an old Arkansas river steamboat-man, for $4'100. Captain Thomas retired from the river several years ago, and has since been farming in Campbell county, Kentucky. He will place the Edinburgh in the Arkansas river trade.

THE New Orleans *Times* of Monday says: "Visiting Carrollton yesterday we saw a couple of vessels lying broadside on the wharf, recently placed there, and on examination as to the cause of it we learned that both of these vessels were ladened with railroad iron, which is to be discharged there. This is rather a long distance from our steamboat landing to accommodate the western packets, which are to take the iron westward, and packets taking iron will have to leave the wharf at an early hour in the morning to go that distance and get on a cargo of it and return in time to leave the next day. There is, however, one important item in favor of vessels landing at Carrollton, and that is, they have no wharfage to pay, it being a free port."

THE St. Louis *Republican*, of Tuesday, says: Laborers on the levee are as scarce as "hen's teeth." The sun is too hot. There were three strikes among the laborers on the steamer Bismarck yesterday—cause, the weather was too hot and the sacks of oats too big. There are a number of shippers who do not handle grain bags with their own tender digits, have no conscience about the size of the bags, and are now sending forward grain in sacks which when filled weigh more than 260 lbs, on an average. Of course no set of laborers like to attack such enormous burdens with the thermometer standing at ninety in the shade. The consequence of all of which is that steamboatmen are subject to much annoyance on account of strikes among the laborers on the levee. It is generally conceded among our lower river steamboatmen that the thing is just a little too heavy, and that forwarders will have to descend a peg or two in the size of their bags or they will not find transportation.

ACCORDING to the *Swiss Times*, two Austrian marine officers and a marine engineer have discovered by united experiments a method of conveying away under water the smoke from the steam engine, instead of through a funnel into the air. They make use of double ventilators, which compresses the smoke and forces it overboard. For propelling these ventilators they employ, according to circumstances, either water power—that is, the pressure of the water between the surface of the water and the place where this apparatus is fixed—or, for smaller vessels, steam power. The advantages of this discovery are the greater security of ships of war, as in armor-plated ships the only vulnerable part, the funnel, will be taken away. Other advantages will be the saving of space now occupied by the passage of the funnel through every deck, as well as security against danger from fire; complete regulation of the draught, and, in consequence of that, the application of a method for consuming the smoke, thereby effecting a saving of fuel; and, finally, better ventilation of the boiler.

SIOUX CITY, IOWA.—The E. H. Durfee will clear for Buford this evening with government stores and 100 recruits for the 7th infantry. The Durfee will take the recruits only as far as Randall, from which point they will proceed to their destination, Fort Shaw, by the steamer Key West. The long agony is over, and the Far West is into Benton ahead of the Nellie Peck. The Nellie left here at daylight on the morning of the 9th ult., and the Far West followed at 11:30 A. M. on the 12th. It was generally conceded that the Far West would beat the Nellie's time, but a good deal of money was wagered upon the first arrival at Benton, and the most we can do is to condole with those who backed the Nellie, and offer our congratulations to those who staked their money on the gallant Far West. John H. Charles received a dispatch from Fort Benton, dated July 2d, from the clerk of the Far West, the exact language of which is as follows: "Arrived here first, Sunday morning, seventeen days and twenty hours out. Jas. L. Earle." The run of the Far West is something unheard of on the Missouri river, as the best time heretofore, from Sioux City to Benton, was a little less than twenty-three days.
—*Journal*, 6th.

WE copy the following from the Louisville *Courier-Journal*, of Wednesday: There is considerable complaint among steamboatmen concerning the advance in the cost of constructing steamboats this season. There has been a heavy advance in the price of iron, which compels a corresponding increase in the price of machinery. As, however, the cost of labor has not increased, and as that constitutes the heaviest part of the expense, the cost of the finished machinery, the manufacturers say, has not been increased at the same per cent. as the cost of the rough metal. Last fall pig iron cost $38 per ton; this season it brings $53 per ton. Last fall bar iron sold at 3½ cents per pound; this season it brings 4½ cents. A prominent manufacturer told us yesterday that the machinery of the John Howard cost about $11,000, and that he would duplicate it this season for an advance of $1,000. The machinery of the Maria Louise was built last fall for $14,000. The same party says he is ready to duplicate it for $15,000. The advance in the case of the Howard is less than 10 per cent. In the case of the Maria Louise it is about 7 per cent. On the other hand, the increase in the cost of bar iron is about 35 per cent., and in the cost of pig iron about 39 per cent. We get these figures from the manufacturers, who claim that their advance is not really as much as is justified by the increase in the cost of metal. The steamboatmen, however, take a somewhat different view of the matter, claiming that the increase in the cost of manufacturing boats is put on the manufacture of their machinery, and is too heavy to be borne.

IMPORTS BY RAIL AND RIVER.

Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago R. R.

Voigt, Mahood & co, 2 bbls bacon, 1 bbl eggs; Jas O'Brien, 2 bbl eggs 1 sk d apples; Jno Henclifle, 1 car stone; Jno Riley, 9 emp cars; Totton & co, lot old castings; Keystone Bridge Co, 1 iron post; England & B, 80 boxes h nails; H M Boyle 2 boxes ware; L J Blanchard, 2 cases crackers; J C Struckler, 6 bbls oat meal; Martland G & Co, 3 boxes glass; Sands & R, 1 box tin ware; Daniel Kinger, 3 boxes lasts; Jno Stromel, 2 boxes lasts; West & B, 1 roll leather belting; J J Gillespie 1 box frames; McElroy & M, harness; W H Graff & co, 58 bbls eggs, 15 kegs butter; C G McMillen, 1 car pipe; N J Braden, 65 boxes cheese; Allen Kirkpatrick, 50 bbls vinegar; P H Laufman, 1 case handles; Daniel Wallace 100 bbls flour; Jas Frost, 1 car s steel; Sam'l Hare & son, lot agricultural implements: H H Edsall 22 sks rags, 7 boxes old paper; Carter Bros, 3 boxes cigars; Kramer & b, 5 bbls vinegar; Lindsay & co, 1 bx cutlery; Enterprise Glass Co, 28 bxs f jars, 17 do h ware; J D Strasberger, 5 bxs f jars; Myers & A, 98 bdls shovels; Arnon, N & co, 22 bxs rivets; J P Smith & co, 39 bxs f jars; Graff & Sons, lot sundries; Loh & Cooley, 5 bbls d apples, 1 hf bbl tallow; M W Sackett, 42 bxs f jars; W P Townsend, 9 casks rivets, 17 kegs do; Davis, Chambers & co, 20 sks kegs; Slack & S, 1 car shingles; S M Hebron, 15 bbls lub oil; England & B, 1 bx h ware; J A Graff, 13 bxs sausage; McKee & Bro, 5 bbl glass; H Menold 25 doors; C O Rotte, 1 hhd d pins; McCandless & Son, 10 bbls l oil; Park & co, 1 cask zinc; P Duff & Son, 2 boxes; Lyon, Shorb & co, 1 box sheet iron; Shoemaker & co, 17 tcs hams, 9 casks hams, 9 casks shoulders; M Herzog & Bro, 1 box mdse; Gust Monk, 2 bbls wine; Eugene Zwinger, 1 do do; Theo Miller, 3 kgs do; Graff, B & co, 2 cars limestone; Wm B Hays & Son, 1 box; W W Rankin & Bro, 20 dozen brooms; Godfrey & C, 5 sks rags; Penna Salt co, 1 s carboy; Head, C & co, 1 cask bacon, 1 bbl do; W H Buffum, 21 bdls bottles; J C Buffum & co, 2 do do; C Freil, 2 do do; Joshua Rhodes, 150 e bbls; Seghemyer & co, 100 bbls flour; H J Meek, 155 bags barley, 48 do oats; House, H & co, 21 bdls rags; Geo Ellis, 1 bdl felts; MacKeonan, O & co, 5 bbls Oil; Young & Murphy, lot wood pumps.

ALLEGHENY STATION.—Casper Kaolhas, lot stone ware; Gilmore & co, 1 car wheat; Jno Alston & Son, 1 do lumber; A J Willis, 1 do do; J Brugh, 1 do h h goods; H Lentz, 2 bbls eggs; Hechleman & co, 38 empty kgs; Young & Booth, lot do ale bbls; J Oesch, 3 bbls cheese, 6 casks do; A Wertz, 12 g hides, 2 bbls tallow, 1 bdl pelts; Beymer, Bauman & co, 6 e s kgs, 5 sks do; Fah, H & S, 12 do do; Hahn & Bro, 20 do flour; McFerron & Bro, 20 do do; Jno Straub & co, 2 bbls liquid; F W Gerdes, 15 bbls sizing; J Adair, 1 car stone; N Lery, 10 bxs f jars; Barborn & S, 60 bxs axes; Superior Iron Co, 5 cars limestone; Isabella Furnace Co, 3 cars do; J K Shirm, 2 cars lime; F Altvater, 2 cars do; J M Hemphill, 1 car staves; S M Cummings, 2 cars wheels; O F Laum & co, 75 bdls rims; C West & co, 1 buggy; A G Neff, 1 car lime; D Scull, jr & Bro, 6 sks wool; Economy Oil Co, 8 bbls flour, 1 bbl c meal, 1 barrel vinegar; J N Barr, 1 car e ware; Isabella Furnace Co, 1 car clay.

Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

Amos Lewis, 1 car lumber; Mellon Bros, 3 cars lumber; F Alden, 6 g stones; E H Meyers, 411 shoulders, 13 scs sand; W G Johnson, 1 bx paper; Reymer bros, 35 bxs starch; S P Shriver, 35 do do; S H Baird, 25 do do; J. S. Delworth, 35 do do; Haworth & co, 100 do do; Johnson & co, 23 do do; J. E. Barnes, 1 kg wine; R. W. Steadman, 5 crates c work; F. Kessler, 5½ bales 1 bar; J Graham, 261 scks oats; Reura E B & co, 1 car brick; J & W Fairley, 33 bbls flour; Arbuckle & co, 1 lot o meal; Hostetter & Smith, 7 cases paper; B Pflanin, 40 d hides; F F Barly, 1 csk wine; W F Casey, 5 kgs phials; W Boyd & son, 10 kgs nails; Lander & McC, 1 bx scales; S B Floyd, 3 bbls l oil; G E Palmer, 2 bbls do; C Bosher, 11 bxs cigars; McCandless Son & co, 1 bx do; Dilworth Bros, 2 cases do; Lewis, O & P, 11 bdls r iron; Pittsburgh Paper Manuf Co, 15 bdls paper; D Brauns, 1 cask cheese; Carter Bros, 1 chest tea; McNosh & B, 1 bx cigars; Fleming A & co, 1 bx h ware; Brown & co, 6 cast chills, 1 bx cigars; H Gautschu & bx do; J W Sicheal, 3 bxs do; Voight, M & co, 1 bx bacon; J O'Brien, 1 bbl eggs; H J McCracken, 13 bbls d apples; W Flaccus, 21 sks scrap; H Rea, 16 bbls apples; Voigt, M & co, 6 bbls do; Lippincott, 1 bx cir saws; Kim & Son, 4 bbls lanterns.

Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis Railway.

Jas McKay, 25 bbls whiskey; J Dickey & co, 17 bags feathers; Shipton & Wallace, 50 bbls h wines; J B Hays & Son, 10 tcs hams; Jas H Parker, 10 do; Watt, Lang & co, 25 do; Voight & McGraw, 5 bbls whiskey; H L Jones & co, 20 hlf bxs tobacco; Reese Owens, 30 tcs hams; J P Hanna & co, 50 do; C Hoeveler & co, 110 bags glue; W Barker Jr, & co, 43 bags wool; Daniel Wallace, 100 bbls flour; Casey & co, 25 bbls whiskey; Kiser & Clark, 5 do; O H Allerton, 1 car hay; Wm Provost & Son, 1 car wheat; Davis & Chambers, 750 pigs lead; Head & Carson, 61 bbls eggs; J Hammett & Son, 29 bdls g hides; C A Lauer, 4 bbls whiskey.

Allegheny Valley Railroad.

Isabella Furnace, 3 cars limestone; E J Biggs, 1 do old iron; J Painter & Son, 1 do brick; Chat Lake Ice co, 1 do ice; Harrison & Bro, 1 do lumber and lath; Shoenberger, & co, 8 do limestone, 1 do clay; Carnagie & K, 3 do limestone; Jas Mitchell, lot potatoes; Jno Seibert, do do; Diamond Ink co, 1 car lumber; Erskine & co, 2 do clay; Aiken & co, lot slate; L P Henderson, 1 car lime; J Shoenberger, 7 sheep, 5 beef hides, 5 calf skins; Jno B Creeson, lot h h goods; Schomaker & co, 1 tub mdse, 10 bbls flour; Watson & M, 1 boiler; Kiel & Ritchart, 9 bags bags; J Fullerton & Son, 1 bx cigars; G N Hoffstot, 3 rolls leather, 2 sks scraps; Spratt & Johnston, 1 mould board; J L Dilworth & co, 2 bxs mdse; S L Binkerton, lot hh goods; McNish & B, 1 bx h ware; P Conlin, 4 horses; G Domberger, 6 calves; H Ross, 2 do; Hare & Son, 1 pc casting; S M Logan, 6 sks oats; A W Moore, 12 do flour.

West Penn Railroad.

4 cars lumber, W Anshutz & co; 1 bdl hides, A Holstein & co, 2 bbls eggs, Haworth & D; 1 do do, W Sanders; 1 car sheet iron, Beyers & B; 3 bbls whisky, H R Heckesser; 41 bgs wheat, Gilmore & co; 81 sks oats, Charles & Peoples.

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Shoe and Leather Savings Bank,

14 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

CAPITAL..........$200,000.

GEO. H. ANDERSON..........President.
JOHN D. FRASER..........Cashier.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

SIX (6) PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on Time Deposits.
Money Loaned on Mortgages, Bills of Exchange, Notes and all good Securities.
Accounts of Banks and individuals solicited.
Board meets for Discount daily, at 11½ o'clock.

Odd Fellows' Savings Bank,

No. 63 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH.

Chartered by Legislature of Pennsylvania, March, 1872.

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PRIVILEGE..........$500,000.

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EDWARD DUFF, G. W. SCHMIDT,
WILLIAM NELSON, D. P. ESTEP,
JOHN SEIFERTH, G. W. RANKIN,
H. A. WEAVER.
President—HENRY LAMBERT.
Vice President—ANDREW MILLER.
Cashier—W. J. SCULLY.

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INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

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Have proved from the most ample experience an entire success: Simple, Prompt, Efficient and Reliable. They are the best Family Medicines in use—so simple that mistakes cannot be made in using them; so harmless as to be free from danger, and so efficient as to be always reliable. They have received the highest commendation from the thousands who have long used and know them, and will always render satisfaction to those who try them.

No.	Cures.	Price in Boxes. Cents
1.	" FEVERS, Congestion, Inflammation	25
2.	" WORMS, Worm Fever, Worm Colic	25
3.	" CRYING-Colic, or Teething of Infants	25
4.	" DIARRHŒA of Children or Adults	25
5.	" DYSENTERY, Gripings, Bilious Colic	25
6.	" CHOLERA-MORBUS, Vomiting	25
7.	" COUGHS, Colds, Bronchitis	25
8.	" NEURALGIA, Toothache, Faceache	25
9.	" HEADACHES, Sick-Headache, Vertigo	25
10.	" DYSPEPSIA, Bilious Stomach	25
11.	" SUPPRESSED or Irregular Periods	25
12.	" WHITES, too Prolific Periods	25
13.	" CROUP, Cough, Difficult Breathing	25
14.	" ERUPTIONS, Salt Rheum, Erysipelas	25
15.	" RHEUMATISM, Rheumatic Pains	25
16.	" FEVER AND AGUE, Chill Fever, Agues	50
17.	" PILES, Blind or Bleeding	50
18.	" OPTHALMY and Sore or Weak Eyes	50
19.	" CATARRH, acute or chronic, Influenza	50
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24.	" GENERAL DEBILITY, Physical Weakness	50
25.	" DROPSY and Scanty Secretions	50
26.	" SEA SICKNESS, Sickness from Riding	50
27.	" KIDNEY DISEASE, Gravel	50
28.	" NERVOUS DEBILITY, Involuntary Seminal Discharges	1 00
	FIVE BOXES, with one $2 vial of Powder, very necessary in serious cases	5 00
29.	" SORE MOUTH, Canker	50
30.	" URINARY WEAKNESS, Wetting Bed	50
31.	" PAINFUL PERIODS, Hysteria	50
32.	" SUFFERINGS at Change of Life	1 00
33.	" EPILEPSY, Spasm, St. Vitus Dance	1 00
34.	" DIPTHERIA, Ulcerated Sore Throat	50

Price in vials, large size..........50c and 1 00

FAMILY CASES, in Morocco, with

35 large 3 dram vials containing the above list, with book of directions complete..........$10 00
20 large 3 dram vials, containing the above list, with book of directions complete..........6 00
20 large 3 dram vials, in paper cases, with book..........5 00

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Cures Piles, Neuralgia, Toothache, Bleeding of the Lungs, Stomach, Nose, or other Organs, Burns, Bruises, Lameness, Rheumatism, Sprains, Sore Throat, Sore Eyes, Boils, Corns, Ulcers, Old Sores. The Best Family Medicine known. Price, 6-oz., 50c. Pints, $1 00. Quarts, $1 75.

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Lyle, Barchfeld & McCance,

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1872.

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ONE of the splendid Steamers of this Line will leave CLEVELAND DAILY (except Saturdays and Sundays), at 10 P. M., for DETROIT, SAULT STE. MARIE, MARQUETTE, PORTAGE LAKE, DULUTH, and intermediate ports on LAKE SUPERIOR.

DAYS OF STEAMERS SAILING:

KEEWEENAW	June	—18	July	3—18
PACIFIC	June	—19	July	4—19
JAPAN	June	—20	July	5—22
WINSLOW	June	—21	July	8—23
METEOR	June	—24	July	9—24
INDIA	June	—25	July	10—25
ATLANTIC	June	11—26	July	11—26
ST. PAUL	June	12—27	July	12—29
ST. LOUIS	June	13—28	July	15—30
CHINA	June	—14	July	1—16—31
ARCTIC	June	—17	July	2—17

Tickets will be issued by the Companies' Agents and at all principal Railroad Offices to Duluth and return by Lake, to Duluth by Lake, returning all Rail through St. Paul and Chicago, or by Rail to Duluth, returning by Lake.

Tickets, Rates of Freight and further information can be obtained on application to
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First Cabin..........$75 00 gold.
Steerage to Liverpool, Queenstown, Glasgow or Derry..........30 00
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Wrought Iron Bolster Plates,

2 3-4, 3, 3 1-4 and 3 1-2 inches Wide.

Wagon Box Strap Bolts,

5-8 inch at Screw End by 12, 14, 16, 18 and 20 inches Long.

Single and Double Tree Clips, Brake Ratchets, Hammer Straps, Rub Irons, and many other Novelties in Wagon Hardware, all made from Wrought Iron, Rolled and Punched by Machinery—at one-third the cost of the handmade.

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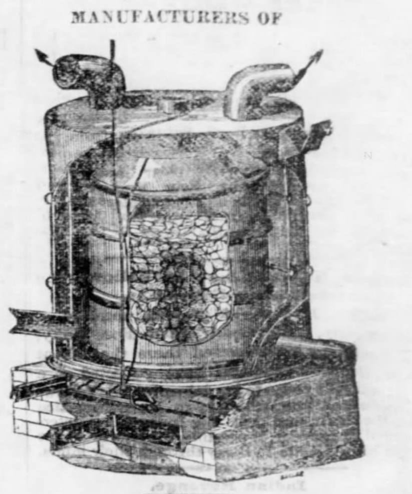

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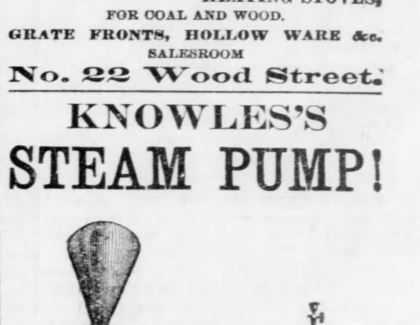

This Pump is offered as the MOST PERFECT

Independent Steam Pump

Ever Invented, and for

SIMPLICITY AND DURABILITY

DEFIES COMPETITION.

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Send for Special Circular, or call and see the Pumps, at

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WM. SMITH'S

NATIONAL

Pipe Foundry,

Twenty-third St., near Penn Ave.

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RETORTS.

We earnestly request all Gas and Water Works Superintendents to call on us.

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For Oil Wells, Saw Mills, Grist Mills, Planing and Rolling Mills. Have on hand and make to order all sizes TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED, CYLINDER and LOCOMOTIVE BOILERS, HOUSE FRONTS, COLUMNS, WINDOW HEADS and MACHINE CASTINGS of every description.
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FISH BARS AND BOLTS,

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Clarion Star Brick

FOR ROLLING MILLS, FOUNDRIES, STEEL WORKS, BLAST FURNACES, GLASS WORKS, COKE OVENS, &c. TILES, STOVE LINING AND FIRE BOX ARCHES, A SPECIALTY.

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Plain and Galvanized Wrought

Iron Pipe,

FOR GAS, STEAM AND WATER,
No. 140 FIRST AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Pipe of any Size, Length or Thickness furnished to order.

THE VERY LATEST.

THE WEATHER.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., July 13, 1872, 1 A. M.

PROBABILITIES.

Rising barometer, northerly winds, clear weather and probably a light fall in the temperature will prevail on Saturday from the Ohio Valley to the lakes; westerly to northerly winds and generally clear and clearing weather for the New England and Middle States. The conditions continue favorable for partly cloudy weather and areas of rain for the Southern States east of the Mississippi.

Indians Threatening the Yellowstone Surveying Expedition.

CHICAGO, July 12.—A dispatch received at Sioux City, Iowa, to-day from Fort Sully, Dakota, says it is reported there that about one thousand Indians have collected at a point on the route to be taken by the Yellowstone expedition, which is to leave Fort Rice on the 25th, and that the Indians are determined to prevent, if possible, the survey of the Northern Pacific Railway through their lands.

Indian Revenge.

CHICAGO, July 12.—A dispatch from St. Paul, Minn., says the sister of Allan Gordon, who was chiefly instrumental in the capture of the Indian murderers of the Cook family, was killed a day or two since by her husband, a full-blood Indian, out of revenge for the part taken by her brother in bringing the Cook family's murderers to punishment.

Singular Suicide.

WHEELING, W. VA., July 12.—A drayman of this city, named Geo. Meyers, thirty-five years old, committed suicide about noon to-day by hanging himself. He came home for dinner, and finding it not ready, remarked that it would be ready about three o'clock. He then went to his stable, fastened a rope to the ceiling, adjusted it around his neck and jumped off the manger. He leaves a wife and three children.

Iowa Crop Prospects.

CHICAGO, July 12.—Reports from Iowa state that the present promises to be the most abundant season known in that State for years. Grain of all kinds is rapidly ripening, and the crops of wheat, rye, oats and barley are said never to have been better.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

In the Federal Court at Nashville, yesterday, the *quo warranto* case against Chief Justice Nicholson, of the Supreme Court of Tennessee, for holding office in violation of the Fourteenth amendment, a *nolle prosequi* was entered at the suggestion of District Attorney Harrison.

Gov. Hadley, of Arkansas, left for Pope county, in that State, yesterday, to investigate the outrages there. Parties who left there yesterday morning report that the militia are still in arms, and have pressed arms, ammunition and horses from the people generally.

A dispatch from New York states that a man has been discovered in that city who is thought to be Captain Little, of Nashville, Tennessee, who mysteriously disappeared while *en route* to attend the Cincinnati Convention.

The steamer Vandalia from Hamburg, arrived at New York yesterday.

Twenty-five thousand Orangemen paraded at Toronto, Canada, yesterday. The procession was orderly and imposing. The demonstration at Kingston was also very large.

Frederick Lehman, a prominent and wealthy citizen of Chicago, while out riding on Thursday, was thrown from his buggy and received injuries from which he died last night.

Near Woodstock, McHenry county, Illinois, on Thursday, Benjamin Bedel and John Conners engaged in a quarrel, which ended in Bedel striking Conners over the head with a club, crushing his scull so that he died.

Advices from cotton fields both above and below Charleston confirm the intelligence of the general prevalence of the caterpillar.

Came Brothers' carriage factory at Portsmouth, N. H., was burned last evening, with all its contents. Spontaneous combustion was the supposed origin of the fire. Loss over $50,000; insurance about $35,000, in North British of London, Triumph of Cincinnati, and other companies.

The French Garde Republicaine Band leaves New York to-day for Chicago, *via* the Pennsylvania Central and Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroads.

A fire in Monroe, Michigan, last night, destroyed Schaffer's drug store and an adjoining building. Loss $20,000; insured for $13,000.

Horrors of Castor Oil.

With all our vaunted discoveries we have never been able to produce an agreeable article of castor oil, or a specific for sickness. Breathes there a man with soul so dead that he does not recollect the castor-oiling which his poor machine used to undergo at stated periods of his youth. To castor-oil a child of two to seven years of age requires three four strong women, a spoon, a magnum bottle of the fluid, a lump of sugar, a towel, a jumping-jack and a seraphic temper. The first motion is to endeavor to ring in the medicine on the unsuspecting baby thinly disguised in milk. This manoeuvre failing, you parley with the enemy and attempt to corrupt its infantile integrity with bribes of pa's gold watch, imperial revenues of small change, and Hesperides of small oranges. After having tempted it thrice to put the spoon of Tantalus to its lips, it refuses point blank to touch the nasty thing. Thereupon your surcharged indignation finds vent in corporeal chastisement of the rebellious infant. It howls. Peace being restored, you bring up reinforcements, and strategy and diplomacy having failed, determine to accept nothing but unconditional surrender and prepare to march at once upon the enemy's works. A grand combined attack is made. The left wing firmly holds the child's hands, the right wing pinches its nose so as to compel it to open its mouth into which the centre pours a deadly fire from the spoon. Meanwhile the reserve holds up a lump of sugar commisserately saying, "poor 'itti tootey pootsy, was it nassy medicy, eh?" and keeps the towel ready. The baby yells and chokes, the young mother, afraid of killing it, lets go of its nose, the infant catching breath, discharges the whole dose upon her, and ruins all the front breadths of her black silk, and follows up its advantage by so heart-broken a yell that the attacking party surrenders at discretion, and calls it "poor injured, mamsie's own tootsens, and it won't take any more nassy castor oil, if it don't want to." A treaty of peace is then ratified, whereby the infant is ceded immunity from castor oil, and an ample indemnity in lollipops, and then the young mother enters into a war with the infant's grandmother, who vigorously reprehends the weakness exhibited in dealing with children nowadays. People have tried all sorts of expedients. Taken it in milk, in soda water, from a hot spoon, every way. But no later Franklin has ever been able to overcome and annihilate the nastiness of taking castor oil. It has a sluggish, cold, aperient look about it, like an ill-omened pool in a deadly swamp. It uncoils itself into the fatal spoon like a boiling rattle-snake. It tastes like molton grave-yards, and one's gorge rises at it as if it were one of Mrs. Woodhull's lectures. But the feeling when it has been achieved, is that one's inside is full of earth-worms and cork-screws.

A Bullet in a Man's Head Eleven Years.

At the first battle of Manassas, a Virginian named Crocket Grayson, was shot in the head, the bullet entering the temple, passing through the inner ear and lodging in the bone back of the ear, where it remained until recently, when a physician extracted it. Upon boring into the bone with a trefine, the ball was found so firmly imbedded that it had to be clipped out with a chisel. The lead removed weighed half an ounce. Mr. Grayson went through the operation without taking chloroform, exhibiting great coolness and fortitude. Once during the operation, he call a halt, and after ejecting a mouthful of tobacco juice, coolly laid his head on the table and informed the doctor that he could now "go ahead." He was doing well at last accounts.

THE number of Americans visiting Europe this year, as shown by the register of the Passport Bureau at the State Department, is greater than during either of the four or five previous seasons. Usually, the tide of travel sets Europeanward about the first of May, and continues until the first or middle of August, when it rests, and soon turns homeward, the American-bound steamers bringing full passenger lists during September and October. This year, there has been no exception to the rule, except that the number of tourists has been much greater since May than during any year since 1867, when the Paris Exposition was held. One great cause of the increase of foreign travel is the re-establishment of peace in Europe, and another the reduction in fare.

THE London *Mining World* thinks that "before the lapse of another generation the United States will be the great iron and steel producing country of the world." It observes that "there are causes in operation which will prevent any rapid expansion of the iron industry, of this country, while in the other the great resources of that industry are comparatively untouched. Among these causes may be mentioned the limited supply of good ores in Great Britain, the necessity which arises each year of sinking deeper for the fuel to smelt them, and consequently the increased expense of raising it.

THE mineral wealth of Southwest Missouri along the line of the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad is of a remarkable character, and new developments as to its extent and variety are occurring constantly. Hematite iron ore is so largely deposited as to warrant the building of not less than ten smelting furnaces, which could be supplied with charcoal for forty years from surrounding timber.

CITY MATTERS.

Letters Held for Postage, July 13th, 1872.

	Cents.
Bisco & Corning, Troy, N. Y.	3
Bryan, Frank, Prinel George, Md.	3
Eachus, G. W., West Liberty, Ohio	3
Jones, Mrs. E. Y., Kelleyville, Pa.	3
Lamb, Geo., South Sterling, Pa.	3
Rolfe, E. W., Wilmarth, Pa.	3
Wolff, Miss H., Nervi Philada., Ohio	3

JOHN H. STEWART, P. M.

Overcome by the Heat.

A man named Thomas Gillespie was picked up in an insensible condition last night in Soho. He was conveyed to the central station house and Dr. McCann, city physician, summoned. It appears that the man had been attending a friend at No. 14 Strawberry alley who was sunstruck on Thursday. He left the bedside of his friend, who at the time was said to be dying, and was not seen again until picked up as stated in Soho. The physician was of opinion that Gillespie was suffering from the effects of heat and whisky. He was made as comfortable as possible for the night. He is said to be a chimney sweep by occupation, and appears to be a man of about forty-five years of age.

NEW APPORTIONMENT.

A Lively Meeting Last Night—Considerable Talk but Little Action—Councilmen Looking Out for Their Interests, &c.

Last night there was a meeting—if it can be called by that name—in the Select Council Chamber, of the committee appointed to re-district the consolidated city, and hear the returns of the ward and borough assessors read, in order to arrive at a just apportionment of councilmen.

There was almost a full representation of the election districts of this city and the South Side.

An organization (or disorganization) was effected by calling Mr. D. L. Fleming to the chair, and the election of Mr. Robert B. Brown, of East Birmingham, as Vice President. City Clerk Morrow officiated as Secretary.

The roll of members of the committee was then called, and all answered save the Fifth and Eighteenth wards and a couple of the South Side boroughs.

The Chairman then read the resolution under which the committee had been appointed.

On motion of Mr. Morrow, the City Clerk read the act of consolidation and also an "opinion" as to the best method of reconciling certain incongruities in the act, but in fact giving no opinion at all as to the course which the committee should pursue.

While plodding in darkness some one moved that the assessor's returns of the taxables in the several wards be opened and read.

It then transpired that all the returns had not been made, and of course no apportionment could be arrived at.

Then motions, resolutions and speeches overwhelmed the chairman, who was unable to stem the oratorical efforts or keep count of the several propositions presented to the meeting.

Mr. McConway eventually got the following read in the meeting: Resolved, That a sub committee of five be appointed to draw up an ordinance embodying a list of the taxables of the several election districts, and also fixing the apportionment of councilmen, the same to be presented to the committee at a meeting to be held on or before the 19th of July.

Mr. Smith moved that the committee consist of seven members.

Mr. Ramsay did not believe in any committee drawing the lines of his ward.

Neither did Mr. Morrow.

Nor Mr. Jones.

And many others.

Mr. Aiken offered as an amendment the following:

Resolved, That we deem it inexpedient to make any material changes in the lines now dividing the old city into wards.

Mr. Campbell thought there should be a change in some of the wards, especially in those having two school houses.

Mr. Ahl moved to strike out the word "material" from Mr. Aiken's amendment.

Several motions were made to lay "the whole business" on the table; to "go on and read the returns received;" calls for the "previous question" were made, and when everyone, save the delegates from the South Side, had succeeded in making as much noise as possible, some one asked "what was before the house?"

The chairman read the original resolution and the amendments and declared them all before the house.

The question was called for on the "material" amendment.

Mr. Arthurs asked if the amendment was lost if it would carry the entire matter with it as ruled in Councils.

Several volunteer chairman said "certainly."

Then the chairman said he would so rule.

Mr. Chalmers maintained that the committee did not meet under the rules of Council.

Mr. Evan Jones said that entirely too many motions, resolutions and amendments had been presented to the meeting. He had no idea of exactly what was before the house. He had heard read the act of Assembly, and he had also heard read the opinion of the City Solicitor, which he considered no opinion at all. It only pointed out where the original consolidation act, and the supplement thereto, clashed, without telling the committee what to do. He was opposed to the meeting taking any definite action on the apportionment, and suggested that the whole matter be talked over quietly and everything done for the best.

Then the "previous question" was called for again.

Mr. Ahl withdrew his "material" amendment.

Again some one moved to lay all the resolutions and amendments on the table.

A rising vote was taken on the question; fourteen voted for the question and thirteen against it.

The chairman ruled the motion lost.

All of which ruling caused another half dozen of speeches to be made. As they were all made at once, we will be excused from reporting them.

Then the vote on the question first decided was taken with the same result. This time the President discovered that the Vice President had not voted. Mr. Brown then recorded his vote with the minority which made the vote a tie, and again the chairman decided the motion to lay on the table lost.

Mr. McConway made a speech.

Mr. Morrow made a speech.

Two or three members made speeches in concert.

Then the meeting came to a dead lock, and five minutes was spent in lobbying.

The time was industriously employed.

Order being restored, the original resolution was called up again, and the Chairman read it for the thirteenth time. The amendments came in for about eleven rounds each.

Mr. Scully then ran all the previous amendments, save the "material" amendment, into one resolution, and offered it as a substitute.

Mr. R. G. Herron took his umbrella and went home.

Mr. R. H. Smith read the act of assembly where it provided for the return of the taxables before July 1st, 1868 and by the same time every fourth year thereafter.

Mr. Hunter desired to know if the January assessments were to be made the basis of apportionment.

Mr. Smith said no, that the consolidation act provided that the returns of the taxables should be made previous to July 1st 1868 and every fourth year thereafter.

This opened the eyes of many present. The Sixteenth ward assessor had taken advantage of the Consolidation act and for all the committee knew might have been assessing the residents of his ward up until the Fire Alarm bell ushered in July 1st. This being the case there was no telling how many Councilmen the ward might have. Other assessors had simply returned duplicates of their January assessments. Of course that would not show as great population as if the assessment had been made in June last, which the law allowed. A number of the committee desired to withdraw the returns of their wards and have another assessment made. This could not be done, however, as the assessment must be made before July 1st. It would be awkward to do it when the month was half gone. Still the members knew their business for 1776 ("every fourth year after"); and then they will see that they have their list of taxables made out a little later.

Mr. Ahl, during a cessation of hostilities on the tax question offered an amendment providing that a member of the Central Board of Education be added to the committee of seven.

The question was then taken on the original resolution and the amendment last offered.

Everything before the house was then adopted.

Mr. Morrow moved that when the meeting adjourns, it adjourns to meet at the call of the Chairman of the sub-committee.

On motion adjourned.

Mr. Chalmers then assisted the President in making out the committee of seven. The following was the result: McConway, Doyle, Chalmers, Evan Jones, R. B. Brown, McDonald and P. Zern.

Then the "rural members" crowded about the President's desk to look over the Committee before it was announced. Mr. Evan Jones did not desire to be on the Committee, and withdrew in order to give Mr. Atkinson, of the South Side, a place. Mr. Chalmers withdrew and Mr. R. H. Negley was substituted. The Committee being completed the Clerk read the list and another adjournment took place.

The Committee then held a little meeting and elected Dr. Ahl as the representative of the Board of Education.

And the Council Chamber was deserted.

RIVER REPORT.

War Department, Signal Service, U. S. A., Division of Telegrams and Reports for the Benefit of Commerce.

July 12, 1872, 3 P. M.

Stations.	Depth.	*Rise. Feet.	*Rise. Inch.	*Fall. Feet.	*Fall. Inch.
St. Paul	....	0	0	0	0
Fort Benton	....	0	0	0	0
Omaha	15.3	0	7	0	0
Davenport	4.2	0	0	0	0
Leavenworth	....	0	0	0	0
Keokuk	4.6	0	0	0	0
Cairo, Ills	16.0	0	0	0	8
St. Louis, Mo	15.9	0	3	0	0
Pittsburgh, Pa	2.0	0	0	0	0
Cincinnati, Ohio	8.3	1	1	0	0
Louisville, Ky	4.5	0	4	0	0
Memphis, Tenn	11.4	0	0	0	4
Vicksburg, Miss	19.0	0	0	0	2
Shreveport, La	....	0	0	0	0
Nashville, Tenn	....	0	0	0	0
New Orleans, La	....	0	0	0	0

NOTE: Nashville—Above low water.
New Orleans—Below high water mark.
*Rise and fall in last twenty-four hours.

ADDITIONAL RIVER DISPATCHES.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, July 12.—River eight feet six inches and rising. Arrived—J. E. Rankin, Evansville; Andes, Wheeling. Departed—Ruby, Kentucky river; Andes, Wheeling. Clear and hot.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, July 12.—River falling, with scant four feet of water in the canal, and two feet in the chute. Clear and hot, the mercury ranging from 85 to 92. No business. The Vice President, the transfer boat of the Burlington, Missouri River & Nebraska Railroad, is at the city wharf awaiting inspection.

Evansville.

EVANSVILLE, July 12.—Clear and very hot; mercury 90. The river has fallen eight inches. Down—Robert Mitchell, Evansville, Mary Ament and Charmer. Up—Eddyville, Nashville, Arkansas Belle and Fayette. Business light.

Cairo.

CAIRO, July 12.—Arrived—Colorado, St. Louis; Alps, Memphis; Quickstep, Evansville; Robert Mitchell, Cincinnati. Departed—Louisville and A. J. Baker, Louisville; Alps, St. Louis; Colorado, Vicksburg. The river has fallen seven inches. Cloudy; thermometer 88.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, July 12.—Arrived—Andy Johnson, Keokuk; S. H. Long, Mound City; City of Vicksburg, Vicksburg; Mary E. Poe, Red river; Belle Lacrosse, St. Paul; Dictator and Joe Fleming, Cairo; Jas. Howard, New Orleans. Departed—Andy Johnson, Keokuk; Belle Memphis, Memphis; Probasco, Cincinnati; Friendship, Memphis; Mary Alice, New Orleans; Raven and barges, Ohio river; Clinton, St. Paul. River falling slowly. Clear and hot.

Nashville.

NASHVILLE, July 12.—River falling, with two feet on Harpeth Shoals. Weather fair; raining this morning; cloudy to-night. Departed—Bartesville, Cairo.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, July 12.—Cloudy and warm. River declining. Arrived—Lawrence, Cincinnati; Legal Tender, White river. Departed—Belle St. Louis and Henry Ames, St. Louis; Mary Boyle, Little Rock.

Vicksburg.

VICKSBURG, July 12.—Up—Julia, Richmond and Mollie Moore. Down—H. S. Turner, and Ouachita Belle. Cloudy and warm. River falling.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, July 12.—Arrived—Mary Houston, Evansville. Departed—John T. Moore, St. Louis. Cloudy; thermometer 84 this evening.

COTTON MARKETS.

Savannah.

SAVANNAH, July 12.—Cotton quiet and holders firm; middling 23c.

Mobile.

MOBILE, July 12.—Cotton firm; middling 22c.

Galveston.

GALVESTON, July 12.—Cotton nominal; middling 20¾c.

Charleston.

CHARLESTON, July 12.—Cotton dull; middling 23¾c.

PROMPT JUSTICE.

Fifty Dollars Worth of Indignation.

While the procession of Orangemen was passing the corner of Penn avenue and Twelfth street, yesterday afternoon, an individual named John McLaughlin took offense at a portrait of King William, which was displayed on one of the banners, and attempted to tear it down. Officer Roger O'Mara and others of the police promptly arrested him and conveyed him to the central station house, where he was locked up for a hearing. At four o'clock he was brought before Mayor Blackmore. Officer O'Mara detailed how McLaughlin had acted, and further stated that but very little additional enthusiasm of McLaughlin's brand would have been sufficient to have inaugurated a first class riot. His Honor delivered one of his five minute lectures to the prisoner, informing him that as long as he occupied the Mayor's chair all manner of public displays would be protected. It was immaterial whether they were Republican or Democratic, Catholic or Protestant, Christian or Mahommedan—all should have equal rights, and all who interfere with those rights might expect to reap the severest penalty of the law. McLaughlin was fined fifty dollars and informed that if he caused any more trouble and was brought before the Mayor the penalty would be doubled. McLaughlin paid the fine and departed in peace. As he left the lock-up door, a stranger approached him and said: "I think a drop of your blood is worth ounces of gold. Come with me and I'll buy you a new hat." They left together.

ANOTHER Railroad Collision.

The express train on the Pittsburgh, Columbus and Cincinnati Railroad, which left this city at two o'clock yesterday morning, collided with a freight train near Bowerstown. One passenger had a leg broken, and three others were slightly injured. It appears that the freight train was behind time, and failed to take necessary precautions to protect itself. All the sufferers by the collision were in the forward passenger car. The railroad authorities promptly afforded all possible relief to the injured, all of whom, we are informed, will recover.

The following account of the same accident comes by telegraph from Columbus, Ohio:

Passenger train No. 6, going East from this city, on the Pan Handle route, while near Bowerstown, Friday morning, collided with a freight train coming West, and a bad smash-up was the result. The baggage car telescoped with the smoking car, and this caused the smoking car to retreat under the passenger coach, tumbling the train generally off the track. Eleven persons were so badly wounded as to require surgical attention, while others were slightly scratched only. The only one who had any bones broken was George Crosby, a Cincinnati grocer, his left leg and a rib being broken, and his face badly cut. The wounded were all well cared for. The cause of the accident was that the freight train was some minutes behind time at the Bowerstown switch.

The first account is furnished by the railroad authorities in this city, so it is difficult to say which is most correct.

Caned.

Chief Crow, of the Allegheny Fire Department, was made the recipient of a handsome gold headed cane last evening, which was presented to him by the members of the department. The affair took place at the Grant Engine House. A number of firemen from each company, the Committee on Fire Engines, and a host of friends of Mr. Crow were present. The presentation speech was made by James Hunter, of the Friendship Company, and Mr. William Brown, proprietor of the Alpine House, responded in behalf of the recipient. Addresses were also made by Robert McGunnigle, Samuel Hastings and others, all of whom stated that the present was worthily bestowed as no more efficient man for Chief Engineer could be secured than the person who now held the position. By his genial manners, and courteous disposition he had secured the confidence of every member of the department.

The cane was a very handsome one, and was purchased at the jewelry store of John Stevenson, Sons & Co. On the head was engraved the names of the different fire companies, and under these the names of the members belonging to each company. Also the inscription, "Presented to James E. Crow, Chief Engineer of the Fire Department, by the members, July 12th, '72."

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House.

This afternoon and evening our people will have an opportunity of witnessing "Dark Friday" for the last times.

Fifth Avenue Opera House.

Bryant's minstrels made their debut last evening to a greatly delighted audience. The troupe is first-class in every respect, and well worthy the patronage of the admirers of minstrelsey. Two performances will be given to-day—afternoon at two, and evening at eight o'clock.

Colored Republican Club.

Last evening a mass meeting of colored citizens was held in Asbury Chapel, Soho, for the purpose of forming a Republican club. Mr. G. S. Woodson was elected temporary chairman, and Mr. L. T. Davis Secretary.

The Chairman opened by a short address stating the object of the meeting. Several other addresses were made, when those present formed themselves into a club to be known as the Fourteenth Ward Grant Club. Mr. Force Ragan was elected President, Henry Wilson, Vice President, and L. T. Davis, Secretary.

Eleventh Ward Public Schools.

The following named teachers were elected for the ensuing year in the Eleventh ward public schools, at a meeting of the Directors last night:

Principal—Mr. E. M. Still.

Grammar Department—Miss M. E. Taggart and Lottie C. Martin.

Medium Department—Misses Irenia Rutledge, Sarah J. Payne, Lizzie A. Laughlin.

Primary Department—Misses Maggie Marshall, Ella Martin, Kate P. Hartman, Jennie Moffit, M. E. Irwin, Annie M. Moore and Lizzie E. Miller.

Substitute—Anna Mays.

A Prisoner From St. Louis.

Yesterday Chief of Police Irwin returned from St. Louis, bringing with him John Dunbar, charged with being concerned with others in the McGovern forgeries on the Union National Bank, some months ago. He admits being acquainted with McGovern and the others who were apprehended on the charges of forgery, but denies taking any part therein, or knowing anything of the transaction. He is a young man of prepossessing appearance, about twenty-one years of age, and formerly lived with his parents at Elizabeth. He was committed to jail for trial at court.

Thrown from a Horse.

About four o'clock yesterday afternoon, a carpenter named John Miller, while riding on horseback along Main, near Pine street, Allegheny, the animal shied to one side, when he was thrown off. He fell heavily to the ground, the back part of his head striking the boulders, by which he received a severe gash. Dr. Kirker, who was driving past, dressed his injuries, after which he was removed to his home on the corner of Monterey and Jefferson streets.

The New Police Hats.

Yesterday our police donned their new summer hats for the first time. They are extremely light, something of a military style, and rather becoming to the force. They were made by Mr. Anthony Liebler, No. 408 Penn street, and reflect considerable credit upon the gentleman's taste.

CITY MATTERS IN BRIEF.

Is SOHO bridge dangerous?

THE Orangemen and the opposition were quiet last evening.

THE new blouses for the police are being made by T. Tobias.

A SECOND ward Grant Club is to be organized on next Tuesday evening.

THE dog ordinance is to be enforced from July fifteenth (Monday) to September fifteenth.

THE consolidated city should buy the South Side water works.

THE "Battle of the Boyne" was the song sung last night.

THERE were three hundred and eight persons in the Orange procession yesterday.

DON'T use water from the fire-plugs for cleansing or any other purpose save fire, or you may get into trouble.

JUSTICE THOMPSON, of West Pittsburgh, committed John Finn to jail, yesterday, for ten days, on a charge of disorderly conduct.

JAMES GRAHAM, who was arrested by Detective Wilmot for escaping from the Work-house, was returned to that institution, yesterday, for thirty days.

CHARLES VINCENT and Thomas Gill who were arrested at an early hour yesterday morning for picking pockets at the Union Depot were sent to the Workhouse for ninety days each.

R. GAILEY, ESQ., took a vote on the train coming from Parker's Landing, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad last night, with the following result: Grant, 60; Greeley, 8; not voting 10.

THE meeting of the Apportionment Committee last night did not instil the South Side delegation with any extraordinarily high opinion of their respect for parliamentary rules.

A DAIRYMAN named Knorr left his milk wagon yesterday to get a glass of beer, and during his absence the till of the wagon was relieved of fourteen dollars. No clue.

A YOUNG man named George Allinder, employed at the South Pittsburgh Planing Mill had his hand lacerated yesterday by accidentally bringing it in contact with a circular saw. Dr. Roberts amputated one of the fingers.

LAST evening a lad named James McDonald was very seriously injured by being thrown from a spring wagon, the horse attached to the vehicle having ran away. He sustained a fracture of one arm, and was injured about the head.

THE rain storm made considerable havoc about the vicinity of Sarah and Twenty-first street, East Birmingham, yesterday morning. Coal, sand and rubbish of all kinds were washed down about the point referred to.

THE Postoffice Department have decided that the new postal cards shall be three inches wide and five and one-fourth in length, the stamp and lines to be engraved on them in a variety of colors. All of the colors now in use in postage stamps will be used.

LIEUT. ALVIN KING, of Company K, Sixty-second Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, who lost a leg at Gaines Hill, died Friday morning at his father's residence in Monongahela City, Washington County. His funeral will take place to-morrow afternoon.

THE REV. P. F. WOODBURN will deliver a sermon under the auspices of the Wylie avenue Church, on Sabbath evening in the Hall of the Eleventh ward public school house, Granville street near Wylie avenue at 7½ o'clock. A cordial welcome extended to all.

YESTERDAY Fred. Bowers was before Justice Suter, of Allentown, on a charge of fraud preferred by Henry Schroeder. It was alleged that Frederick obtained credit to the amount of $38 in purchasing a horse by fraudulent representations. He was committed for trial in default of $500 bail.

YESTERDAY morning, about one o'clock, a fire broke out in the wood work around one of the cupolas in the foundry of Mr. Carlin, on Sandusky street, Allegheny, but was extinguished with a few buckets of water. The Columbia Hook and Ladder Truck was on hand, but did not go into service. No alarm was sounded.

YESTERDAY morning George Beltzhoover, while engaged in loading his wagon with lumber at Kim's sawmill, in South Pittsburgh, slipped and fell across a log, and fractured a small bone below the shoulder blade. Dr. Brewster attended the injured man, after which he was conveyed to his home, on Mt. Washington. He was in the employ of the Pittsburgh and Castle Shannon Railroad.

A MAN named James Taylor visited Mayor Callow yesterday and stated that unfortunately he was at Fass' saloon, on Federal street, Allegheny, and while there a man named Cornelius, and another whose name he did not know assaulted him. Cornelius struck him in the mouth with his fist, and the unknown man hit him a heavy blow on the head with a loaded cane and inflicted a very painful wound. The complainant prefered charges of aggravated assault and battery against his assailants, and warrants for their arrest were issued.

DURING the storm on Thursday evening the residence of Mr. James E. Hartzell, at No. 40 Samson street, Allegheny, was struck by lightning, but fortunately but little damage was done. The bolt struck the chimney, and passed down the inside of the flue into the ground. Bricks were scattered in every direction, and a portion of the fire wall was demolished. The cellar kitchen was filled with broken brick and soot, and the chimney was thoroughly cleaned. Mrs. Hartzell was in the house at the time, but, with the exception of a slight shock, escaped injury.

LAST evening about half-past seven o'clock, a difficulty occurred at the Emmet House, in the Fifth ward, Allegheny, between James Campbell and Charles Fleming. The parties decided to leave the saloon and settle the difficulty on Manhattan street, near by. A pitched fight here ensued, in the progress of which Robert McKenna attempted to separate them, but was struck several times by Fleming, who also struck his child. The fight terminated abruptly on the arrival of the police, and the participants fled. Campbell was severely handled during the affray, and had his face and head horribly used up, and presented a shocking appearance, the blood streaming from a number of wounds. Fleming was only slightly injured. After the affray Mr. McKenna made an information before Mayor Callow against Fleming for assault and battery, and a warrant was issued for his arrest.

Fire in Birmingham.

About three o'clock Friday, a fire broke out in the pattern department of the iron works of Lewis, Oliver & Phillips, originating, it is supposed, from the foundry cupola. The flames were extinguished before very material damage was done, but not as promptly as they might have been but for the fact that the water supply was shut off. The watchman represents that had water been at hand he could easily have put out the fire and there would have been no necessity for an alarm. The loss is about $300; covered by insurance.

Summer Clothing Cheap.

What is the use of sweltering in that heavy winter suit, when it costs but a trifle to obtain a neat, well fitting, and stylish summer outfit at the Boston one price clothing house, No. 95 Smithfield street? You will be astonished to find, on visiting this establishment, at what extremely low prices Mr. Rossitter, the gentlemanly superintendent, is offering all goods. Who would believe that a linen coat could be purchased for ninety cents? Yet, we assure you that good linen coats are actually selling at that figure, at No. 95 Smithfield street. This is given as an instance of the many desirable bargains in the way of summer clothing now offered by Mr. Rossitter. Give him a call and you will find the goods superior, and prices that defy competition.

Homeopathic Vermifuge.

Sold at the drug stores. Price 25 cents.

It is one of the Beautiful Compensations of Life

That no one can sincerely try to help another, without at the same time helping himself. Just think of that, and go and buy some of your friends an Improved Elliptic Sewing Machine, at 19 Fifth avenue.

Choice Liquors and Cigars

At Getty & Co.'s, Nos. 184 and 186 First avenue.

St. Julien Claret

In cases at Getty & Co.'s, Nos. 184 and 186 First avenue.

Don't Do It.

To any of our readers who contemplate buying furniture we would say, don't invest until you have called at the extensive house of Messrs. D. W. Huntsman & Co., Nos. 41 and 43 West Ohio street, Allegheny city, examined the stock and noted the prices. Few persons except the patrons of this house have any adequate idea of the superior inducements held out by this firm. For this reason we advise all interested to visit this house at their earliest convenience. Mr. Huntsman and his attentive salesmen will take pleasure in showing you around.

100 Wood Street

Is the place to buy China and white stoneware of the best and latest styles. R. E. Breed & Co.

"GINGER ALE," a delightful summer drink, sold at Clark's.

KISSINGEN AND VICHY WATERS, on draught and in bottles, at Clark's drug store.

Country Residences for Sale.

Attention is directed to the advertisement of two desirable country residences for sale, by John A. Carothers, No. 108 Fourth avenue. They are situated at Braddock's Field, near the Pennsylvania Railroad, and afford a fine view of the Monongahela river. The property is fully described in the advertisement, and further particulars can be obtained by calling on Mr. Carothers.

The Finest Lot

Of pure old rye whisky in the city can be found at Getty & Co.'s, Nos. 184 and 186 First avenue.

BEDFORD WATER, on draught and by gallon, at Clark's.

Pure Liquors.

The great *desideratum* of all liquor dealers, pure liquors, can be obtained from Mr. Isaac Stern, No. 162 Federal street, Allegheny. In fact, Mr. Stern sells only the choicest brands of liquors which he is able to warrant pure. Dealers are invited to call and examine his stock and subject his liquors to the severest tests to disover impurities before buying.

Families Can Obtain

Choice liquors in flasks and demijohns at Getty & Co.'s, Nos. 184 and 186 First avenue.

Dear Reader,

Now that the Baltimore excitement is settled, it becomes us to look well to our business, and if you are the head of a family, see that you have all the useful as well as the ornamental things of life. And here let me name a few of them: Fans, to keep you cool, and brushes to keep you clean; matches, blacking, fruit can wax, carpet tacks, fly brushes, fishing tackle, mops, and a thousand other articles that can be had cheap at J. D. Thompson & Co.'s, wholesale and retail brush and notion store, 240 Liberty street. TTHS

Dr. Harris's Summer Cordial

Cures Diarrhœa and Dysentery.

The Columbia House at Cape May

Is filling up rapidly with a select family patronage. They make special rates with families—rates more satisfactory than any other first-class hotel at the Capes considering their location and conveniences. TTHS

CHLORALUM, the best *disinfectant* in use, sold by Clark, 103 Fifth avenue.

SARATOGA WATER, *Excelsior Spring*, on draught, at Clark's, 103 Fifth avenue.

Best and Only Family Medicine—Sandford's Liver Invigorator.

A purely vegetable cathartic tonic—for dyspepsia, constipation, debility, sick headache, billious attacks and all derangements of liver, stomach and bowels. Ask your druggist for it. Beware of imitations. s

Caution.

Every genuine box of DR. MCLANE'S LIVER PILLS bears the signature of Fleming Brothers, Pittsburgh, Pa., and their private U. S. stamp. Take no other. The market is full of imitations.

It is the popular verdict that people who have been accustomed to the use of Bitters or Cordials, are obliged eventually to resort to MCLANE'S LIVER PILLS for permanent relief. s*

Silver Plated Ware.

Ice pitcher sets, tea sets, castors, forks and spoons, at R. E. Breed & Co.'s, 100 Wood street.

DIED.

SWEARENGEN—At the residence of his brother-in-law, J. W. Lake, 164 Sheffield street, Allegheny, at 4 o'clock, Friday afternoon, July 12, 1872, SAMUEL H. SWEARENGEN.

Remains will be interred at Zanesville, Ohio.

BEESON—At 45 minutes past 11 o'clock A. M., on Friday, July 12th, 1872, MARIA, wife of Jacob Beeson, and daughter of Samuel McMaster, in the thirty-third year of her age.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her husband, Center avenue, Thirteenth ward, on SUNDAY, July 14th, at 2 o'clock P. M.

[Uniontown, Pa., papers please copy.]

KING—On Thursday evening, July 11, 1872, CHARLIE HOWARD, infant son of John McM. and Jane L. King.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his parents, corner of Center avenue and Neville street, THIS (Saturday) MORNING, at 10 o'clock. Carriages will leave Fairman & Samson's office, Seventh avenue, at 9 o'clock A. M.

RICHARDSON—On Friday, 12th inst., at 6 o'clock P. M., ANNIE POWELL, infant daughter of William P. and Agnes D. Richardson, aged nine months.

Funeral from residence, Ellsworth avenue, Shady Side, on SATURDAY AFTERNOON, at 4 o'clock.

CARRIAGES $3. HEARSE $5.

RODY PATTERSON, Jr., UNDERTAKER,
117 FOURTH AVENUE.
Coffins and Funeral Furnishing Goods of every description. Terms cash.

Oldest Ins. Co. in America
ASSETS, $6,337,489 83.
Ins. Co. of North America
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Losses adjusted and paid by
WILLIAM L. JONES, 84 Fourth ave.

LIVINGSTON & CO.,
Iron Founders, Manufacturers Light Grey Iron
CASTINGS.
(Light Cast Goods our Specialty.)
Loose Joint Butts, Shutter and Gate Hinges, Latches, Sash Pulleys, and other articles of Builders' Hardware always on hand. Office and Works near Outer Depot, Allegheny City. P. O. address, Lock Box 302, Pittsburgh, Pa.

BREECH LOADING SHOT GUNS,
AT $35 TO $300.
DOUBLE BARREL SHOT GUNS,
$8 TO $125.
Single Shot Guns, $3 to $82. Revolvers, $6 to $25. Pistols, 75 cents to $8. Caps, Powder, Shot, Wads, Flasks, Pouches, Gun Material. Guns and Pistols repaired. Call and see our stock, or send stamp for our Illustrated Price List. All orders by mail promptly attended to, and goods sent to any point by Express, C. O. D.
J. H. JOHNSTON,
179 Smithfield street.
Sign of the Big Gun.

RELIGIOUS.

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH, Fifth avenue, between Smithfield and Grant. I. W. McKEEVER, Pastor. Services 10½ A. M. Sabbath School at 2 P. M. Seats free and a welcome to all.

GROCERIES, &C.

General Notice to Grocers!

The Choicest, Largest Stock and Most Varied Assortment of
TEAS,
THE PUREST SPICES,
AND
FINEST BRANDS OF TOBACCOS,
At the LOWEST PRICES to be found in this city, will be on view on and after July 1st, at Warehouse, No. 112 SECOND AVENUE.
Samuel H. Baird.

W. W. BARKER,
DEALER IN
PICTURE FRAMES AND MOULDINGS,
No. 87 FIFTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Attention paid to Gilding and Re-gilding.

INHALATION.

Remarkable Cures.

I do not expect to secure the confidence of the people of this community nor obtain patronage without presenting *evidence* as well as argument in support of the merits of this system of treatment and my claims to superior skill in these maladies.

This evidence is incontestible! These testifiers are in most cases old and well known citizens—persons whose judgment and truthfulness are beyond question. They have attached their names to these statements because they know that there are thousands in this community suffering from these ailments, which *general practitioners* and all ordinary means have failed to relieve. Placing confidence in my skill and professional integrity, and stimulated by a desire to see others similarly afflicted relieved, they cast aside all considerations and sentiments of personal interest and feeling, and publicly declare facts which cannot fail to interest thousands. Respectfully,

JAMES A. HUNTER, M. D.,
69 Fifth avenue.

ASTHMA CURED.

A STATEMENT FROM G. W. PATTERSON, Esq.,

An Old and Well-Known Resident of Allegheny City, Formerly a Lumber Merchant.

PITTSBURGH, PA., July 2, 1872.

For fifteen years I have been afflicted with Asthma during the summer months, of the most severe character. I consulted Dr. Hunter for it some weeks since, when he took my case under his care.

His Inhaler relieved me *promptly* and *entirely*, and I am now *totally free from it.* I have much confidence in his skill and system of treatment, and advise all afflicted with Asthma to go to him.

G. W. PATTERSON,
Of Temperanceville.

POLYPUS CURED.

A STATEMENT FROM EDWIN ROGERS, Esq.,

Superintending Constructor of the New Fire Alarm Telegraph for Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, PA., June 29, 1872.

About eight years since I became afflicted with Chronic Catarrh, and six years subsequently my nostrils became closed up entirely by a large *Polypus* in each nostril, compelling me to breathe through the mouth both night and day.

I consulted many physicians who, in ignorance of my true condition, prescribed mixtures internally, which afforded me no relief.

About six weeks since I placed myself under Dr. J. A. Hunter's care. He has subdued the catarrhal symptoms and destroyed the growths which filled up my nostrils, enabling me to breathe through them freely.

I am satisfied Dr. Hunter is a thorough and skillful physician, and advise those afflicted with ailments of the Breathing Organs to go to him.

EDWIN ROGERS,
Agent for Gamwell & Co., Erectors of the New Fire Alarm Telegraph for Pittsburgh.

POLYPUS

Is a fleshy growth which frequently grows in the nostrils in Catarrh, and sometimes becomes so large as to fill them up entirely, as in this case.

PAINFUL CATARRH.

A STATEMENT FROM MR. THOMAS FORAN.

No. 155 Smithfield Street.

PITTSBURGH, PA., June 15, 1872.

After five years of suffering of the most painful character I have been relieved by Dr. Hunter, after all other physicians and means had failed to benefit me in the least, and I feel that a public statement of the fact is due not only him but also the thousands who are afflicted with Catarrh as I have been.

For five years I tried everything which promised relief—my family and many other physicians, and Catarrh nostrums almost without number. But they all failed. I suffered the most severe pain through the nose and head, and large pieces of bone had ulcerated loose and been discharged, and I felt that if I did not secure relief soon my features would not only become disfigured, but I should go crazy.

Mr. Orr, who has publicly testified to Dr. Hunter's success in his case, advised me to go to him.

I did so and was relieved of the pain in a very short time. The inflammation and swelling in my nose has disappeared and I am rapidly recovering.

The thorough way in which Dr. Hunter treated my case, and the promptness with which he relieved me, after all others had failed, gives me great confidence in his skill, and I would say to all afflicted as I have been, *go to him at once.*

THOMAS FORAN,
155 Smithfield street.

DEAFNESS CURED.

A CARD FROM HENRY FEURHAKE, Esq.,

Of the Firm of Armor, Feurhake & Co., Lithographers, Nos. 26 and 28 Sixth Street, Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, PA., May 15, 1872.

I consulted Dr. J. A. Hunter about three weeks since for Catarrh and Deafness of over ten years' standing.

I have rapidly improved since he took charge of my case. My hearing had almost entirely returned in one ear and is daily improving in the other.

Dr. Hunter has succeeded in my case after many leading physicians of this city had failed to afford me the least relief. I am satisfied he is a skillful physician, and deserves the confidence of invalids.

HENRY FEURHAKE,
Nos. 26 and 28 Sixth street,
Formerly St. Clair street.

CATARRH CURED.

A CARD FROM MR. SAMUEL ORR,

Of the Firm of Ewens & Orr, Plumbers and Gas Fitters, Fourth Avenue.

PITTSBURGH, PA., June 1, 1872.

Dr. James A. Hunter has treated me for about six weeks for Chronic Nasal Catarrh, which has afflicted me for years. His instrument and remedies are the only means I ever obtained which proved efficacious.

I have rapidly improved since I commenced their use, and confidently advise all persons similarly afflicted to go to him for relief.

SAMUEL ORR,
109 Fourth avenue.

NOTE—Dr. Hunter can be consulted at his office, No. 69 Fifth avenue, upon all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Heart, Nasal Cavities and Ears.

He devotes his attention exclusively to these affections.

AMUSEMENTS.

New Pittsburgh Opera House
ELLSLER & GOTTHOLD........Lessees and Managers.
THE LAST CHANCE TO SEE THE WONDERFUL SENSATION,
DARK FRIDAY.
SATURDAY AFTERNOON and EVENING, July 13, 1872, last appearance of
GRANT AND GREELEY.
HARRY MEREDITH as ASTOR RISK, JR.

Fifth Avenue Opera House.
THIS SATURDAY, July 13th, two performances,
Second and Positively Last Night of
BRYANT'S MINSTRELS.
BRILLIANT RECEPTION OF
Mack Andrews,
The Greatest Character Darkey Living.
Entire Change of Programme.
Production of the Beautiful Plantation Scene.
UNCLE EPH'S DREAM:
OR, THE OLD KENTUCKY HOME.
Remember the Last Night of the Bryant's.

FIFTH AVENUE OPERA HOUSE.
SPECIAL NOTICE.
GRAND MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2.

$1,000,000!
SECOND
GRAND GIFT CONCERT
IN AID OF THE
Public Library of Kentucky,
AT LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.
By authority in the act of the Legislature incorporating the PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY, the Trustees will give their
SECOND GRAND GIFT CONCERT
In the great Hall of the Public Library Building, in Louisville, Ky., on
Saturday, September 28, 1872.
100,000 TICKETS OF ADMISSION
Will be issued at $10 each: half tickets $5; quarter tickets $2 50; 11 whole tickets for $100; 28 for $250; 56 for $500; 113 for $1,000; 285 for $2,500; 575 for $5,000. No discount on less than $100 worth of tickets at a time. During the Concert the sum of
$500,000 IN CURRENCY
Will be given to the holders of tickets by distribution by lot of ONE THOUSAND GIFTS, as follows:
LIST OF GIFTS.

	Cash.
One Grand Gift, Cash	$100,000
One Grand Gift, Cash	50,000
1	25,000
1	20,000
1	15,000
1	10,000
1	9,000
1	8,000
1	7,000
1	6,000
1	5,000
1	4,000
1	3,000
4 Gifts of $2,000 each	8,000
15 Gifts of 1,000 each	15,000
20 Gifts of 900 each	18,000
21 Gifts of 800 each	16,800
25 Gifts of 700 each	17,500
35 Gifts of 600 each	21,000
45 Gifts of 500 each	22,500
50 Gifts of 400 each	20,000
60 Gifts of 300 each	18,000
100 Gifts of 200 each	20,000
612 Gifts of 100 each	61,200
Total, 1,000 Gifts, all Cash	$500,000

The Hon. THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, late Governor of Kentucky, has consented to represent the Trustees in the management of this second Grand Gift Concert, and he will personally see that the money from the sale of Tickets is deposited with the Treasurer, that the drawing is fairly conducted, and the Gifts justly awarded and promptly paid. The drawing will take place in public, in full view of the audience, and under the immediate supervision and direction of the officers and Trustees of the Public Library of Kentucky, and the following named eminent and disinterested citizens, who have consented to be present and see that all is fairly done:
Hon. M. R. HARDIN, Judge Court Appeals, Ky.
Hon. J. PROCTOR KNOTT, late M. C. Lebanon Dis.
Hon. H. W. BRUCE, Judge Ninth Judicial Dis., Ky.
Gen. ELIJH. MURRAY, U. S. Marshal, Dis. Ky.
Hon. T. B. COCHRAN, Chancellor Lou. Chan. Court.
Hon. E. D. STANDIFORD, Pres. Farmers' and Drovers' Bank.
Hon. JNO. BARBEE, Manager Royal Ins. Co., Liverpool.
Col. PHIL. LEE, Com. Att'y, Ninth Judicial Dis.
Dr. C. GRAHAM, founder Graham Cabinet.
Col. JILSON P. JOHNSON, Manager Galt House.
Dr. T. S. BELL, Prof. Medical University, Louisville.
Hon. J. G. BAXTER, Mayor Louisville.
Hon. T. L. BURNETT, City Attorney.
HENRY WOLFORD, Treasurer Louisville.
A. G. BRANNIN, Pres. Manufacturers' Bank.
PHILIP JUDGE, of the Louisville Hotel Co.
JAS. BRIDGEFORD, Pres. Second National Bank.
W. C. D. WHIPS, Prop'r Willard Hotel.
J. C. JOHNSTON, Pres. Traders' Bank.
H. VICTOR NEWCOMB, firm of Newcomb, Buchanan & Co.
HENRY DEPPEN, Pres. German Bank.
ANDREW GRAHAM, tobacco and cotton merchant.
Dr. NORVIN GREEN, Pres. L. & C. Short line R. R.
VOL. ROSE, Agent Adams Express Co.
Officers of the Library.
R. T. DURRETT, President.
W. N. HALDEMAN, Vice President.
JOHN S. CAIN, Secretary.
FARMERS AND DROVERS' BANK, Treasurer.
Address THOMAS E. BRAMLETTE,
Agent Public Library of Kentucky, Public Library Building, Louisville, Ky.
Circulars giving full particulars, sent on application.
ws'eow

AFFLICTED
Pause and consider whether it is better for your present trouble and future health to use the SAMARITAN'S GIFT, or be gorged with the quack's Balsam Copaiba, which drug is a sure tell-tale, having a horrid taste and still more disgusting smell. The grand and most important part of the Samaritan's Gift is its certainty of cure in the short time of from two to four days, besides being pleasant to take, having no smell or unpleasant taste and can be used without the knowledge of the most intimate acquaintance. The Gift is the only known remedy that can be depended on.
Male packages $2; female $3. Sent by mail to any address.
JOSEPH FLEMING,
84 Market street, Agent.

ROSADALIS PURIFIES THE BLOOD
THE GREAT SOUTHERN REMEDY
for the Cure of Scrofulous Taint, Rheumatism, White Swelling, Gout, Goitre, Consumption, Bronchitis, Nervous Debility and all diseases arising from an impure condition of the Blood.
The merits of this valuable preparation are so well known that a passing notice is but necessary to remind the readers of this journal of the necessity of always having a bottle of this medicine among their stock of family necessities.
Certificates can be presented from many leading Physicians, Ministers, and heads of families throughout the South, indorsing it in the highest terms. The Fluid Extract of Rosadalis.
DR. R. WILSON CARR, of Baltimore, says "he has used it in cases of Scrofula and other diseases with much satisfaction."
DR. T. C. PUGH, of Baltimore, recommends it to all persons suffering with diseased Blood, saying it is superior to any preparation he has ever used.
REV. DABNEY BALL, of the Baltimore M. E. Conference South, says he has been so much benefitted by its use that he cheerfully recommends it to all his friends and acquaintances.
CRAVEN & CO., Druggists, at Gordonsville, Va., say it never failed to give satisfaction.
SAML. G. McFADDEN, Murfreesboro, Tennessee, says it cured him of Rheumatism when all else failed.
Did our space admit, we could give you testimonials from every State in the South from persons known to every man, woman and child either personally or by reputation.
Rosadalis is sold by all Druggists.
CLEMENTS & CO., Baltimore,
Sole Proprietors.
JOHN F. HENRY,
No. 8 College Place, New York, Wholesale Agency.
ROSADALIS PURIFIES THE BLOOD
TThs*

MAY AND JUNE
STYLES
Straw, Felt and Gossamer
HATS.
Newest Styles,
Largest Stock,
Lowest Prices,
AT
R. H. PALMER'S
Hat House, Pittsburgh.

NEW POTATOES DAILY.
CABBAGE Daily.
RASPBERRIES Daily.
Other Fruits, Berries and Vegetables in season.
Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Refined Cider.
Dried Fruits, Seeds, Grain, &c.
HENRY REA, Jr.,
305 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

GET THE BEST.
Howe Standard and
Sampson Standard
SCALES.
Warehouse and Mill Trucks, Tucker's Patent Alarm Till, Grocers' Fixtures. Scales repaired.
SOUDER & McCLURG,
63 Wood street.

REDUCTION IN TEA AND COFFEE—
25 half chests Green and Black Tea; 60 bags Java Coffee; 30 bags Rio Coffee, bought in bond and now selling free of duty at a reduction on former prices of 15 to 25 cents on Teas, and 3 cents on Coffee of all grades. Our stock of Teas is all New Crop and comprises some of the finest chops in the market. Rio and Java Coffee, very choice, green and roasted, wholesale and retail, at the Family Grocery Store of
JOHN A. RENSHAW & CO.,
Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

FOR SALE.

REAL ESTATE
For Sale or Exchange
FOR CITY PROPERTY.
ONE NEW FRAME HOUSE, AT BRADDOCK'S, three minutes' walk from Pennsylvania Railroad Station, containing 10 Rooms, Marble Mantels in Parlor and Dining Room, front and back Portico, good Cellar under the entire House. Lot 225 feet front by 230 in depth, planted in bearing Fruit Trees.
ONE NEW FRAME HOUSE near the above Property, containing 7 Rooms, Marble Mantel in Parlor, front and back Portico, good dry Cellar. Lot 225 feet front by 210 in depth, planted in bearing Fruit Trees.
The above Property is very desirable for Country Residences, being on the high ground on the north side of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Beautiful view of the Monongahela river from both properties.
INQUIRE OF
John A. Carothers,
108 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

VALUABLE
Furnace Property
FOR SALE.
Owing to the near termination of a ten years' partnership, the undersigned offer at Private Sale their Furnace Property, situated in the town of Hopewell, Bedford county, Pennsylvania, containing one Charcoal Blast Furnace Stack, which is in successful operation and yielding from 40 to 45 tons metal per week, with Coal House, Stabling for 30 Horses; 1 large Storehouse, 11 Dwelling Houses, 1 Warehouse, &c., with Coal Ore and Timber Land, easy of access. This Property is in good working order and one of the most advantageously situated Furnace Properties in the State, being directly on the line of the Huntingdon and Broad Top Railroad. The Land on which the Furnace is situated reaches to and connects with the Kemble Coal and Iron Co., at Riddlesburg. On this tract of Land, which contains about 375 Acres, about 200 Acres of which is Coal Land, containing all the seams of Coal known to the Broad Top Coal Field.
One of the Iron Ore Tracts belonging to this Property connects with the Kemble Coal and Iron Co.'s celebrated Ore Bank, south of Tatesville. If not sold by the 1st of September, 1872, the Property will be for rent. In addition to the above there is a number of Valuable Iron Ore Leases belonging to the Property. Any additional information will be given by addressing the undersigned, who will take pleasure in showing the property.
LOWRY, EICHELBERGER & CO.,
Hopewell, Bedford county, Pa.

For Sale or Lease,
A Two-story Frame Building,
100x120, with good Engine and Full Line of Shafting and Good Foundry.
WOULD MAKE
A Splendid Machine Shop or Wood Working Factory.
Will Sell or Lease on very reasonable terms. Possession given immediately. Inquire or address
121 Liberty St., Pittsburgh.

LOTS.
Over Two Hundred Large and Beautiful Building Lots on LARIMER AVENUE, East Liberty,
But three minutes walk from Pennsylvania Railroad Station. Prices $200, $500, $600, $700, $800, $900, $1,000, as to location.
Above Lots are offered at $5, $10 or $15 per month, and those wishing to build can get their Lumber and Material on a long credit, and the payments on the Lot will be stopped until the House is paid for.
We invite all those of small means to come and examine our Lots and understand our easy mode of payment, which is but a rent. Plans can be had at our Lumber Office, East Liberty.
MELLON BROTHERS.

JOHN H. STEWART.........ROBT. H. PATTERSON
Robt. H. Patterson & Co.
LIVERY, SALE
AND
COMMISSION STABLES,
Cor. Seventh Avenue and Liberty St.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Auction Sale Saturday, 10 O'clock A. M.

MANUFACTURERS.

Pennsylvania Iron Works.
EVERSON, GRAFF & MACRUM,
Manufacturers of all Descriptions of
Sheet, Bar, Band and Small Iron.
Office and Works, Second Avenue,
Immediately above Upper Monongahela Bridge,
PITTSBURGH.
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO FINE SHEETS

M. B. COCHRAN,
143 LIBERTY STREET,
FOUR DOORS ABOVE HARE'S HOTEL,
DEALER IN
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
MACHINERY,
AND
Manufacturers' Supplies
Has constantly on hand a Complete Stock of TAPS and DIES, EMERY WHEELS, ENGINE GOVERNORS, PACKING, BELTING, &c.
WOODWORTH PLANERS A SPECIALTY
MWS

NATIONAL
Locomotive and Machine Works.
DAWSON & BAILY,
MANUFACTURERS OF
LOCOMOTIVES,
Machinists, Boiler Makers and Founders
OFFICE:
No. 94 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Works—At Connellsville, Fayette county, Pa.

WEST POINT BOILER WORKS,
No. 13 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
Have on hand and for sale LOCOMOTIVE and TUBULAR OIL BOILERS, and make to order STEAM BOILERS of all kinds. Also, SHEET IRON WORK of all descriptions.
WATSON & MUNROE.

VENTURE PATTERN WORKS,
S. L. VERA, Proprietor,
TWENTIETH STREET, NEAR PENN STREET
PATTERNS and MODELS of all descriptions, made promptly, at reasonable rates.

TIN CAN MANUFACTORY.

Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers of
Miller's Screw Can,
Patented March, 1868.
The Best and Cheapest Fruit Can ever invented. Requires no sealing wax.
This Can is also extensively used for Color, White Lead, &c. Send for Sample.
All other kinds of Tin Cans made. All orders filled on short notice.
D. MILLER & CO.,
109 and 111 Sandusky Street,
ALLEGHENY.

PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN.
Caps, Capes Torches and Flags.

Send for Illustrated Circular and Price Lists.
E. Edmundson & Sons,
MANUFACTURERS,
55 MARKET STREET,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

J. G. WEIR,
COACH AND WAGON BUILDER,
CORNER WASHINGTON AND POPLAR STREETS

Fairbank's Standard
SCALES,
Of all kinds. Be careful to buy only the genuine.
Scales Repaired promptly.
Also, Baggage Barrows, Warehouse Trucks, Improved Money Drawer, &c.
FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO.,
102 Second avenue, Pittsburgh.

TThs
$1,000 REWARD.
For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching or Ulcerated Piles that DE BING'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. It is prepared expressly to cure the Piles and nothing else, and has cured cases of over 20 years standing. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1 00. R. E. SELLERS & CO., Agents, 45 Wood street, Pittsburgh. TThs

MARBLE MANTELS, MARBLEIZED MARBLE MANTELS,
FURNITURE AND WASHSTAND TOPS, MONUMENTS, GRAVE STONES, TILE, &c.,
Made by Machinery, Sold Wholesale and Retail.
Sold at the Lowest Prices. For sale at the Pittsburgh Steam Marble Works, 319 and 321 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa., by
W. W. WALLACE.

ESTABLISHED 1844.
Pennsylvania White Lead Works.
FAHNESTOCK, HASLETT & SCHWARTZ.
Having sold out the Drug branch of our business, (firm Schwartz & Haslett), we now devote our entire attention to
WHITE LEAD, RED LEAD, LITHARGE,
COLORS DRY AND IN OIL,
LINSEED OIL, TURPENTINE,
PUTTY, VARNISHES, &c.,
137 FIRST AVENUE,
IMMEDIATELY IN THE REAR OF THE WAREHOUSE FORMERLY OCCUPIED BY US, CORNER WOOD STREET AND FIRST AVE.

PROPOSALS.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

OFFICE BOARD OF WATER COMMISSIONERS,
CITY HALL,
Pittsburgh, Pa., July 1, 1872.

SEALED PROPOSALS

Will be received at this office until 6 o'clock P. M.,

MONDAY, JULY 15, 1872,

FOR BUILDING

Two Distributing Reservoirs,

One on Brilliant Hill,

AND

One on Hiland Avenue,

Nineteenth Ward, City of Pittsburgh.

Plans of the same can be seen and Specifications and Forms of Proposals obtained on application at the office of the Chief Engineer.

The Commissioners reserve the right to reject any or all bids should they deem it for the best interests of the city.

D. W. C. CARROLL,
ROBERT WATSON,
HILL BURGWIN,
S. BRYMER,
P. H. LAUFMAN,
Board of Water Commissioners.

JOHN ROSS, Secretary.

NEW CASTLE, July 10, 1872.

SEALED PROPOSALS

Will be received at the Engineer's Office, in New Castle, Lawrence county, Pa., until noon on the 16TH DAY OF JULY, 1872, for the GRADING, MASONRY AND BRIDGING of the First Division of the New Castle and Franklin Railroad, from New Castle to the junction with the Shenango and Allegheny Railroad, distance about twenty-three miles, reserving the right to reject all bids not satisfactory.

Bids by Sections, also for the whole line will be received.

A. VANDIVORT,
Chief Engineer N. C. and F. R. R.

Ohio River Improvement.

DAMS AND DIKES.

SEALED PROPOSALS in duplicate will be received at this office until 4 o'clock P. M., on MONDAY, the 5th day of August, 1872, for furnishing and putting in place the necessary Material for the Construction or Repair of Dams and Dikes on the Ohio River as follows:

Miles from Pittsburgh	Place.	Materials Required: Cub. Yds. Stone.	Materials Required: Cords Brush.	Materials Required: No. Piles.	Work to be Completed.
2	Glasshouse Ripple	1,500			By Dec. 1, 1872.
3	Chartier's Creek	6,500			By Dec. 1, 1872.
90	Wheeling	2,500			By Dec. 1, 1872.
214	Buffington	15,000			By Dec. 1, 1873.
783	Evansville	5,000	5,000	550	By Dec. 1, 1873.
907	Head of Cumberland Island	21,000			By Dec. 1, 1873.

At least one-third of the work at Buffington, Evansville and Cumberland Island must be completed this season.

Specifications and Printed Forms for Proposals will be furnished on application.

U. S. Engineer Office, No. 4 Public Landing,
Cincinnati, Ohio, July 1, 1872.
WM. E. MERRILL,
Major Engineers and Bvt. Col.

Ohio River Improvement

REMOVAL OF THE BACON ROCK.

SEALED PROPOSALS in duplicate will be received at this office until 4 o'clock P. M., on MONDAY, the 5th day of August, 1872, for the Removal of the Bacon Rock below Cairo.

Specifications and Printed Forms for Proposals will be furnished on application.

U. S. Engineer Office, No. 4 Public Landing,
Cincinnati, Ohio, July 1, 1872.
WM. E. MERRILL,
Major Engineers and Bvt. Col.

PROPOSALS

For the Erection of a Banking House,

FOR THE MONONGAHELA NATIONAL BANK OF BROWNSVILLE, PA.,

Will be received up to the 1ST DAY OF AUGUST. Plan of Building and Specifications can be seen at the Store of J. R. Dutton, or by calling on Barr & Moser, of Pittsburgh. Printed Specifications will be furnished Bidders.

J. R. DUTTON,
N. B. BOWMAN,
JOHN JOHNSTON,
Committee.

Brownsville, July 1st, 1872.

PENNSYLVANIA COMPANY,

OPERATING THE

Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the Office of the Chief Engineer of this Company until JULY 15, 1872, for the GRADUATION AND MASONRY of the Second Track for one mile east of Crestline, Ohio, one mile east and one mile west of Alliance, Ohio, the Company reserving the right to reject any or all bids.

F. SLATAPER, Chief Engineer.

Pittsburgh, Pa., July 3, 1872.

ROOFING.

Woodside & Griffith,
ROOFERS AND DEALERS IN

SLATE.
Office, 370 Penn Street, opposite Ft. Wayne Freight Depot, PITTSBURGH, PA.
All Orders promptly attended to. Work done by Experienced Workmen.

AIKEN & CO.,
Dealers in Peach Hill, Vermont and Peach Bottom Roofing
SLATE
Also, SLATING NAILS AND FELT.
CORNER ELEVENTH AND LIBERTY STREETS,
Opposite the Grain Elevator, Pittsburgh, Pa.
SLATE ROOFS put on by experienced workmen

COREY & CO., COAL AND COKE DEALERS,
Are prepared to furnish a Superior Article of
PITTSBURGH COKE,
Either in Cars for Western Orders or to the City Trade, Wholesale or Retail.
Office—362 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh.

WM. HOLMES.........................JAMES IRWIN
JAMES IRWIN & CO.,
OIL OF VITRIOL, MURIATIC ACID,
ENGLISH CAUSTIC SODA and
AQUA AMMONIA.
Office, No. 15 Market Street, Pittsburgh

RAILWAY GUIDE.

RAND, M'NALLY & CO.'S
Railway Guide and Hand-Book,
Gives the latest Time Cards and Ticket Fares of all Roads. It also gives the Population, full description, Hotels, etc., of every Railroad and River Town in the United States and Canada. No other work furnishes such information. For sale by all Newsdealers. Price 40 cents.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—AFTER JUNE 2d, 1872, Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

EASTWARD. Through Trains Leave Union Depot.		WESTWARD. Through Trains Arrive at Union Depot.	
Pacific Express	1:30 a m	Mail Train	1:05 a m
Mail Train	7:35 a m	Fast Line	7:20 a m
Cincinnati Ex	12:50 p m	Cincinnati Ex	8:20 a m
Philada. Ex	5:10 p m	Southern Ex	9:10 a m
Fast Line	7:10 p m	Through Pas	1:55 p m
		Pacific Ex	2:05 p m
		Way Passenger	8:20 p m
LOCAL.		LOCAL.	
Home'd Ac. No. 1	6:10 a m	Walls No. 1	6:20 a m
Walls No. 1	6:50 a m	Home'd Ac. No. 1	7:20 a m
Walls No. 2	7:55 a m	Brinton Ac. No. 1	7:5[illegible] a m
Walls No. 3	10:20 a m	Walls No. 2	8:50 a m
Walls No. 4	11:51 a m	Walls No. 3	10:05 a m
Walls No. 5	3:20 p m	Johnstown Ac	1:20 p m
Johnstown Ac	4:05 p m	Walls No. 4	3:20 p m
Brin'n Ac No. 1	5:20 p m	Wall's No. 5	5:20 p m
Brad'ks Ac No. 1	5:40 p m	Wall's Ac. No. 6	6:05 p m
Wall's Ac. No. 6	6:05 p m	Brint'n Ac No. 2	6:50 p m
Erin'n Ac No. 2	9:20 p m	Brad'ks Ac. No. 1	7:20 p m
Wall's No. 7	11:05 p m	Brin'n Ac No. 3	11:10 p m

Cincinnati Express, Pacific Express and Brinton Accommodation No. 2 leave daily. All other Trains daily, except Sunday.

Pacific Express, leaving Pittsburgh at 1:30 a. m., arrives at Harrisburg 9:35 a. m.; Philadelphia 1:30 p. m.; Baltimore 1:15 p. m.; Washington 3:40 p. m.; New York 4:29 p. m.

Cincinnati Express, leaving Pittsburgh at 12:50 p. m., arrives at Harrisburg 10:15 p. m.; Philadelphia 2:40 a. m.; Baltimore 2:15 a. m.; Washington 5:50 a. m.; New York 6:19 a. m.

Philadelphia Express, leaving Pittsburgh at 5:10 p. m., arrives Harrisburg 2:10 a. m.; Philadelphia 6:50 a. m.; New York 10:19 a. m.

Fast Line, leaving Pittsburgh at 7:10 p. m., arrives Harrisburg 3:20 a. m.; Philadelphia 7:05 a. m.; Baltimore 7:00 a. m.; Washington 10:00 a. m.; New York 10:19 a. m.

The Church Trains leave Wall's Station every Sunday at 9:15 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 10:05 a. m. Returning leave Pittsburgh at 12:30 p. m., and arrive at Wall's Station at 2:05 p. m. Leave Pittsburgh 9:20 p. m.; arrive Brinton's 10:20 p. m.

CITY TICKET OFFICE—For the convenience of the citizens of Pittsburgh the Pennsylvania Railroad Company have opened a City Ticket Office at No. 78 Fifth avenue, corner Smithfield street, where Through Tickets, Commutation Tickets and Local Tickets to principal Stations, can be purchased at any hour of the day or evening, at the same rates as are charged at the Depot.

Baggage will be checked through to destination from Hotels and Residences by the Excelsior Baggage Express Co., on orders left at this office.

THOS. E. WATT, Agent,
78 Fifth avenue, or
WM. B. STOREY, Agent,
Union Depot.
A. J. CASSATT,
General Manager, Philadelphia.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—On and after JUNE 3d, 1872, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will arrive at and depart from the Federal street Depot, Allegheny City, as follows, (Allegheny Time):

Arrive.		Depart.	
Springdale No. 1	6:35 a m	Mail	6:50 a m
Freeport No. 1	8:35 a m	Freeport No. 1	9:25 a m
Express	10:30 a m	Claremont Ac	11:20 a m
Claremont Ac	1:18 p m	Springdale No. 1	2:15 p m
Freeport No. 2	3:55 p m	Express	3:20 p m
Mail	5:35 p m	Freeport No. 2	4:30 p m
Springdale No. 2	6:20 p m	Springdale No. 2	6:25 p m

The above trains run daily except Sunday.

The Church Train leaves Freeport every Sunday at 8:10 A. M., reaching Allegheny City at 9:50 A. M. Returning, leaves Allegheny City at 12:50 P. M., and arrives at Freeport at 2:50 P. M.

The 6:50 a. m. Train and 3:35 p. m. Train from Allegheny City make direct connection for Butler.

For further information apply to

JAMES LEFFERTS, Agent,
Federal Street Depot.

Local Tickets to all important Stations on the main line of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

A. J. CASSATT,
General Manager, Philadelphia.
ROBERT NEILSON,
Superintendent, Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, WASHINGTON AND BALTIMORE RAILWAY—CONNELLSVILLE ROUTE—On and after SUNDAY, JUNE 9th, 1872, Trains will arrive and depart from Depot, corner Grant and Water streets, Pittsburgh, City Time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Through Mail	6:00 a m	1st McKeesport Accommod'n	6:40 a m
Braddock's Ac	6:30 a m	Braddock's Ac	7:55 a m
Mixed Way	9:00 a m	West Newton Ac	8:50 a m
1st McKeesport Accommod'n	11:05 a m	Confluence Ac	10:50 a m
Glenwood Ac	12:15 p m	Pittsburgh Ex	11:40 a m
Confluence Ac	3:20 p m	Glenwood Ac	1:35 p m
West Newton Ac	4:30 p m	2d McKeesport Accommod'n	2:10 p m
Braddock's Ac	5:30 p m	Mixed Way	3:20 p m
2d McKeesport Accommod'n	6:20 p m	Through Mail	6:10 p m
Baltimore Ex	7:45 p m	Braddock's Ac	7:30 p m
3d McKeesport Accommod'n	11:00 p m	3d McKeesport Accommod'n	9:00 p m
Sunday Church Train*	1:00 p m	Sunday Church Train*	10:05 a m

*Sunday only.

Baltimore Express departs and Pittsburgh Express arrives daily.

Baltimore Express does not make connection at Cumberland on Sunday.

All other Trains daily except Sunday.

Through Mail and Confluence Accommodation, east and west, connect at Broad Ford and Connellsville with trains to Mt. Pleasant and Uniontown.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars through to Baltimore on night trains, without change of cars.

Shortest and quickest route to Baltimore, Washington, Richmond, Charleston, Savannah, and all Southern Cities, making close connections for Philadelphia, New York and Boston.

CENTRAL TICKET OFFICE—For the convenience of citizens of Pittsburgh, the Pittsburgh Washington and Baltimore Railway Company have opened a Central Ticket Office at No. 43 Fifth avenue, corner Wood street and Fifth avenue, in First National Bank Building, where Through Tickets, Commutation Tickets and Local Tickets to all points on the line of the P. W. and B. R. W. can be procured; and also Pullman Palace Sleeping Car Tickets can be procured at any hour of the day or evening at the same rates as are charged at the Depot.

Baggage will be checked through to destination from hotels and residences by

W. ARMTRONG,
Baggage Express, on orders left at this office.

For further information apply to

W. B. BROBST,
Passenger Agent, No. 43 Fifth avenue,
Or H. T. ROWLEY, Agent,
Depot, corner Grant and Water streets.
E. K. HYNDMAN,
General Superintendent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY—PAN-HANDLE ROUTE. After JUNE 2d, 1872, trains leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh time:

DEPARTS.		ARRIVES.	
Fast Line	1:58 a m	Southern Ex	1:13 a m
Columbus Mail	7:13 a m	McDonald Ac	6:5[illegible] a m
Washington Ac	8:53 a m	Washington Ac	9:33 a m
Pacific Express	9:43 a m	Steubenville Ac	10:08 a m
McDonald Ac	11:53 a m	Cincinnati Exp.	12:23 p m
Southern Ex	3:13 p m	McDonald Ac	2:[illegible] p m
Steubenville Ac	4:28 p m	Columbus Mail	5:[illegible] p m
McDonald Ac	6:13 p m	Fast Line	6:[illegible] p m
Sunday Ch train	12:58 p m	Sunday Ch train	10:03 a m

3:13 p. m. Southern Express will leave daily.

12:23 p. m. Cincinnati Express will arrive daily.

All other trains will run daily, except Sundays.

Trains on Chartiers Railroad will leave Mansfield on the arrival of Washington Accommodation leaving Pittsburgh at 8:53 a. m., and Steubenville Accommodation, leaving Pittsburgh at 4:28 p. m. Returning, will connect at Mansfield with Washington Accommodation due in Pittsburgh at 9:33 a. m., and Mail Train due in Pittsburgh at 5:38 p. m.

Sleeping Cars, without change, to Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis and St. Louis.

J. N. McCULLOUGH, Gen'l Manager.
F. R. MYERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY, AND CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

From JUNE 2d, 1872, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, City Time, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	1:58 a m	Pacific Ex	1:13 a m
Cle & Whg Mail	6:43 a m	Wheeling Ex	10:53 a m
Erie and Ygn Ex	7:13 a m	Chicago Ex	12:23 p m
Chicago Mail	7:23 a m	Ch&St. Louis Ex	1:13 p m
Pacific Exp	9:43 a m	Cleveland Ex	4:13 p m
Clev and WhgEx	2:23 p m	Erie and Ygn Ex	5:53 p m
Chicago Exp	2:43 p m	Chicago Mail	6:48 p m
Wellsville Ac	3:33 p m	Clevand Whg Ex	6:53 p m
Erie Express	4:43 p m	Erie Ex	11:18 p m
Depart from Allegheny.		Arrive in Allegheny.	
Beaver Falls Ac	8:38 a m	Leetsdale Ac	6:53 a m
Leetsdale Ac	10:23 a m	Beaver Falls Ac	8:08 a m
Leetsdale Ac	11:53 a m	Enon Ac	8:58 a m
New Castle Ac	1:33 p m	New Castle Ac	10:23 a m
Enon Ac	3:58 p m	Leetsdale Ac	12:43 p m
Leetsdale Ac	5:38 p m	Leetsdale Ac	2:38 p m
Beaver Falls Ac	6:23 p m	Beaver Falls Ac	4:28 p m
Leetsdale Ac	10:43 p m	Leetsdale Ac	7:3[illegible] p m
Fair Oaks, Sunday Church	12:43 p m	Fair Oaks, Sunday Church	9:58 a m

Chicago Express leaves daily.

Chicago Express arrives daily.

Fast Line leaves daily, Mondays excepted.

Pacific Express arrives daily, Mondays excepted.

All other trains will leave and arrive daily, Sundays excepted.

J. N. McCULLOUGH,
General Manager.
F. R. MYERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

NEW LINE TO BUFFALO THROUGH THE OIL REGIONS.

On and after MONDAY, June 3d, 1872, Three Through Trains daily, (except Sunday), will leave and arrive at Pittsburgh, city time, for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in the Oil Regions.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Day Express	7:40 a m	8:45 p m
Night Express	8:10 p m	6:30 p m
Mail	11:40 a m	5:50 p m
1st Hulton Accommodation	6:55 a m	7:45 a m
Brady's Bend Accommod'n	3:20 p m	10:20 a m
Freeport Accommodation	9:50 a m	2:00 p m
Soda Works Accommodation	6:00 p m	8:15 a m
2d Hulton Accommodation	4:50 p m	8:55 a m
3d Hulton Accommodation	10:50 p m	7:15 p m
Special Sunday Train to Parker	7:40 a m	8:45 p m

Church Train to and from Soda Works (Sundays) arrives at Pittsburgh 9:50 A. M., and leaves at 12:50 P. M.

A Special Sunday Train leaves Pittsburgh every Sunday at 7:40 A. M., arriving at Parker at 11:31 A. M. Returning leaves Parker at 5:00 P. M., and arrives at Pittsburgh at 8:45 P. M.

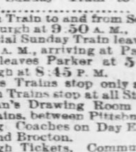
Express Trains stop only at principal points. Accommodation Trains stop at all Stations.

Pullman's Drawing Room Sleeping Cars on Night Express Trains, between Pittsburgh and Titusville.

Through Coaches on Day Express Trains between Pittsburgh and Brocton.

Through Tickets, Commutation Tickets and Local Tickets can be procured at the Ticket Offices, No. 78 Fifth avenue and in the Union Depot.

J. J. LAWRENCE, General Supt., Pittsburgh.
JAS. H. BRAY, Ticket Agent.

WHO KILLED THEM?

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VERMIN
EXTERMINATOR
IT HAS NO EQUAL FOR BANISHING
Rats, Mice or Roaches.
TRY IT! SOLD EVERYWHERE! TRY IT!
MANUFACTURED BY
C. ABEL & CO.,
Office: 116 SMITHFIELD ST., Pittsburgh.

THOMAS BIRNEY & CO,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
Hardware,
No. 70 WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

FOR SALE BY
HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.,
349 LIBERTY STREET,
A few hundred bushels prime Seed Buckwheat.
2 cars Chopped Corn and Oats;
3 cars prime Western Hay;
5 cars Ear Corn;
3 cars Shelled Corn.

WHEAT—
A FEW CARS
CHOICE WHEAT,
To arrive. For sale by
DANIEL WALLACE,
353 LIBERTY STREET